# Installation and service instructions

# VIESMANN

Vitodens 100-W

**Type B1HC, B1KC**, 4.7 to 35.0 kW Wall mounted gas condensing boiler Natural gas and LPG version Gas Council Number: 41-819-40, 41-819-41, 41-819-42, 41-819-43, 47-819-40, 47-819-41, 47-819-42

For applicability, see the last page

# VITODENS 100-W



#### Safety instructions

#### Safety instructions

Please follow these safety instructions closely to prevent accidents and material losses.

#### Safety instructions explained



#### Danger

This symbol warns against the risk of injury.

#### Please note

This symbol warns against the risk of material losses and environmental pollution.

#### Target group

These instructions are exclusively intended for qualified contractors.  Work on gas installations may only be carried out by a registered gas fitter.

Details identified by the word "Note" contain additional

- Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- The system must be commissioned by the system installer or a qualified person authorised by the installer.

#### Regulations to be observed

- National installation regulations
- Statutory regulations for the prevention of accidents
- Statutory regulations for environmental protection
- Codes of practice of the relevant trade associations
- All current safety regulations as defined by DIN, EN, DVGW, TRGI, TRF, VDE and all locally applicable standards
  - ONORM, EN, OVGW G K Guidelines, OVGW-TRF and OVE
  - GH SEV, SUVA, SVGW, SVTI, SWKI, VKF and EKAS guideline 1942: LPG, part 2

#### Safety instructions for working on the system

#### Working on the system

- Where gas is used as the fuel, close the main gas shut-off valve and safeguard it against unintentional reopening.
- Isolate the system from the power supply, e.g. by removing the separate fuse or by means of a mains isolator, and check that it is no longer live.
- Safeguard the system against reconnection.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment when carrying out any work.



#### Danger

Hot surfaces can cause burns.

- Before maintenance and service work, switch OFF the appliance and let it cool down.
- Never touch hot surfaces on the boiler, burner, flue system or pipework.

#### Please note

Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge. Prior to commencing work, touch earthed objects such as heating or water pipes to discharge static loads.

#### **Repair work**

Note

information.

#### Please note

Repairing components that fulfil a safety function can compromise the safe operation of the system.

Replace faulty components only with genuine Viessmann spare parts.

## Safety instructions (cont.)

#### Auxiliary components, spare and wearing parts

#### Please note

Spare and wearing parts that have not been tested together with the system can compromise its function. Installing non-authorised components and making non-approved modifications or conversions can compromise safety and may invalidate our warranty.

For replacements, use only original spare parts supplied or approved by Viessmann.

#### Safety instructions for operating the system

#### If you smell gas



#### Danger

Escaping gas can lead to explosions which may result in serious injury.

- Do not smoke. Prevent naked flames and sparks. Never switch lights or electrical appliances on or off.
- Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Open windows and doors.
- Evacuate any people from the danger zone.
- Notify your gas or electricity supply utility from outside the building.
- Have the power supply to the building shut off from a safe place (outside the building).

#### If you smell flue gas



#### Danger

Flue gas can lead to life threatening poisoning.

- Shut down the heating system.
- Ventilate the installation site.
- Close doors to living spaces to prevent flue gases from spreading.

#### What to do if water escapes from the appliance



## Danger

If water escapes from the appliance there is a risk of electrocution.

Switch OFF the heating system at the external isolator (e.g. fuse box, domestic distribution board).



#### Danger

If water escapes from the appliance there is a risk of scalding. Never touch hot heating water.

#### Condensate



#### Danger

Contact with condensate can be harmful to health.

Never let condensate touch your skin or eyes and do not swallow it.

#### Flue systems and combustion air

Ensure that flue systems are clear and cannot be sealed, for instance due to accumulation of condensate or other causes. Ensure an adequate supply of combustion air.

Inform system users that subsequent modifications to the building characteristics are not permissible (e.g. cable/pipework routing, cladding or partitions).



#### Danger

Leaking or blocked flue systems, or an inadequate supply of combustion air can cause life threatening poisoning from carbon monoxide in the flue gas.

Ensure the flue system is in good working order. Vents for supplying combustion air must be nonclosable.

#### **Extractors**

Operating appliances that extract air to the outside (extractor hoods, extractors, air conditioning units, etc.) can create negative pressure. If the boiler is operated at the same time, this can lead to reverse flow of the flue gas.



#### Danger

The simultaneous operation of the boiler and appliances that extract air to the outside can result in life threatening poisoning due to reverse flow of the flue gas.

Fit an interlock circuit or take suitable steps to ensure an adequate supply of combustion air.

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#### Information

# Disposal of packaging

Please dispose of packaging waste in line with statutory regulations.

- **DE:** Use the disposal system organised by Viessmann.
- **AT:** Use the ARA statutory disposal system (Altstoff Recycling Austria AG, licence number 5766).
- **CH:** Packaging waste is disposed of by the HVAC contractor.

# Symbols

Symbol	Meaning
<b>V</b>	Reference to other document containing further information
1	Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.
!	Warning of material losses and environ- mental pollution
4	Live electrical area
٩	Pay particular attention.
) <b>D</b>	<ul> <li>Component must audibly click into place. or</li> <li>Acoustic signal</li> </ul>
*	<ul> <li>Fit new component. or</li> <li>In conjunction with a tool: Clean the surface.</li> </ul>
	Dispose of component correctly.
X	Dispose of component at a suitable collec- tion point. Do <b>not</b> dispose of component in domestic waste.

The steps in connection with commissioning, inspection and maintenance are found in the "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance" section and identified as follows:

Symbol	Meaning
ô	Steps required during commissioning
¢°	Not required during commissioning
	Steps required during inspection
	Not required during inspection
<b>م</b>	Steps required during maintenance
Je .	Not required during maintenance

Information

#### Intended use

The appliance is intended solely for installation and operation in sealed unvented heating systems that comply with EN 12828, with due attention paid to the associated installation, service and operating instructions. It is only designed for heating up heating water that is of potable water quality.

Intended use presupposes that a fixed installation in conjunction with permissible, system-specific components has been carried out.

Commercial or industrial usage for a purpose other than heating the building or DHW shall be deemed inappropriate. Any usage beyond this must be approved by the manufacturer in each individual case.

Incorrect usage or operation of the appliance (e.g. the appliance being opened by the system user) is prohibited and will result in an exclusion of liability. Incorrect usage also occurs if the components in the heating system are modified from their intended use (e.g. if the flue gas and ventilation air paths are sealed).

#### **Product information**

#### Vitodens 100-W, type B1HC, B1KC

Preset for operation with natural gas The Vitodens 100-W may only be delivered to the countries specified on the type plate. For deliveries to other countries, approved contractors must arrange individual approval on their own initiative and in accordance with the law of the country in question. The type plate is located on the top of the boiler (see page 61).

#### **Product description**

The Vitodens 100-W is available as a gas condensing system boiler for the connection of one DHW cylinder and as a gas condensing combi boiler with an integral plate heat exchanger for DHW heating. For the connection of heating circuits and the DHW cylinder or the DHW line, see page 12 onwards.

In the delivered condition, the Vitodens 100-W is set up for operation with a constant boiler water temperature. By connecting an outside temperature sensor (accessories), the boiler can be operated in weathercompensated mode.

The following are integrated: one sealed unvented hydraulic system with 2 connections for heating flow and return, and 2 connections for cylinder heating (gas condensing system boiler) or DHW heating (gas condensing combi boiler). These boilers are only intended for installation in sealed unvented heating systems. Boilers for open vented heating systems are also available. If the Vitodens 100-W is installed in an S plan or Y plan system, the two internal connections are not used and must be capped off during installation.

The following components are integrated into the hydraulic system:

- Circulation pump
- 3-way diverter valve
- Safety valve
- Diaphragm expansion vessel
- Plate heat exchanger for DHW heating (gas condensing combi boiler)

#### DHW heating with DHW cylinder

If a Viessmann Vitocell is connected, a cylinder temperature sensor will issue the heat demand (accessories). The cylinder temperature sensor is connected to the boiler control unit. A 230 V cylinder temperature controller is not required. If a different DHW cylinder is connected, the cylinder temperature sensor (accessories) may also be used on this cylinder. Alternatively, a 230 V cylinder temperature controller should be connected via the cylinder demand junction box (part of the boiler standard delivery).

# Product description (cont.)

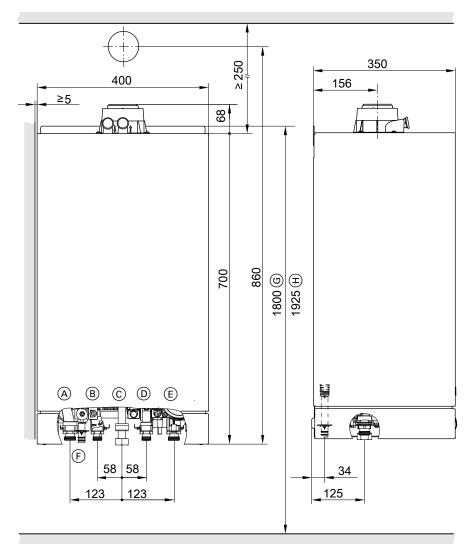
#### **Connecting accessories**

Cylinder temperature sensor, outside temperature sensor and time switch are connected to the control unit with low voltage.

#### **Preparing for installation**

#### Preparing for boiler installation

#### **Dimensions and connections**



#### Fig. 1

- (A) Heating flow  $\oslash$  22 mm
- B Gas condensing system boiler: Cylinder flow G ¾
   Gas condensing combi boiler: DHW Ø 15 mm
- ⓒ Gas connection
- (D) Gas condensing system boiler: Cylinder return G ¾ Gas condensing combi boiler: Cold water Ø 15 mm

#### Note

Dimensions of connections in conjunction with the connection accessories provided.

- (E) Heating return  $\oslash$  22 mm
- (F) Condensate drain/safety valve drain: plastic hose  $\oslash$  22 mm
- G Compulsory in conjunction with DHW cylinder below the boiler
- (H) Recommendation for installation without DHW cylinder below the boiler

#### Preparing for installation (cont.)

#### Fitting the wall mounting bracket

Only for installation without pre-plumbing jig or mounting frame.

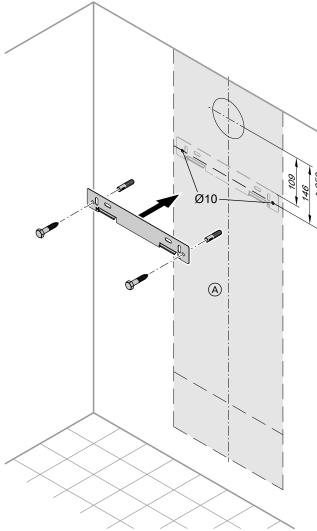


Fig. 2

#### (A) Vitodens installation template

# Fitting the pre-plumbing jig or mounting frame (accessories)

Pre-plumbing jig or mounting frame installation instructions

#### Preparing the connections

#### Please note

To prevent appliance damage, connect all pipework free of load and torque stress.

- 1. Position the supplied installation template on the wall.
- 2. Mark out the rawl plug holes.
- 3. Drill  $\oslash$  10 mm holes and insert the rawl plugs supplied.

#### Note

The supplied rawl plugs are suitable for the following materials:

- Concrete
- Vertically perforated bricks
- Hollow concrete breeze blocks
- Hollow brick and concrete ceilings
- Perforated sand lime bricks
- Solid sand lime bricks
- Natural stone with dense structure
- Porous concrete
- Solid gypsum panels
- Solid concrete breeze blocks
- Solid bricks
- 4. Fit the wall mounting bracket with the screws supplied.

#### Note

This boiler (IP rating: IP X4) is approved for installation in wet rooms inside safety zone 1 in accordance with IEEE Wiring Regulations, providing the occurrence of hosed water can be ruled out. Observe the IEEE Wiring Regulations.

- 1. Prepare the water connections. Flush the heating system.
- 2. Prepare the gas connection.

# Preparing for installation (cont.)

- **3.** Prepare the electrical connections.
  - Power cable:

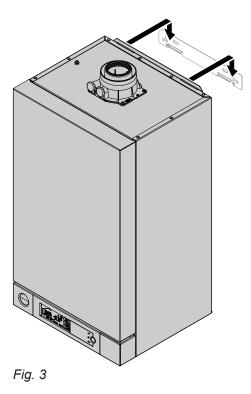
A flexible cable 3 x 1.0 mm<sup>2</sup>, approx. 1.5 m long is connected in the delivered condition.

Cables for accessories:

2-core sheathed cable min. 0.5  $\mbox{mm}^2$  for low voltage

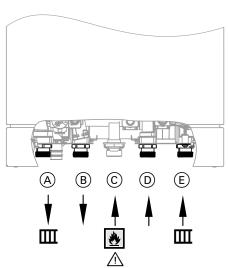
#### Mounting the boiler and making connections

#### Hooking the boiler onto the wall mounting bracket



#### Fitting the connections on the water side

For installation of fittings on the heating water side and DHW side, see separate installation



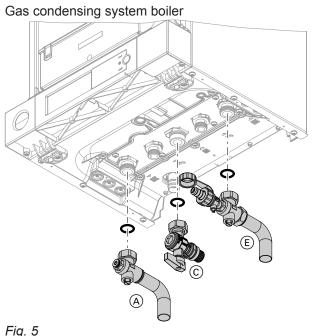
instructions.

Fig. 4

- (A) Heating flow
   (B) Gas condensing system boiler: Cylinder flow
   (Gas condensing combi boiler: DHW
- © Gas connection

- (D) Gas condensing system boiler: Cylinder return Gas condensing combi boiler: Cold water
- (E) Heating return

# Mounting the boiler and making connections (cont.)



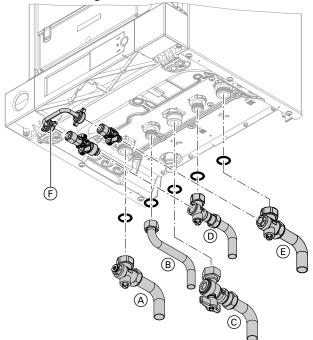
Permiss. DHW operating pressure: 10 bar (1.0 MPa)

#### Note

Install a pressure reducer if required.

Fig. 5

#### Gas condensing combi boiler

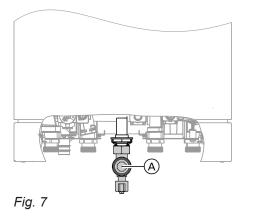




 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$  Filling device

#### Mounting the boiler and making connections (cont.)

#### Gas connection



- 1. Connect the gas shut-off valve to connection (A).
- 2. Check gas connections for tightness.

#### Note

Only use suitable and approved leak detection agents (EN 14291) and devices for the tightness test. Leak detection agents with unsuitable constituents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can cause material damage.

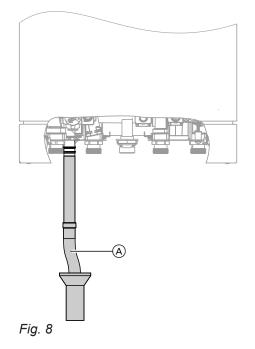
Remove residues of the leak detection agent after testing.

#### Please note

Excessive test pressure will damage the boiler and the gas train. Max. test pressure 150 mbar (15 kPa). Where higher pressure is required for tightness tests, disconnect the boiler and the gas train from the main supply pipe (undo the fitting).

3. Purge the gas line.

#### Connecting the safety valve and condensate drain



- The condensate pipe is connected to the discharge pipe of the safety valve. The condensate hose supplied meets the temperature requirements that are part of the CE certification.
- We recommend connecting the condensate pipe to the internal domestic waste water system, either directly or via a tundish.
- If the condensate pipe is routed outside the building, use a pipe with min. Ø 30 mm and protect the pipe from frost. Avoid long external pipe runs.
  - Please note
  - A frozen condensate pipe can result in faults and damage to the boiler.

Always protect condensate pipes against frost. • Observe local building regulations.

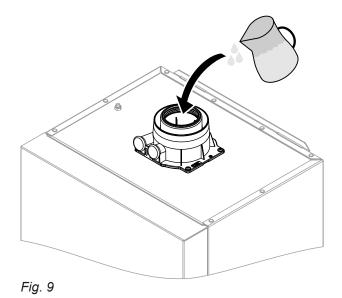
Connect condensate pipe A to the public sewage system with a constant fall and a pipe vent. Observe local waste water regulations.

#### Note

Fill the trap with water before commissioning.

#### Mounting the boiler and making connections (cont.)

#### Filling the trap with water



Pour at least 0.3 l of water into the flue gas connection.

During commissioning, flue gas may escape from the condensate drain. Always fill the trap with water before commissioning.

#### **Balanced flue connection**

#### Note

Only use the "System certificate" and "Skoberne GmbH flue system" labels in conjunction with the Viessmann flue system made by Skoberne.

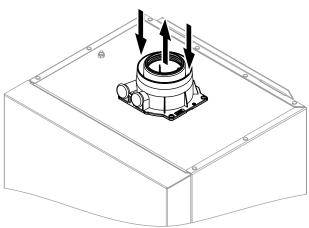


Fig. 10

Connect the balanced flue pipe. During installation and positioning of the flue system, observe Building Regulations Part L and BS 5440.

Flue system installation instructions

# Connecting several Vitodens 100-W to a shared flue system

Adjust the burner settings of each connected boiler to match the flue system:

- For shared connection, see page 28.
- For flue gas cascade, see page 34.

#### Note

The back draught safety device available as an accessory must be installed on every boiler.

Only carry out **commissioning** when the following conditions have been met:

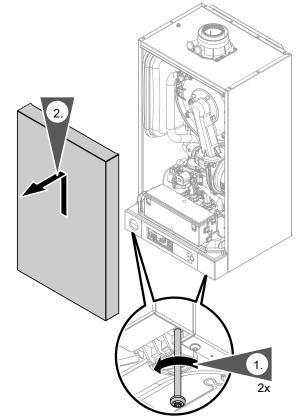
- Unrestricted flow in the flue gas routes.
- Positive pressure flue system is gas-tight.
- Inspection port covers checked for secure and tight seating.
- Apertures for supplying sufficient combustion air are open and cannot be closed.
- All current regulations on installing and commissioning flue systems have been observed.

#### Danger

Leaking or blocked flue systems, or an inadequate supply of combustion air can cause life threatening poisoning from carbon monoxide in the flue gas.

Ensure the flue system is in good working order. Vents for supplying combustion air must be nonclosable.

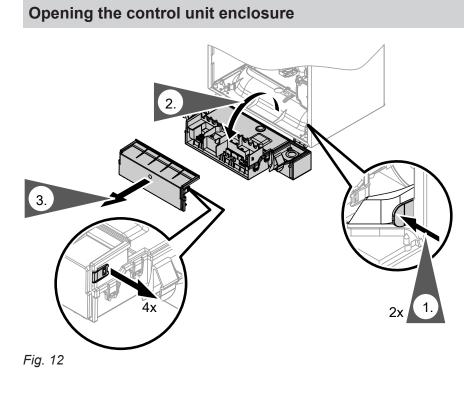
# Removing the front panel



Installation

#### Fig. 11

- 1. Undo the screws on the underside of the boiler; do **2.** Remove front panel. not remove them completely.





#### Opening the control unit enclosure (cont.)

#### **Please note**

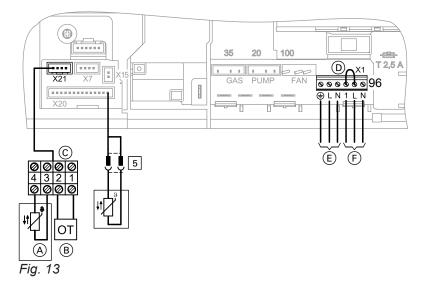
Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge.

Prior to commencing any work, touch earthed objects such as heating or water pipes to discharge static loads.

#### **Electrical connections**

# Information on connecting accessories

When connecting accessories observe the separate installation instructions provided with them.



- (A) Only for weather-compensated mode: Outside temperature sensor (accessories)
- (B) OpenTherm device Remove jumper (D) when making this connection.
- © Connecting cable
- D Jumper
- (E) Power supply (230 V, 50 Hz).
- See page 20. (F) Vitotrol 100 or on-site room temperature controller
- (230 V switched input)

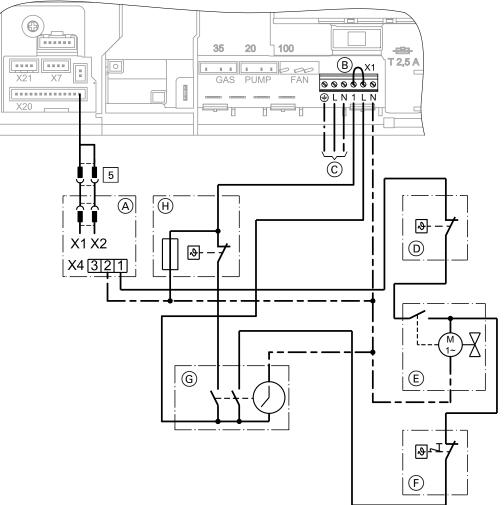
Remove jumper (D) when making this connection. Separate installation instructions

- 5 Gas condensing system boiler:
  - With Viessmann DHW cylinders: cylinder temperature sensor (plug on the cable harness outside the control unit)
  - In the case of alternative DHW cylinders compliant with the G3 Directive: Cylinder demand junction box (for connection of a cylinder temperature controller and a 2-way shut-off valve)
  - Operation without DHW cylinder: Set the set DHW temperature to "OFF".

Operating instructions

#### Electrical connections (cont.)

Connection of room temperature controller with time switch and DHW cylinder with 2-way valve and 230 V cylinder temperature controller



#### Fig. 14

- (A) Cylinder demand junction box (accessories)
- B Jumper; remove when making this connection
- © Power supply (230 V, 50 Hz). See page 20.
- D 230 V cylinder temperature controller
- (E) 2-way shut-off valve
- F High limit safety cut-out
- G Time switch
- $(\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{ \mathbb H}})$  Room temperature controller

## Electrical connections (cont.)

## Cable entry

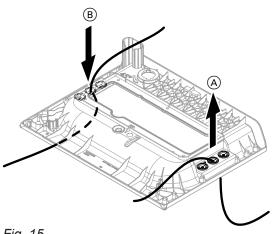


Fig. 15

- (A) Power cable, remote control connecting cable
- B LV leads (sensor leads)

#### Outside temperature sensor (accessories)

**1.** Fit the outside temperature sensor.

Installation location:

- North or north-westerly wall, 2 to 2.5 m above ground level; in multi storey buildings, in the upper half of the second floor
- Not above windows, doors or vents
- Not immediately below balconies or gutters
- Never render over
- Connection:

2-core lead, length up to 35 m with a cross-section of 1.5  $\mbox{mm}^2$ 

## Vitotrol 100 connection

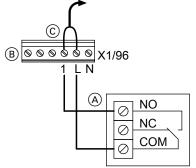


Fig. 16 Example: Vitotrol 100, type UTDB

- (A) Vitotrol 100, type UTDB
- (B) Terminals "X1/96" on the control unit
- C Jumper; remove when making this connection
- Recommended connecting cable
- 2-core cable with a cross-section of 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> for 230 V~

 Connect the outside temperature sensor to the connecting cable across terminals 3 and 4 at slot "X21" (see page 17). Installation

#### Electrical connections (cont.)

#### **Power supply**

#### **Regulations and directives**



#### Danger

Incorrectly executed electrical installations can result in injuries from electrical current and damage to the appliance.

Connect the power supply and implement all safety measures (e.g. RCD circuit) in accordance with the following regulations:

- VDE regulations
- Connection requirements specified by your local power supply utility

Install an isolator in the power cable to provide omnipolar separation from the mains for all active conductors, corresponding to overvoltage category III (3 mm) for complete isolation. The isolator must be fitted in the permanent electrical installation, in line with installation requirements.

#### Routing cables/leads and closing the control unit enclosure

- Please note
  - Connecting cables/leads will be damaged if they touch hot components.

When routing and securing cables/leads on site, ensure that the maximum permissible temperature for these is not exceeded.

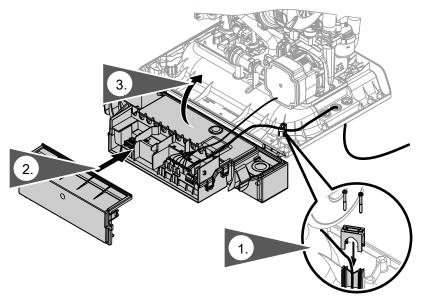


Fig. 17

We also recommend installing an AC/DC-sensitive RCD (RCD class B 🖂 ==) for DC (fault) currents that can occur with energy efficient equipment. Protect the power cable with a fuse/MCB of up to 16 A.



#### Danger

Incorrect core assignment can result in serious injury and damage to the appliance. Take care **not** to interchange wires "L1" and "N".

 $\wedge$ 

#### Danger

The absence of component earthing for the system can lead to serious injury from electric current if an electrical fault occurs. The appliance and pipework must be connected

to the equipotential bonding of the building.

# 💣 👁 🗲 Steps - commissioning, inspection and maintenance

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#### Filling the heating system

According to EN 1717, as a heat transfer medium for DHW heating, the heating water must meet fluid category  $\leq$  3. This requirement is met if water of potable quality is used as heating water. For example, if additives are used, the additive manufacturer must specify which category the treated heating water comes under.

- 1. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- 2. Switch ON the power supply.

# Information on automatic testing of the flue gas temperature sensor

The control unit automatically checks the function of the flue gas temperature sensor as soon as the power supply is switched on.

Whilst this happens, the internal circulation pump is briefly switched off.

During the test, also switch off **all** external circulation pumps in the system.

If the flue gas temperature sensor is positioned incorrectly, commissioning is cancelled and fault message A3 is displayed (see "Repairs").

- 3. Tap MODE.
- 4. ▲/▼ repeatedly until CONFI flashes.

#### Please note

Unsuitable fill water increases the level of deposits and corrosion and may lead to boiler damage.

- Flush the heating system thoroughly before filling.
- Only fill with water of potable quality.
- Fill water with a hardness above 300 ppm must be softened.
- Special antifreeze suitable for heating systems can be added to the fill water.
- 5. OK to confirm.

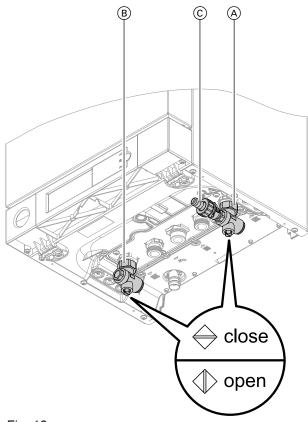
"P" is displayed in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.

- **6.** Use **▲**/**▼** to select "12".
- **7. OK** to confirm. "1" flashes in the l.h. display area.
- **8. OK** to confirm. "0" flashes in the r.h. display area.
- 9. Use ▲/▼ to select "1".
- 10. OK to confirm.

Filling is activated. The boiler circuit pump is running; the 3-way diverter valve moves to its centre position. This function terminates automatically after 30 min or when the ON/OFF switch is turned off.

# Filling the heating system (cont.)

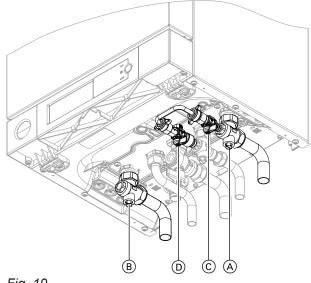
#### Gas condensing system boiler



1. Open shut-off valves (A) and (if fitted) (B).

- **2.** Connect fill hose to valve  $\bigcirc$  and open valve  $\bigcirc$ .
- Fill the heating system. Minimum system pressure ≥ 0.8 bar (80 kPa).
- 4. Close valve ©.

#### Gas condensing combi boiler



**1.** Open shut-off valves (A) and (if fitted) (B).

2. Open valves (C) and (D).

#### Note

The cold water supply must be open.

- Fill the heating system. Minimum system pressure ≥ 0.8 bar (80 kPa).
- 4. Close valves (C) and (D).
- Remove the connection line between valves C and D. During operation, the connection must be interrupted.

Fig. 19

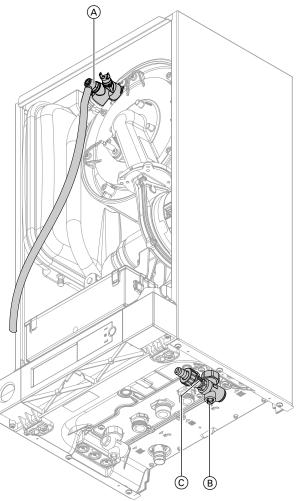
🗳 👁 🌽 Venting the boiler by flushing

#### Note

Inadequate venting can result in damage due to steam blasts in the heat exchanger.

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#### Venting the boiler by flushing (cont.)



- 1. Connect the drain hose fitted at shut-off valve (A) to a drain connection.
- **2.** Close shut-off value  $(\mathbb{B})$ .
- **3.** Open valves (A) and (C) and flush at mains pressure until no sound of escaping air can be heard.
- **4.** First close valve  $\triangle$  and then valve  $\bigcirc$ .
- Adjust the operating pressure ≥ 0.8 bar (80 kPa) with valve ©.
- 6. Open shut-off valve (B).
- 7. Disconnect drain hose and keep safe.

Fig. 20

# 💿 🗲 Changing the gas type

In the delivered condition, the boiler is set up for operation with natural gas (G 20).

For operation with a different gas type, install a conversion kit and change the gas type at the control unit.

Separate installation instructions

Enter the selected gas type and the associated limits for flue gas emissions in the table below.



For values, see separate installation instructions.

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#### Selected gas type

	Gas type	Date	CO <sub>2</sub> content in %	O <sub>2</sub> content in %	CO content in ppm
Delivered condition	G 20		7.5 - 10.5		< 1000
Changed to					< 1000
Changed to					< 1000

# Checking the static pressure and supply pressure

#### Danger

CO formation as a result of incorrect burner adjustment can have serious health implications. Check the CO content before and after carrying out work on gas appliances.

#### **Operation with LPG**

Purge the LPG tank twice on commissioning or replacement. Vent the tank and gas connection line thoroughly after purging.

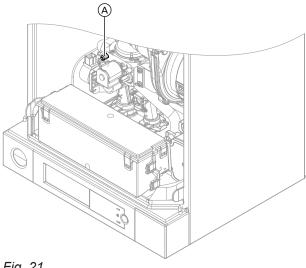


Fig. 21

- 1. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- 2. Undo screw (A) inside test connector "IN" on the gas train but do not remove it, and connect the pressure gauge.
- 3. Open the gas shut-off valve.
- 4. Check the static pressure.

Set value:

- Natural gas: 20 mbar (2.0 kPa)
- LPG: 37 mbar (3.7 kPa)

5. Start the boiler.

#### Note

During commissioning, the appliance can enter a fault state because of airlocks in the gas line. After approx. 5 s, tap and hold "R" for approx. 2 s to reset the burner. Ensure that enough heat is being drawn during the testing and setting processes.

6. Check the supply (flow) pressure. Set value: see type plate.

#### Note

Use a suitable tester with a resolution of at least 0.1 mbar (10 Pa) to check the supply pressure.

- 7. Implement measures as indicated in the table below.
- 8. Shut down the boiler, close the gas shut-off valve, remove the pressure gauge and close test connector  $\triangle$  with the screw.
- 9. Open the gas shut-off valve and start the appliance.



#### Danger

Gas escaping from the test connector leads to a risk of explosion. Check gas tightness at test connector (A).

#### Note

The maximum pressure drop between the gas shut-off valve and test connector (A) at the gas train is 0.5 mbar (50 Pa).

Supply pressure (flow pre	ssure)	Steps			
For natural gas	For LPG				
Below 10 mbar (1.0 kPa)	Below 25 mbar (2.5 kPa)	Do not commission the boiler. Notify the gas supply util- ity or LPG supplier.			
10 to 33 mbar (1.0 to 3.3 kPa)	25 to 57.5 mbar (2.5 to 5.75 kPa)	Start the boiler.			
Above 33 mbar (3.3 kPa)	Above 57.5 mbar (5.75 kPa)	Connect a separate gas pressure governor upstream of the system and set it to the nominal pressure (see type plate). Notify the gas supply utility or LPG supplier.			

#### Reducing the maximum heating output

The maximum heating output can be reduced according to the system requirements.

1. Tap MODE.

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- 2. ▲/▼ until CONFI flashes.
- **3. OK** to confirm "P" is displayed in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.
- **4.** Use **▲**/**v** to select "12".
- 5. OK to confirm "1" flashes in the l.h. display area.
- 6. Use ▲/▼ to select "2".
- 7. OK to confirm
  - The value of the selected maximum heating output, in % of the upper heating output, flashes in the r.h. display area.
- Use ▲/▼ to select the required max. heating output. See the following table.

#### Note

The figures relate to natural gas G 20. Balanced flue pipe  $\oslash$  60/100 mm, 1 m long.

- 9. OK to confirm. The selected value is adopted.
- **10.** Check the selected heating output by measuring the gas throughput.

Heating output	Setting in %							
in kW	Rated heating output in kW							
	19	26	30 and 35					
35	_	_	90					
34	_	_	87					
33	_	_	85					
32	_	_	82					
31	_	_	80					
30	_	_	77					
29	_	_	74					
28		_	72					
27	_	_	69					

Heating output	Setting in %							
in kW	Rated heat	ting output	in kW					
	19	26	30 and 35					
26	_	80	67					
25	_	77	64					
24	_	74	62					
23	_	71	59					
22	_	68	56					
21	_	65	54					
20	_	61	51					
19	58	58	49					
18	55	55	46					
17	52	52	44					
16	49	49	41					
15	46	46	38					
14	43	43	36					
13	40	40	33					
12	37	37	31					
11	34	34	28					
10	31	31	26					
9	28	28	23					
8	25	25	20					
7	22	22	18					
6	19	19	15					
5	15	15						

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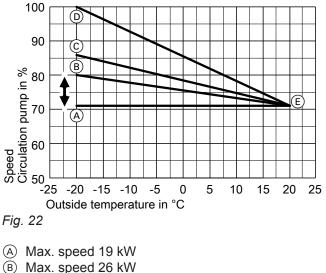
## Matching the circulation pump rate to the heating system

In its delivered condition the circulation pump rate is set to the following values:

- For DHW heating: speed 100 %
- For heating mode without outside temperature sensor:

Rated heating output in kW	19	26	30	35
Speed in %	72	80	86	100

The speed cannot be changed.



© Max. speed 30 kW

#### Changing the maximum speed

Only when operating with an outside temperature sensor.

- 1. Tap MODE.
- 2. ▲/▼ repeatedly until CONFI flashes.
- OK to confirm.
   "P" is displayed in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.
- **4.** Use **▲**/**▼** to select "12".
- OK to confirm.
   "1" flashes in the l.h. display area.

#### Matching the burner output to the flue system

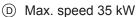
To match the burner output to the system flue pipe length, a correction factor can be set.

- 1. Tap MODE.
- 2. ▲/▼ repeatedly until CONFI flashes.

For heating mode with outside temperature sensor:

Rated heating output in kW	19	26	30	35
Min. speed in %	72	72	72	72
Max. speed in %	72	80	86	100

The maximum speed can be changed. See the following chapter.



- E Min. speed
- 6. Use ▲/▼ to select "6".
- OK to confirm. The selected max. speed in % will flash in the r.h. display area.
- Use ▲/▼ to change the speed value. Max. speed and setting range are subject to appliance-specific parameters.
- 9. OK to confirm. The selected value is adopted.

- OK to confirm.
   "P" is displayed in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.
- **4.** Use **▲**/**▼** to select "12".

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#### Matching the burner output to the flue system (cont.)

- **5. OK** to confirm. "1" flashes in the l.h. display area.
- **6.** Use **▲**/**▼** to select "3".
- OK to confirm. The selected correction factor flashes in the r.h.

display area.

- **8.** Refer to the following table for the correction factor required for the connected flue system.
- **9.** Use  $\blacktriangle/\blacksquare$  to change the correction factor.
- 10. OK to confirm. The selected value is adopted.

Correction factor		0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Flue system	Rated heat- ing output (kW)		Max. pipe length (m)					
<b>Open</b> flue operation $\emptyset$ 60 mm	19	3	9	15	_		_	
	26	3	12	15			_	
	30	5	9	15	21	25	_	
	35	4	9	15	22	25	_	
Room sealed operation Ø 60/100 mm	19	2	5	9	15	20	_	
coaxial	26	2	6	11	16	20	_	
	30	3	5	8	12	16	20	25
	35	2	5	8	12	16	25	
Open flue operation Ø 80 mm	19	7	25		_			
	26	16	25				_	
	30	17	25				_	
	35	11	25				_	
Room sealed operation Ø 80/125 mm	19	2	10	18	25	_	_	
coaxial	26	5	20	25	_			
	30	7	13	22	25			
	35	5	13	22	25	_	_	

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## Burner adjustment when connecting multiple flues to a shared flue system

When connecting several Vitodens 100-W to a shared flue system:

Adjust the burner settings of each connected boiler by a correction factor to match it to the flue system.

System conditions:

- Shared flue in shaft Ø 100 mm
- Balanced flue connection pipe from boiler to shaft,
   Ø 80/125 mm
- 1. Tap MODE.
- 2. ▲/▼ until CONFI flashes.
- OK to confirm.
   "P" appears in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.
- **4.** Use **▲**/**▼** to select "12".

- Minimum shaft cross-section
  - Square: 175 x 175 mm
  - Round: Ø 195 mm
- Height between floors min. 2.5 m
- Max. 6 boilers with the same rated heating output connected to the flue system
- 5. OK to confirm. "1" flashes in the l.h. display area.
- 6. Use ▲/▼ to select "4".
- 7. OK to confirm."0" flashes in the r.h. display area.
- 8. Refer to the following tables for the correction factor required for the flue system.

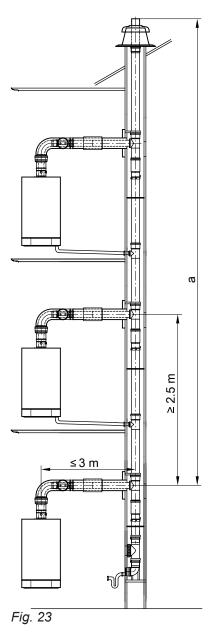
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# 💣 💿 🌽 Burner adjustment when connecting multiple... (cont.)

**9.** Use  $\blacktriangle/\blacksquare$  to set the correction factor.

#### One boiler per floor

 $\label{eq:constraint} \textbf{10. OK} \text{ to confirm. The selected value is adopted.}$ 



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#### Rated heating output 19 kW – operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	3	4	5	6
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)				
0					
1	≤ 25	≤ 13	≤ 10		
2	_	> 13 ≤ 25	> 10 ≤ 19	≤ 16	≤ 14
3	_	_	> 19 ≤ 25	> 16 ≤ 25	> 14 ≤ 21
4	_	_	_	_	> 21 ≤ 25
5	_	_	_	_	_
6	_	_	_	_	_

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# Burner adjustment when connecting multiple... (cont.)

#### Rated heating output 19 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	3	4	5	6	
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)					
0						
1	≤ 25	≤ 20	≤ 13	≤ 12		
2	-	> 20 ≤ 25	> 13 ≤ 23	> 12 ≤ 18	≤ 15	
3	-	-	> 23 ≤ 25	> 18 ≤ 25	> 15 ≤ 20	
4	_	-	-	_	> 20 ≤ 25	
5	_	-	_	_	_	
6	-	-	-	-	_	

#### Rated heating output 26 kW – operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	3	4	5	6
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)				
0					
1	≤ 18	≤ 9			
2	> 18 ≤ 25	> 9 ≤ 21	≤ 13	≤ 12	
3	-	> 21 ≤ 25	> 13 ≤ 23	> 12 ≤ 18	≤ 16
4	-	-	> 23 ≤ 25	> 18 ≤ 25	> 16 ≤ 21
5	-	-	-	-	> 21 ≤ 25
6	-	-	-	-	_

#### Rated heating output 26 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	3	4	5	6
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)				
0					
1	≤ 25	≤ 12	≤ 10		
2	-	> 12 ≤ 25	> 10 ≤ 16	≤ 13	
3	_	_	> 16 ≤ 23	> 13 ≤ 17	≤ 15
4	_	_	> 23 ≤ 25	> 17 ≤ 22	> 15 ≤ 18
5	_	_	-	> 22 ≤ 25	> 18 ≤ 22
6	_	_	_	_	> 22 ≤ 25

#### Rated heating output 30 kW - operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	3	4	5	6
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)				
0					
1	≤ 25	≤ 11	≤ 8		
2	-	> 11 ≤ 25	> 8 ≤ 17	≤14	≤13
3	-	_	> 17 ≤ 24	> 14 ≤ 18	> 13 ≤ 16
4	-	_	> 24 ≤ 25	> 18 ≤ 23	> 16 ≤ 19
5	_	_	_	> 23 ≤ 25	> 19 ≤ 25
6	_	_	_	_	_

# 🗳 💿 🌽 Burner adjustment when connecting multiple... (cont.)

#### Rated heating output 30 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	3	4	5	6	
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)					
0						
1	≤ 25	≤ 12	≤ 9			
2	-	> 12 ≤ 25	> 9 ≤ 16	≤13		
3	-	-	> 16 ≤ 22	> 13 ≤ 17	≤ 15	
4	-	-	> 22 ≤ 25	> 17 ≤ 22	> 15 ≤ 19	
5	-	-	-	> 22 ≤ 25	> 19 ≤ 22	
6	-	-	-	-	> 22 ≤ 25	

#### Rated heating output 35 kW - operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	3	4	5	6
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)				
0					
1	≤ 19	≤ 9			
2	> 19 ≤ 25	> 9 ≤ 21	≤ 13	≤ 12	
3	-	> 21 ≤ 25	> 13 ≤ 18	> 12 ≤ 15	≤ 14
4	-	-	> 18 ≤ 25	> 15 ≤ 18	> 14 ≤ 16
5	-	-	-	> 18 ≤ 24	> 16 ≤ 20
6	-	-	-	> 24 ≤ 25	> 20 ≤ 23

#### Rated heating output 35 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	3	4	5	6
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)				
0					
1	≤ 22	≤ 10			
2	> 22 ≤ 25	> 10 ≤ 20	≤ 13	≤ 12	
3	-	> 20 ≤ 25	> 13 ≤ 17	> 12 ≤ 14	
4	-	-	> 17 ≤ 23	> 14 ≤ 18	≤ 16
5	-	-	> 23 ≤ 25	> 18 ≤ 21	> 16 ≤ 18
6	-	-	-	> 21 ≤ 24	> 18 ≤ 20

#### Note

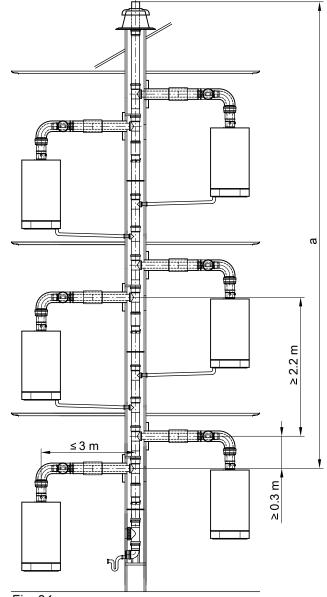
The correction factor changes the boiler modulation range.

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# Burner adjustment when connecting multiple... (cont.)

#### Two boilers per floor

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#### Rated heating output 19 kW – operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	4	6		
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)				
0					
1	≤ 25	≤ 6			
2	-	> 6 ≤ 16	≤ 9		
3	-	> 16 ≤ 25	> 9 ≤ 16		
4	-	-	> 16 ≤ 24		
5	_	_	> 24 ≤ 25		
6	_	-	_		

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# 💣 💿 🌽 Burner adjustment when connecting multiple... (cont.)

#### Rated heating output 19 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	4	6			
Correction factor (adjustable value)		Flue length a (m)				
0						
1	≤ 25	≤ 9	≤ 7			
2	-	> 9 ≤ 20	> 7 ≤ 11			
3	-	> 20 ≤ 25	> 11 ≤ 15			
4	-	-	> 15 ≤ 21			
5	-	-	> 21 ≤ 25			
6	-	-	-			

#### Rated heating output 26 kW - operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	4	6	
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)			
0				
1	≤ 16	≤ 4		
2	> 16 ≤ 25	> 4 ≤ 10	≤ 7	
3	_	> 10 ≤ 20	> 7 ≤ 11	
4	_	> 20 ≤ 25	> 11 ≤ 15	
5	-	-	> 15 ≤ 20	
6	-	-	> 20 ≤ 24	

#### Rated heating output 26 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	4	6			
Correction factor (adjustable value)		Flue length a (m)				
0						
1	≤ 25	≤ 6				
2	-	> 6 ≤ 12	≤ 8			
3	-	> 12 ≤ 19	> 8 ≤ 10			
4	-	> 19 ≤ 25	> 10 ≤ 13			
5	-	-	> 13 ≤ 16			
6	-	-	> 16 ≤ 20			

#### Rated heating output 30 kW – operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	4	6
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)		
0			
1	≤ 23	≤ 5	
2	> 23 ≤ 25	> 5 ≤ 13	≤ 8
3	-	> 13 ≤ 20	> 8 ≤ 11
4	-	> 20 ≤ 25	> 11 ≤ 14
5	-	-	> 14 ≤ 19
6	-	-	> 19 ≤ 23

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#### Burner adjustment when connecting multiple... (cont.)

#### Rated heating output 30 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	4	6
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)		
0			
1	≤ 25	≤ 6	
2	-	> 6 ≤ 12	≤ 8
3	-	> 12 ≤ 18	> 8 ≤ 10
4	-	> 18 ≤ 25	> 10 ≤ 13
5	-	-	> 13 ≤ 17
6	_	_	> 17 ≤ 19

#### Rated heating output 35 kW - operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	4	6	
Correction factor (adjustable value)		Flue length a (m)		
0				
1	≤ 17	≤ 4		
2	> 17 ≤ 25	> 4 ≤ 10	≤ 7	
3	_	> 10 ≤ 15	> 7 ≤ 8	
4	_	> 15 ≤ 21	> 8 ≤ 11	
5	_	> 21 ≤ 25	> 11 ≤ 15	
6	_	-	> 15 ≤ 17	

#### Rated heating output 35 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	4	6	
Correction factor (adjustable value)		Flue length a (m)		
0				
1	≤ 20	≤ 5		
2	> 20 ≤ 25	> 5 ≤ 9	≤ 6	
3	-	> 9 ≤ 14	> 6 ≤ 8	
4	-	> 14 ≤ 20	> 8 ≤ 10	
5	-	> 20 ≤ 25	> 10 ≤ 13	
6	-	_	> 13 ≤ 15	

#### Note

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The correction factor changes the boiler modulation range.

# Adjusting the burner settings if several boilers are connected to a shared flue (flue gas cascade)

Adjust the burner settings of each connected boiler by a correction factor to match it to the flue system.

- 1. Tap MODE.
- 2. ▲/▼ until CONFI flashes.

System conditions:

- $\blacksquare$  Shared flue gas header  $\oslash$  100 mm
- Max. 4 boilers with the same rated heating output connected to the flue system
  - OK to confirm.
     "P" appears in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.
- **4.** Use **▲/**▼ to select "12".

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- 5. OK to confirm. "1" flashes in the l.h. display area.
- **6.** Use **▲**/**v** to select "4".
- 7. OK to confirm.

"0" flashes in the r.h. display area.

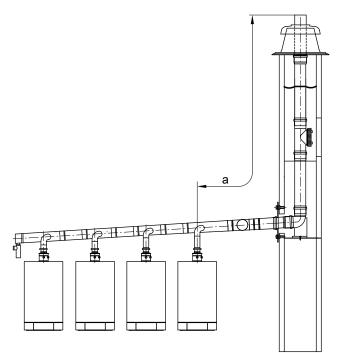


Fig. 25

#### Rated heating output 19 kW – operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	3	4
Correction factor (adjustable value)			
0			
1	≤ 25	≤ 8	
2	-	> 8 ≤ 25	≤ 13
3	-	-	> 13 ≤ 25
4	-	-	_
5	-	-	_
6	-	-	_

Rated heating output 19 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	3	4
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)		
0			
1	≤ 25	≤ 16	≤ 6
2	-	> 16 ≤ 25	> 6 ≤ 17
3	_	-	> 17 ≤ 25
4	-	-	_
5	-	-	_
6	_	_	_

- 8. Refer to the following tables for the correction factor required for the flue system.
- **9.** Use  $\blacktriangle/\blacksquare$  to set the correction factor.
- 10. OK to confirm. The selected value is adopted.

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# Adjusting the burner settings if several... (cont.)

#### Rated heating output 26 kW - operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	3	4
Correction factor (adjustable value)		Flue length a (m)	
0			
1	≤ 16	≤ 4	
2	> 16 ≤ 25	> 4 ≤ 16	≤ 6
3	-	> 16 ≤ 25	> 6 ≤ 17
4	-	-	> 17 ≤ 25
5	-	-	_
6	-	-	_

#### Rated heating output 26 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	3	4	
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)			
0				
1	≤ 25	≤ 8	≤ 3	
2	-	> 8 ≤ 21	> 3 ≤ 9	
3	-	> 21 ≤ 25	> 9 ≤ 16	
4	-	-	> 16 ≤ 23	
5	-	-	> 23 ≤ 25	
6	_	_	_	

#### Rated heating output 30 kW - operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	3	4	
Correction factor (adjustable value)		Flue length a (m)		
0				
1	≤ 24	≤ 6		
2	> 24 ≤ 25	> 6 ≤ 23	≤ 10	
3	-	> 23 ≤ 25	> 10 ≤ 17	
4	-	-	> 17 ≤ 24	
5	-	-	> 24 ≤ 25	
6	-	-	_	

#### Rated heating output 30 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	3	4
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)		
0			
1	≤ 25	≤ 8	
2	_	> 8 ≤ 21	≤ 9
3	_	> 21 ≤ 25	> 9 ≤ 15
4	-	-	> 15 ≤ 23
5	-	-	> 23 ≤ 25
6	_	_	_

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## 🗳 💿 🌽 Adjusting the burner settings if several... (cont.)

#### Rated heating output 35 kW - operation with natural gas

Number of boilers	2	3	4
Correction factor (adjustable value)		Flue length a (m)	
0			
1	≤ 18	≤ 4	
2	> 18 ≤ 25	> 4 ≤ 16	≤ 6
3	-	> 16 ≤ 25	> 6 ≤ 11
4	-	-	> 11 ≤ 17
5	-	_	> 17 ≤ 25
6	-	-	_

#### Rated heating output 35 kW – operation with LPG

Number of boilers	2	3	4
Correction factor (adjustable value)	Flue length a (m)		
0			
1	≤ 21	≤ 5	
2	> 21 ≤ 25	> 5 ≤ 15	≤ 6
3	-	> 15 ≤ 23	> 6 ≤ 10
4	-	> 23 ≤ 25	> 10 ≤ 16
5	-	-	> 16 ≤ 22
6	_	_	> 22 ≤ 25

#### Note

The correction factor changes the boiler modulation range.



### Checking the CO<sub>2</sub> content

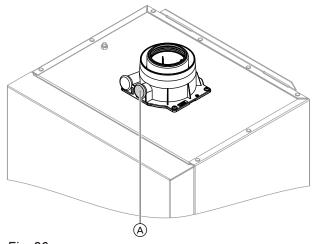
The Vitodens 100-W is factory-set for natural gas. During commissioning or maintenance, the  $CO_2$  and COhave to be measured at the boiler flue adaptor test port to check the flue integrity. Subject to the Wobbe index, the  $CO_2$  content fluctuates between 7.5 % and 10.5 %. CO of up to 500 ppm during start-up is acceptable. We recommend measuring the  $O_2$ , as this value is unmistakable regarding lambda (air/gas). The  $O_2$  content fluctuates between 7.5 % and 3.2 %. The  $CO/CO_2$ ratio has to be less than 0.004.

If the actual  $CO_2$  or  $O_2$  and CO values deviate from the stated range, check the balanced flue system for leaks. If the flue installation is OK, change the gas valve.

#### Note

Operate the appliance with uncontaminated combustion air to prevent operating faults and damage.

1. Connect a flue gas analyser at flue gas port (A) on the boiler flue connection.







### Checking the CO<sub>2</sub> content (cont.)

2. Start the boiler and check for leaks.

Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check all gas equipment for tightness.

- **3.** To check the CO<sub>2</sub> content the burner output can be adjusted manually.
  - 1. Tap MODE.
  - 2. ▲/▼ repeatedly until "SERV" appears.
  - 3. **OK** to confirm.
  - **OFF** appears on the display. Test mode is not active.
  - 4. Use ▲/▼ to adjust the burner output: Shown on display
    Burner output

uispidy		
	OFF	0 %
_	20	20 %
	40	40 %
	60	60 %
	80	80 %
	100	100 %

- 5. Confirm your setting with OK. The bars stop flashing.
- Check the CO<sub>2</sub> content for the upper heating output (100 %).
   For CO<sub>2</sub> content limits, see page 24

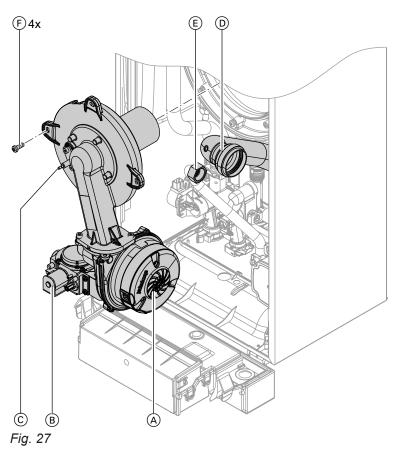
For  $CO_2$  content limits, see page 24.

5. Check the CO<sub>2</sub> content for the lower heating output (20 %).
The CO<sub>2</sub> content must be between 0.5 and 0.9 %

below the value of the upper heating output.

- If the CO<sub>2</sub> content is within the indicated range, continue with point 8.
  - If the CO<sub>2</sub> content lies **outside** the indicated range, check the balanced flue system for tightness; remedy any leaks.
     Replace gas train if required.
- **7.** Re-check the CO<sub>2</sub> content for the upper and lower heating output.
- 8. Terminate test mode:
  - 1. ▲/▼ repeatedly until "SERV" flashes.
  - 2. OK to confirm.
    - The selected value flashes.
  - 3. ▼ repeatedly until **OFF** flashes.
  - OK to confirm. When "SERV" disappears, test mode is terminated.
- **9.** Shut down the boiler, remove the flue gas analyser and close flue gas test port (A).

### **Removing the burner**



**O**O

- 1. Switch OFF the power supply.
- 2. Shut off the gas supply.
- **3.** Disconnect the cables from fan motor (A), gas train (B) and electrodes (C).
- **4.** Disconnect Venturi extension **(D)** from the fan.
- **5.** Undo gas supply pipe fitting (E).
- **6.** Undo 4 screws  $\bigcirc$  and remove the burner.

### Please note

To prevent damage, never rest the burner on the burner gauze assembly.

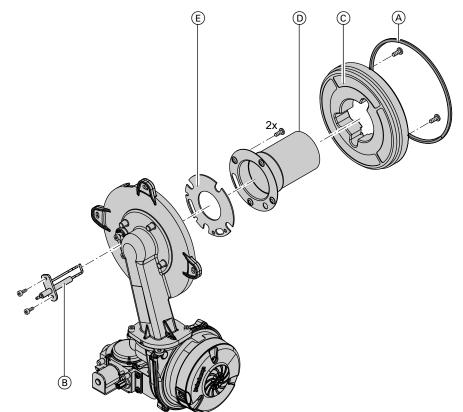
### Checking the burner gasket and burner gauze assembly

Check burner gasket (A) for damage and replace if necessary.

Replace the burner gauze assembly if it is damaged.



### Checking the burner gasket and burner gauze... (cont.)



- **1.** Remove electrode (B).
- 2. Undo 2 Torx screws and remove thermal insulation ring ©.
- 3. Undo 2 Torx screws and remove burner gauze assembly (D) with gasket (E).
- Insert and secure new burner gauze assembly D with new gasket E.

## Please note

Tighten screws enough to ensure the components do not suffer damage and will function correctly.

# 5. Mount thermal insulation ring C. Please note

Tighten screws enough to ensure the components do not suffer damage and will function correctly.

6. Fit electrode (B).

#### Please note

Tighten screws enough to ensure the components do not suffer damage and will function correctly.

### Checking and adjusting the electrode

- 1. Check the electrode for wear and contamination.
- 2. Clean the electrode with a small brush (not a wire brush) or emery paper.

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to ensure the components do not suffer damage and will function correctly.

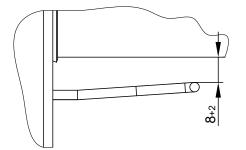
3. Check the electrode gaps. If the gaps are not as specified or the electrode is damaged, replace the

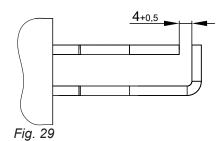
electrode and gasket and align.

Tighten screws enough

**Please note** 

### Checking and adjusting the electrode (cont.)







### Cleaning the heat exchanger

#### Please note

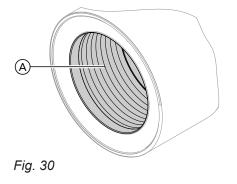
Scratches to the surfaces of the heat exchanger that come into contact with hot gas can result in corrosion damage.

Never use brushes to clean the heating surfaces.

#### Please note

Brushing can cause deposits to become lodged in the gaps between the coils.

Never use brushes to clean the heating surfaces.



### Note

Discolouration on the heat exchanger surface is a normal sign of use. It has no bearing on the function and service life of the heat exchanger.

The use of chemical cleaning agents is not required.

- 2. Flush heating surface (A) with water.
- **3.** Check condensate drain and clean trap. See the following chapter.
- **4.** Flush the heating surface again with water. This will also fill the trap with water.

### Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the trap

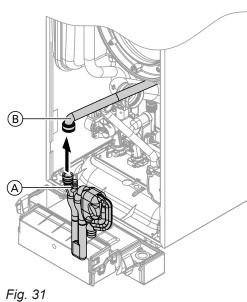


Fig.

 $\bigcirc$ 

Installing the burner

### (F) (E) Fig. 32

1. Fit the burner and tighten 4 screws (A) diagonally.

D

#### Please note

Tighten screws enough to ensure the components do not suffer damage and will function correctly.

- 1. Pull trap A upwards out of the drain connection.
- **2.** Remove supply hose B from trap A.
- **3.** Clean trap (A).
- 4. Refit supply hose (B).
- **5.** Refit trap A to the drain connection.
- **6.** Fill trap (A) with water. For this, pour approx. 0.3 I of water into the combustion chamber.
- **7.** Check that condensate can drain freely and that the connections are tight.

- 2. Insert the new gasket and tighten the fitting on gas supply pipe  $(\mathbb{B})$ .
- **3.** Refit Venturi extension  $\bigcirc$  to the fan.
- Fit cables to fan motor D, gas train E and ignition unit F.



### Installing the burner (cont.)

- **5.** Reopen the gas supply and switch ON the power supply.
- 6. Check the gas connections for tightness.



Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check the fitting for gas tightness.

#### Please note

The use of leak detection spray can result in faulty operation.

Leak detection spray must not come into contact with electrical contacts or block the diaphragm opening on the gas valve.



#### Note

The expansion vessel can lose some of its charge pressure over time. When the boiler heats up, the pressure gauge will indicate a higher pressure of 2 or 3 bar (0.2 or 0.3 MPa). The safety valve may also respond and discharge the excess pressure. Therefore check the expansion vessel pre-charge pressure annually.

Check whether the installed expansion vessel is adequate for the system water volume (GB only). Carry out this test on a cold system.

1. Drain the system until the pressure gauge shows "0".

Alternatively, close the cap valve on the expansion vessel and reduce the pressure until the pressure gauge indicates "0".

- 2. If the pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel is lower than the static system pressure, top up with nitrogen until the pre-charge pressure is 0.1 to 0.2 bar (10 to 20 kPa) higher than the static system pressure.
- Top up with water until the charge pressure of the cooled system is at least 1.0 bar (0.1 MPa), and is 0.1 to 0.2 bar (10 to 20 kPa) higher than the pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel. Permiss. operating pressure: 3 bar (0.3 MPa)

#### Note

The gas condensing combi boiler can be topped up by opening top-up value (A).

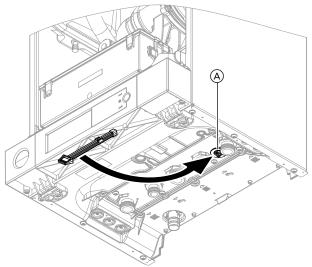
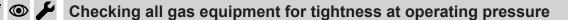


Fig. 33

Checking all connections on the heating water and DHW sides for leaks

Checking the flue system for unrestricted flow and tightness

### 💣 👁 🖌 Checking the firm seating of electrical connections





#### Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check all gas equipment for tightness.

#### Please note

The use of leak detection spray can result in faulty operation. Leak detection spray must not come into contact with electrical contacts or block the diaphragm opening on the gas valve.



 $\bigcirc$ 

### Mounting the front panel

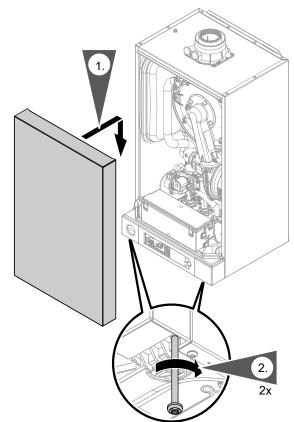


Fig. 34

1. Hook the front panel into place.

#### 2. Tighten screws on the underside of the boiler.

### 🔊 🌽 Setting the DHW comfort function

Only possible for gas condensing combi boiler. The comfort function makes DHW available faster at the selected set DHW temperature.

- **1.** Turn ON the ON/OFF switch.
- 2. Tap MODE.
- 3. ▲/▼ until CONFI flashes.

- OK to confirm.
   "P" appears in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.
- 5. Use ▲/▼ to select "12".
- 6. OK to confirm. "1" flashes in the l.h. display area.
- **7.** Use **▲/**▼ to select "12".



- OK to confirm.
   "0" flashes in the r.h. display area.
- 9. Use ▲/▼ to select the comfort function.
  - "0": Without comfort function
    - or
  - "1": With comfort function

### > 🔑 Setting display backlighting for standby

- 1. Turn ON the ON/OFF switch.
- 2. Tap MODE.
- 3. ▲/▼ until CONFI flashes.
- OK to confirm.
   "P" appears in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.
- 5. Use ▲/▼ to select "12".
- 6. OK to confirm."1" flashes in the l.h. display area.

- 7. Use ▲/▼ to select "10".
- 8. OK to confirm."0" flashes in the r.h. display area.
- 9. Use ▲/▼ to select the display backlight.
  "0": Display backlight dimmed
  - or
    "1": Display backlight off
- 10. OK to confirm.

### Setting the display contrast

- 1. Turn ON the ON/OFF switch.
- 2. Tap MODE.
- 3. ▲/▼ until CONFI flashes.
- OK to confirm.
   "P" appears in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.
- 5. Use ▲/▼ to select "12".
- 6. OK to confirm. "1" flashes in the l.h. display area.

- **7.** Use **▲/**▼ to select "11".
- 8. OK to confirm."3" flashes in the r.h. display area.
- Use ▲/▼ to adjust the display contrast. Adjustable from 0 to 6. The higher the value, the greater the contrast.
- 10. OK to confirm.
- Setting the signal tone for display operation
- 1. Turn ON the ON/OFF switch.
- 2. Tap MODE.
- 3. ▲/▼ until CONFI flashes.
- OK to confirm.
   "P" appears in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.
- 6. OK to confirm. "1" flashes in the l.h. display area.
- 7. Use ▲/▼ to select "9".
- 8. OK to confirm."0" flashes in the r.h. display area.

5. Use ▲/▼ to select "12".

### 10. OK to confirm.

### Setting the signal tone for display operation (cont.)

- **9.** Use  $\blacktriangle/\blacksquare$  to set the signal tone.
  - "0": Signal tone on or

10. OK to confirm.

• "1": Signal tone off



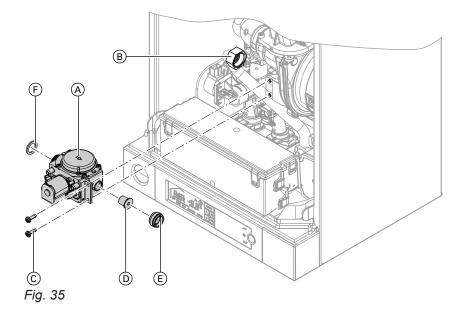
0°

### Instructing the system user

The system installer should hand the operating instructions to the system user and instruct the user in operating the system.



### Changing from operation with LPG to operation with natural gas



- **1.** Disconnect cable from gas train  $\triangle$ .
- **2.** Undo union nut (B) and remove gas gasket.
- **3.** Undo 2 screws  $\bigcirc$  and remove gas train  $\bigcirc$ .
- 4. Remove gas restrictor (D) for LPG and gasket (E) from gas train (A).
- Insert new gasket (E) in gas train (A).
   If the gasket is missing, order the appropriate conversion kit as an individual part. See parts list (burner assembly).
- **6.** Mount gas train (A) with new gas gasket (F).

#### Please note

- Tighten screws enough to ensure the components do not suffer damage and will function correctly.
- 7. Remove or void the gas type sticker on the top of the boiler (next to the type plate).
- 8. Start the boiler and check for leaks.

## $\overline{\mathbb{N}}$

Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check all gas equipment for tightness.

### Please note

The use of leak detection spray can result in faulty operation. Leak detection spray must not come into

contact with electrical contacts or block the diaphragm opening on the gas valve.

### Changing the gas type at the control unit

- 1. Turn ON the ON/OFF switch.
- 2. Tap MODE.
- 3. ▲/▼ repeatedly until **CONFI** flashes.
- OK to confirm.
   "P" appears in the l.h. display area. The r.h. display area flashes.
- 5. Use ▲/▼ to select "12".
- OK to confirm.
   "1" flashes in the l.h. display area.
- 7. Use ▲/▼ to select "5".
- OK to confirm.
   "1" flashes in the r.h. display area.
- Use ▲/▼ to switch the control unit to "0" (operation with natural gas).
- 10. OK to confirm.
- **11.** Turn the ON/OFF switch OFF and ON again. The selected operating mode is saved.

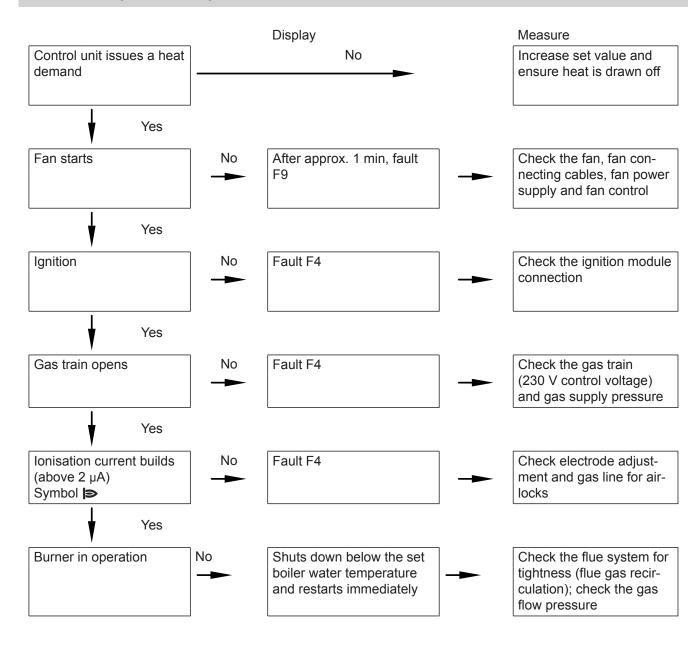
### Changing from operation with LPG to operation... (cont.)

### Checking the CO<sub>2</sub> content

See page 37.

### Troubleshooting

### Function sequence and possible faults



### Fault display



In case of a fault, the display will show  $\underline{\wedge}$  and the fault code.

If  $\underline{A}$  flashes and **"R"** appears, the burner is locked out. See page 51.

For an explanation of the fault codes, see the following table.

### Fault display (cont.)

Fault code dis- played	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
0A	Burner blocked	CO limiter (if installed) has responded. CO concentra- tion too high.	Check the heating system. Re- move the cause of escaping CO.
0A	Burner blocked	Gas pressure switch (if in- stalled) has responded. Gas pressure too low.	Check the gas supply.
0C	Burner blocked	Mains voltage too low	Check the power supply.
10	Continuous operation	Short circuit, outside tem- perature sensor	Check the outside temperature sensor and lead (see page 53).
18	Continuous operation	Lead break, outside tem- perature sensor	Check the outside temperature sensor and lead (see page 53).
30	Burner blocked	Short circuit, boiler water temperature sensor	Check the boiler water temperature sensor (see page 54).
38	Burner blocked	Lead break, boiler water temperature sensor	Check the boiler water temperature sensor (see page 54).
50	No DHW heating	Short circuit, cylinder tem- perature sensor	Check sensor (see page 55).
51	No DHW heating	Short circuit, outlet tem- perature sensor	Check sensor (see page 56).
52	Burner blocked	Short circuit, flow sensor	Check connections and lead; re- place sensor if required.
58	No DHW heating	Lead break, cylinder tem- perature sensor	Check sensor (see page 55).
59	No DHW heating	Lead break, outlet temper- ature sensor	Check sensor (see page 56).
5A	Burner blocked	Lead break, flow sensor	Check connections and lead; re- place sensor if required.
A3	Burner blocked.	Flue gas temperature sensor incorrectly positioned.	Fit flue gas temperature sensor correctly (see page 58).
A9	Control mode without Open- Therm device	Communication error, OpenTherm device	Check connections and cable; re- place OpenTherm device if re- quired.
b0	Burner blocked	Short circuit, flue gas tem- perature sensor	Check sensor (see page 57).
b7	Emergency mode	Burner control unit fault	Turn the ON/OFF switch off and on again.
b8	Burner blocked	Lead break, flue gas tem- perature sensor	Check sensor (see page 57).
E3	Burner in a fault state	Fault in safety chain	Check the temperature limiter and connecting leads (see page 56). Check the control unit and replace if required.
E5	Burner blocked	Internal fault	Check the ionisation electrode and connecting cables. Press "Reset" (see page 51).
F0	Burner blocked.	Internal fault	Replace control unit.
F1	Burner in a fault state	Max. flue gas temperature exceeded	Check heating system fill level. Check circulation pump. Vent the system. Press "Reset" (see page 51).

### Fault display (cont.)

Fault code dis- played	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
F2	Burner in a fault state	Temperature limiter has responded	Check heating system fill level. Check circulation pump. Vent the system. Check the temperature limiter and connecting leads (see page 56). Press "Reset" (see page 51).
F3	Burner in a fault state	Flame signal is already present at burner start	Check ionisation electrode and connecting cable. Press "Reset" (see page 51).
F4	Burner in a fault state	There is no flame signal	Check the ignition/ionisation elec- trode and connecting cable, gas pressure, gas train, ignition, igni- tion module and condensate drain. Press "Reset" (see page 51).
F8	Burner in a fault state	Fuel valve closes too late	Check gas train. Check both con- trol paths. Press "Reset" (see page 51).
F9	Burner in a fault state	Fan speed too low during burner start	Check the fan, fan connecting ca- bles, fan power supply and fan control. Press "Reset" (see page 51).
FA	Burner in a fault state	Fan idle state not reached	Check the fan, fan connecting ca- bles and fan control. Press "Reset" (see page 51).
FC	Burner blocked	Electrical fan control (con- trol unit) faulty	Check fan connecting cable; re- place if necessary or replace con- trol unit
Fd	Burner blocked	Burner control unit fault	Check ignition electrodes and con- necting cables. Check whether a strong interference (EMC) field ex- ists near the appliance. Press "Reset" (see page 51). Replace control unit if fault per- sists.
FF	Burner blocked	Burner control unit fault	Check ignition electrodes and con- necting cables. Check whether a strong interference (EMC) field ex- ists near the appliance. Press "Reset" (see page 51). Replace control unit if fault per- sists.

### Press reset (reset burner control unit)

Tap and hold **R** for approx. 2 s. If the fault has been rectified, fault symbol " $\Delta$ " disappears and the default display is shown or a further fault message is displayed.

If the fault persists, the fault message appears again.

### Repairs

#### **Please note**

Residual water will escape when the boiler or one of the following components is fitted or removed:

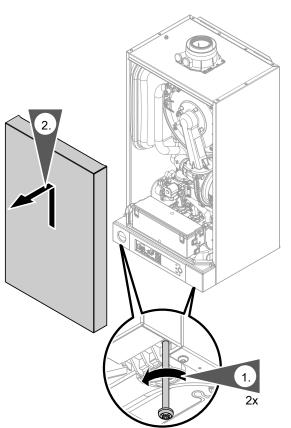
- Water-filled pipework
- Circulation pumps
- Plate heat exchanger
- Components fitted in the heating water or DHW circuit

Water ingress can result in damage to other components.

Protect the following components against ingress of water:

- Control unit (in particular in the service position)
- Electrical components
- Plug-in connections
- Cables and leads

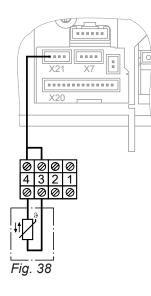
#### **Removing the front panel**

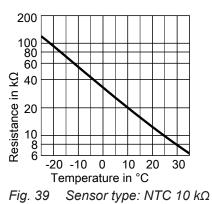


#### Fig. 37

- 1. Undo the screws on the underside of the boiler but 2. Remove front panel. do not remove them completely.

### Outside temperature sensor

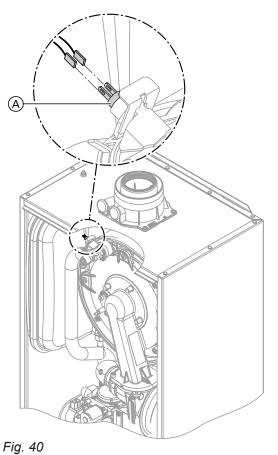




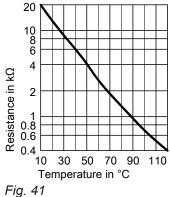
- 1. Open the control unit enclosure. See page 16.
- 2. Disconnect leads from outside temperature sensor.

- **3.** Check the sensor resistance and compare it to the curve.
- 4. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.

### Boiler water temperature sensor



1. Disconnect leads from boiler water temperature sensor (A) and check the resistance.



- **2.** Check the sensor resistance and compare it to the curve.
- **3.** In the case of severe deviation, drain the boiler on the heating water side and replace the sensor.



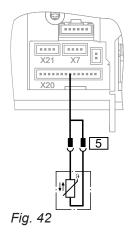
### Danger

The boiler water temperature sensor is directly immersed in the heating water (risk of scalding).

Drain the boiler before replacing the sensor.

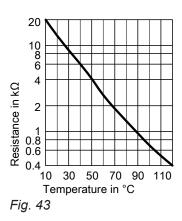
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### Checking the cylinder temperature sensor (gas condensing system boiler)



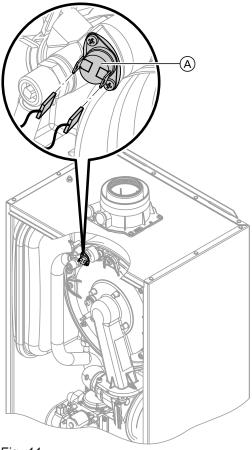
1. Disconnect plug 5 from the cable harness and check the resistance.

- 2. Compare the sensor resistance to the curve.
- 3. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.



### Checking the temperature limiter

If the burner control unit cannot be reset after a fault shutdown although the boiler water temperature is below approx. 95 °C, check the temperature limiter.



- **1.** Disconnect the leads from temperature limiter (A).
- 2. Check the continuity of the temperature limiter with a multimeter.
- 3. Remove faulty temperature limiter.
- 4. Install a new temperature limiter.
- 5. Reset by pressing "Reset" (see page 51).

Fig. 44

Diagnosis

### Checking the outlet temperature sensor (gas condensing combi boiler)

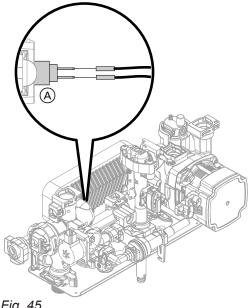
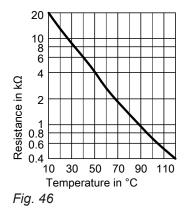
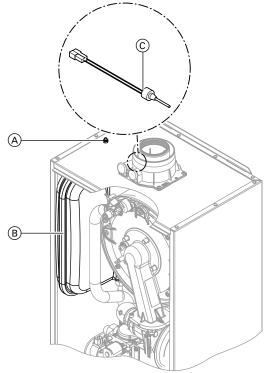


Fig. 45

- 1. Disconnect leads from outlet temperature sensor (A).
- 2. Check sensor resistance and compare it to the curve.



### Checking the flue gas temperature sensor





3. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.

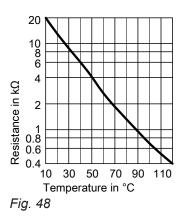
### Note

Water may escape when replacing the outlet temperature sensor. Shut off the cold water supply. Drain the DHW line and the plate heat exchanger (on the DHW side).

- 1. Undo nut A and remove expansion vessel B.
- 2. Disconnect leads from flue gas temperature sensor C.
- **3.** Check sensor resistance and compare it to the curve.

### Troubleshooting

### Repairs (cont.)



### Fault "A3" during commissioning

During commissioning, the control unit checks whether the flue gas temperature sensor is correctly positioned. If the flue gas temperature sensor is incorrectly positioned, commissioning is aborted and fault message A3 is shown.

1. Check whether the flue gas temperature sensor is correctly inserted. See previous diagram.

- 4. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.
- 5. Reinstall expansion vessel (B) and tighten nut (A). When installing the sensor, ensure it is correctly seated.

- 2. If necessary, correct the position of the flue gas temperature sensor or replace the faulty flue gas temperature sensor.
- Tap and hold R for approx. 2 s and repeat commissioning.
   The check is repeated until it is completed successfully.

### Replacing the flow limiter (gas condensing combi boiler)

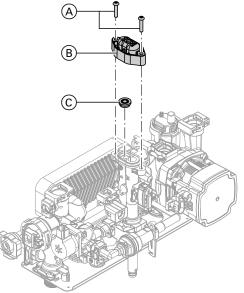


Fig. 49

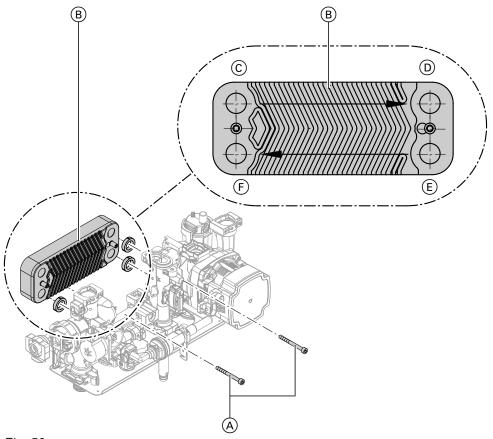
	. 9.	

Serial no. (type plate)	Flow rate I/min	Colour
7570673	10	Black
7570675	12	Red
7570677	14	Brown

- 1. Drain the boiler on the DHW side.
- 2. Pivot the control unit downwards.
- 3. Undo screws (A).
- 4. Remove cap (B).
- 5. Select new flow limiter ⓒ according to the boiler serial no. (see type plate) and the following table.
- 6. Insert new flow limiter ©.
- 7. Fit new cap 
  B provided.

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### Checking or replacing the plate heat exchanger (gas condensing combi boiler)



#### Fig. 50

- © Heating water flow
- D Heating water return
- E Cold water
- (F) DHW
- 1. Shut off and drain the boiler on the heating water and DHW sides.
- 2. Pivot the control unit downwards.
- **3.** Undo 2 screws (A) on plate heat exchanger (B) and remove plate heat exchanger with gaskets.

#### Note

During and after removal, small amounts of water may trickle from the plate heat exchanger.

 Check the connections on the DHW side for scaling; clean or replace the plate heat exchanger if required.

- 5. Check the connections on the heating water side for contamination; clean or replace the plate heat exchanger if required.
- 6. Install in reverse order using new gaskets.

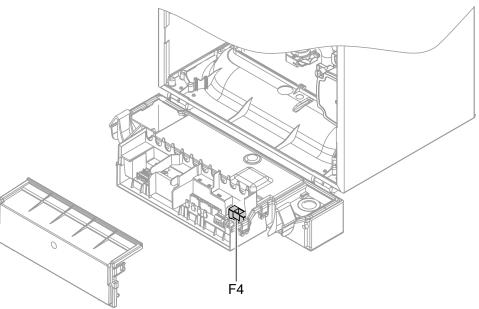
#### Note

During installation, ensure the fixing holes are aligned and the gaskets are seated correctly. Fit the plate heat exchanger the right way round.

### Troubleshooting

Repairs (cont.)

### Checking the fuse



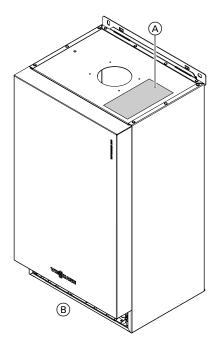


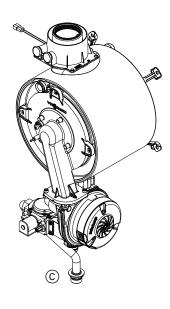
- **1.** Switch OFF the power supply.
- 2. Open the control unit enclosure (see page 16).
- 3. Check fuse F4.

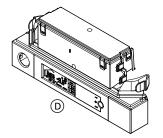
### **Overview of assemblies**

## The following details are required when ordering parts:

- Serial no. (see type plate (A))
- Assembly (from this parts list)
- Position number of the individual part within the assembly (from this parts list)

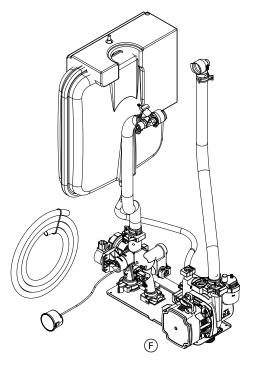








- (A) Type plate
- (B) Casing assembly
- © Heat cell assembly with burner
- (D) Control unit assembly



(E) Miscellaneous(F) Hydraulic assembly

Parts lists

### Casing assembly

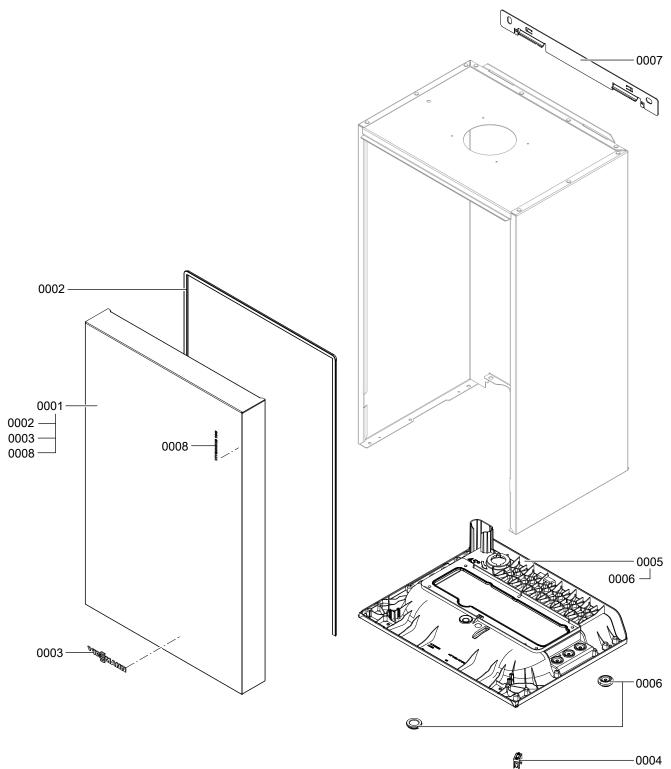


Fig. 53

Components

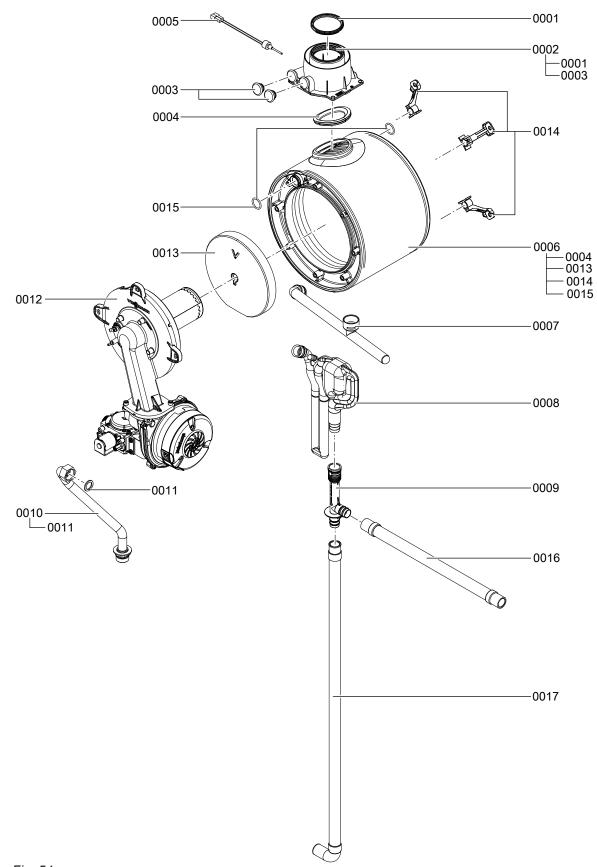
### Casing assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Front panel
0002	Profiled seal
0003	Viessmann logo
0004	Strain relief, upper part
0005	Air box floor
0006	Diaphragm grommets (set)
0007	Wall mounting bracket
8000	Vitodens 100 logo

▸►

Parts lists

### Heat cell assembly



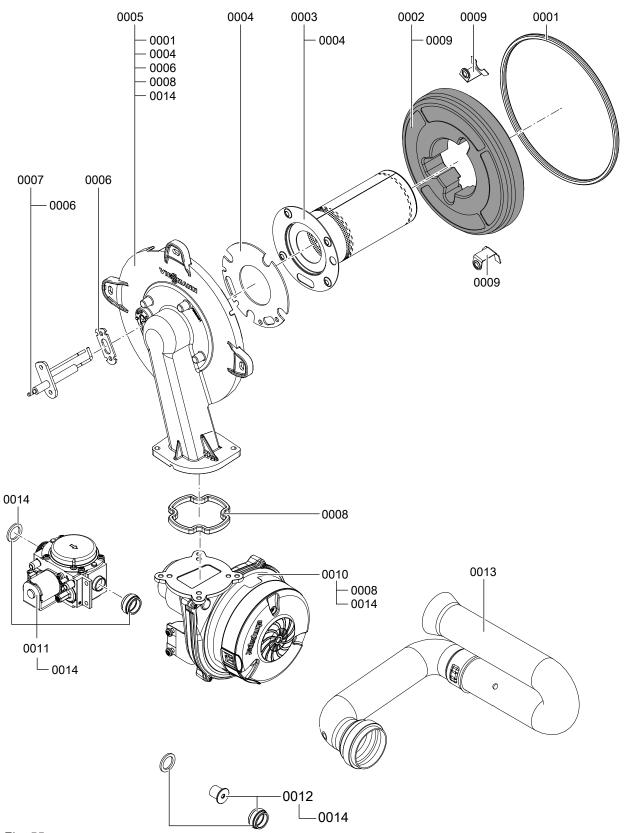
### Heat cell assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Gasket DN 60
0002	Boiler flue connection
0003	Boiler flue connection plug
0004	Flue gasket
0005	Flue gas temperature sensor
0006	Heat exchanger
0007	Condensate hose
8000	Splash trap
0009	Tee connector
0010	Gas connection
0011	Gasket A 17 x 24 x 2 (5 pce)
0012	Burner
0013	Thermal insulation block
0014	Heat exchanger mounting bracket (set)
0015	O-ring 20.63 x 2.62 (5 pce)
0016	Condensate hose 400
0017	Corrugated hose 19 x 800 with ferrule/bend

▸►

Parts lists

### Burner assembly

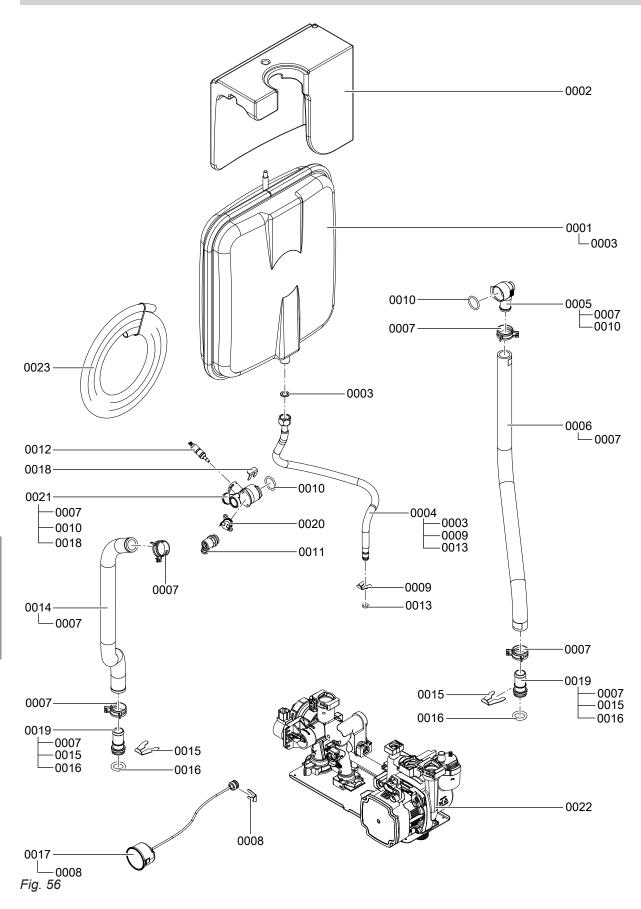


### Burner assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Burner gasket (wearing part)
0002	Thermal insulation ring
0003	Cylinder burner gauze assembly (wearing part)
0004	Burner gauze assembly gasket
0005	Burner door
0006	Gasket, ionisation electrode (5 pce)
0007	Ignition/ionisation electrode
8000	Gasket, burner door flange (wearing part)
0009	Mounting plate, thermal insulation ring (2 pce)
0010	Radial fan NRG 118
0011	Gas valve
0012	Conversion kit G31
0013	Venturi extension
0014	Gasket A 17 x 24 x 2 (5 pce)

▸►

### Hydraulic assembly



### Hydraulic assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Diaphragm expansion vessel CRI 8
0002	MAG (diaphragm expansion vessel) padding profile
0003	Gasket A 10 x 15 x 1.5 (5 pce)
0004	MAG connection line (diaphragm expansion vessel) G 3/8
0005	Connection elbow HR (heating return)
0006	Profile hose HR (heating return)
0007	Spring clip DN 25 (5 pce)
0008	Clip Ø 10 (5 pce)
0009	Clip Ø 8 narrow (5 pce)
0010	O-ring 20.63 x 2.62 (5 pce)
0011	Air vent valve G 3/8
0012	Temperature sensor
0013	Circular seal washer 8 x 2 (5 pce)
0014	Profile hose HV (heating flow)
0015	Clip Ø 18 (5 pce)
0016	O-ring 17 x 4 (5 pce)
0017	Pressure gauge
0018	Clip Ø 8 (5 pce)
0019	Adaptor, hose connector
0020	Thermal circuit breaker
0021	Connection elbow HV (heating flow)
0022	Hydraulics (see hydraulic assembly, system or combi boiler)
0023	Hose 10 x 1.5 x 1500

### Parts lists

### Hydraulic assembly, system boiler

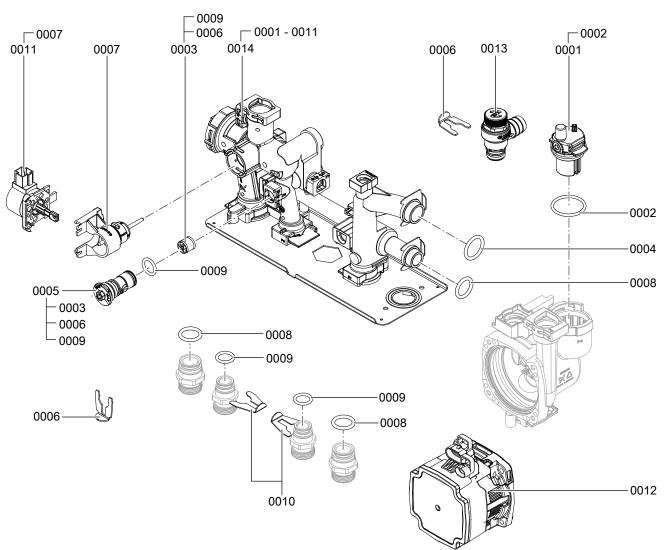


Fig. 57

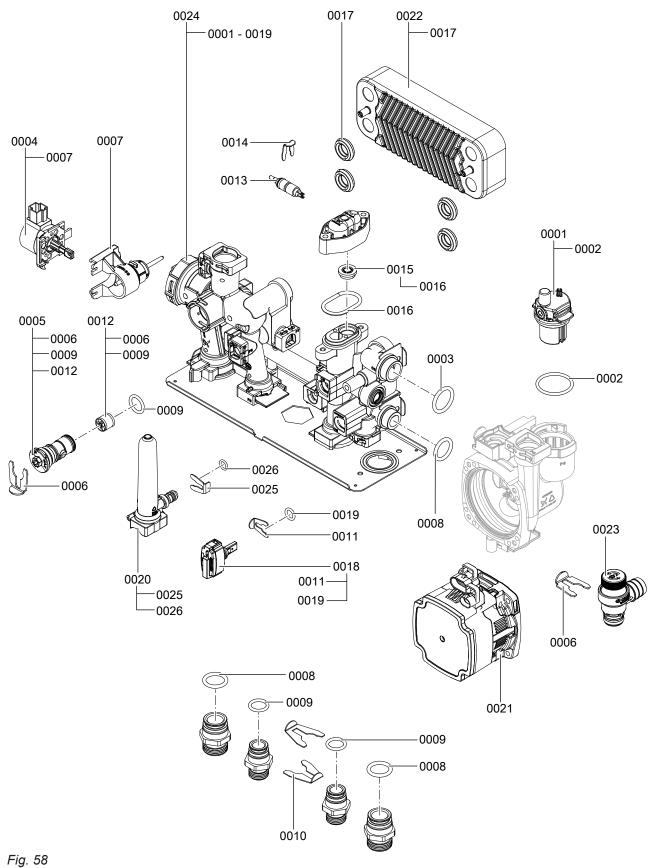
### Hydraulic assembly, system boiler (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Air vent valve
0002	O-ring 34 x 3 (5 pce)
0003	Check valve
0004	O-ring 23.7 x 3.6 (5 pce)
0005	Bypass cartridge
0006	Clip Ø 16 (5 pce)
0007	Stepper motor adaptor
8000	O-ring 19.8 x 3.6 (5 pce)
0009	O-ring 16 x 3 (5 pce)
0010	Clip Ø 18 (5 pce)
0011	Linear stepper motor
0012	Motor, circulation pump UPM3 15-75
0013	Safety valve
0014	Hydraulic assembly, system boiler

▸►

### Parts lists

### Hydraulic assembly, combi boiler



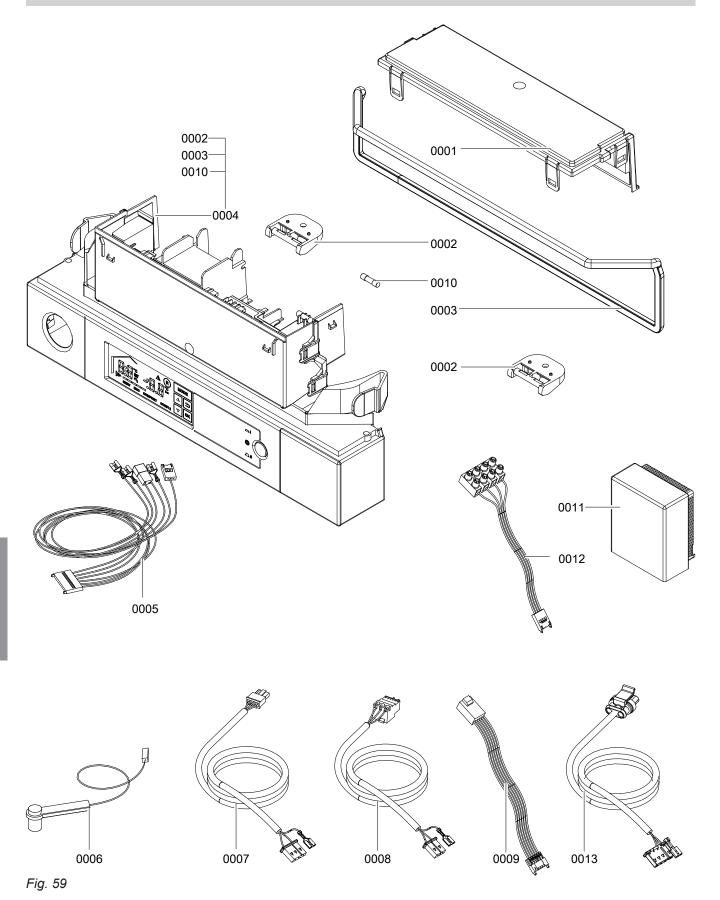
rig. so

# Hydraulic assembly, combi boiler (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Air vent valve for HK (heating circuit) pump
0002	O-rings 34 x 3 (5 pce)
0003	O-ring 23.7 x 3.6 (5 pce)
0004	Linear stepper motor
0005	Bypass cartridge
0006	Clip Ø 16 (5 pce)
0007	Stepper motor adaptor
0008	O-ring 19.8 x 3.6 (5 pce)
0009	O-ring 16 x 3 (5 pce)
0010	Clip Ø 18 (5 pce)
0011	Clip Ø 10 (5 pce)
0012	Check valve
0013	Temperature sensor
0014	Clip Ø 8 narrow (5 pce)
0015	Water volume controller
0016	Oval cap seal (5 pce)
0017	Gasket set PWT
0018	Flow sensor
0019	O-ring 9.6 x 2.4 (5 pce)
0020	Expansion vessel
0021	Motor, circulation pump UPM3 15-75
0022	Plate heat exchanger
0023	Safety valve
0024	Hydraulic assembly, combi boiler
0025	Clip Ø 8 (5 pce)
0026	Circular seal washer 8 x 2 (5 pce)

Parts lists

## Control unit assembly

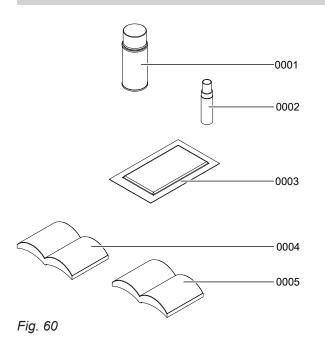


# Control unit assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Cover, wiring chamber
0002	Clip hinge
0003	Profiled seal
0004	Control unit VBC113-D20
0005	Cable harness X20
0006	Ignition cable
0007	Gas valve connecting cable 35
8000	Fan connecting cable 100
0009	Cable harness, stepper motor AMP-X
0010	Fuse, 2.5A (slow), 250V (10 pce)
0011	Outside temperature sensor NTC
0012	Cable harness X21
0013	Heating circuit pump connecting cable 20

• ►

# Miscellaneous assembly



# Miscellaneous assembly (cont.)

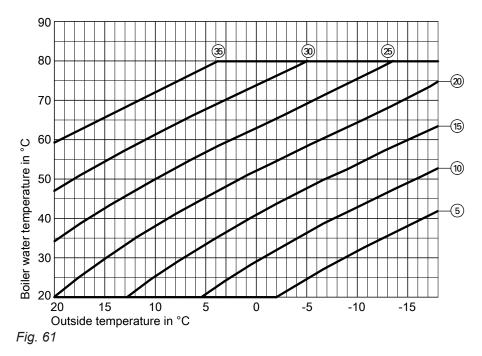
Pos.	Part
0001	Touch-up spray paint, white, 150 ml can
0002	Touch-up paint stick, white
0003	Special grease
0004	Installation and service instructions
0005	Operating instructions

## Control unit

### Functions and operating conditions in weather-compensated mode

In weather-compensated mode, the boiler water temperature is regulated subject to the outside temperature.





 Code for selected heating curve The setting can be made in increments of - - to 35.

#### Set heating curve

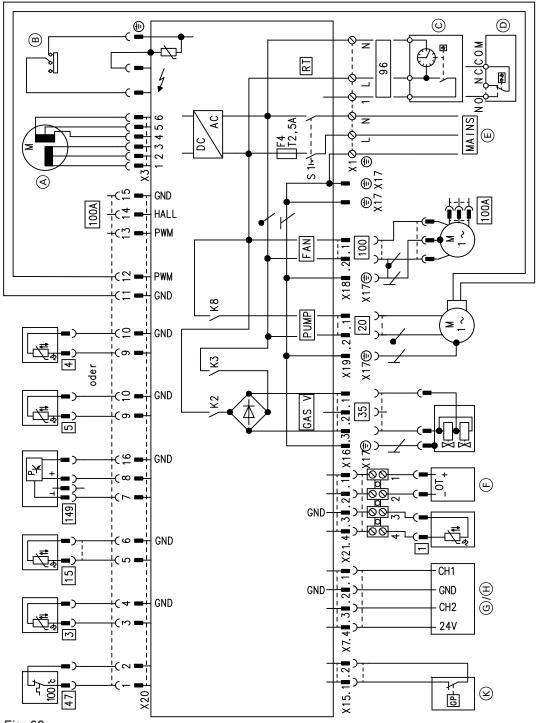
 Tap ▲/▼. The set parameter flashes and m will be displayed.

#### Frost protection function

The frost protection function requires an outside temperature sensor to be connected. Frost protection function is active at outside temperatures of < 5 °C. The burner starts and the boiler water temperature is held at 20 °C.

- **2.** Use  $\blacktriangle/\forall$  to select the parameter.
- 3. OK to confirm.

### **Connection and wiring diagram**



#### Fig. 62

5697 787 GB

- (A) Diverter valve stepper motor
- B Ignition/ionisation
- © Vitotrol 100, type UTA or on-site room temperature controller (230 V switched input)
- Vitotrol 100, type UTDB or on-site room temper-(D) ature controller (230 V switched input)
- Power supply 230 V/50 Hz E
- (F) Remote control (OpenTherm device) or mixer extension kit (OpenTherm)
- G Time switch (accessories)
- (H)Vitotrol 100, type UTDB-RF2
- K Gas pressure switch (accessories)
- Χ... Electrical interface

- Outside temperature sensor (accessories) |1|
- 3 Boiler water temperature sensor
- 4 Outlet temperature sensor (gas condensing combi boiler)
- Cylinder temperature sensor (gas condensing 5 system boiler)
- 15 Flue gas temperature sensor
- 20 Circulation pump 230 V~
- 35 Gas solenoid valve
- 47 **Temperature limiter** Fan motor 230 V~
- 100
- 100 A Fan control
- 149 Flow sensor

## Reports

(cont.)

Settings and test values		Commis- sioning	Mainte- nance/ service	Mainte- nance/ service	Mainte- nance/ service	Mainte- nance/serv- ice
Date						
Signature						
Gas type	G					
Static pressure	mbar					
	kPa					
Supply pressure (flow pres- sure)	mbar					
	kPa					
Carbon dioxide content CO <sub>2</sub>						
<ul> <li>Upper heating output</li> </ul>	% by vol.					
<ul> <li>Lower heating output</li> </ul>	% by vol.					
Oxygen content O <sub>2</sub>						
<ul> <li>Upper heating output</li> </ul>	% by vol.					
<ul> <li>Lower heating output</li> </ul>	% by vol.					
Carbon monoxide content CO	ррт					

Appendix

# Specification

Gas condensing system boiler, class  $II_{\rm 2H3P}$ 

Туре		B1HC			
Rated heating output range in heating mode					
T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> 50/30 °C	kW	4.7 (6.5) <sup>*1</sup> – 19	4.7 (6.5) <sup>*1</sup> – 26	5.9 (8.8) <sup>*1</sup> – 30	5.9 (8.8) <sup>*1</sup> – 35
T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> 80/60 °C	kW	4.3 (5.9) <sup>*1</sup> − 17.4	4.3 (5.9) <sup>*1</sup> – 23.8	5.4 (8.0) <sup>*1</sup> – 27.5	5.4 (8.0) <sup>*1</sup> – 32.1
Rated heating input range	kW	4.4 (6.1) <sup>*1</sup> – 17.8	4.4 (6.1) <sup>*1</sup> – 24.3	5.5 (8.2) <sup>*1</sup> – 28.0	5.5 (8.2) <sup>*1</sup> – 32.7
Connection values Relative to the max. load for:					
- Natural gas H	m³/h	1.88	2.6	2.96	3.46
- LPG P	kg/h	1.39	1.90	2.19	2.56
Rated voltage	V	230			
Rated frequency	Hz		5	0	
Rated current	А		2.	.0	
Backup fuse (max.)	А		1	6	
Power consumption (max.)	W	82	88	96	106
Permissible ambient temperature					
- during operation	°C		0 to	+40	
<ul> <li>during storage and transport</li> </ul>	°C		-20 to	o +65	
IP rating		IP X4 to E	N 60529 (only f	or room sealed	operation)
Protection class					
Temperature limiter setting	°C	100 (fixed)			
Weight	kg	35	36	37	37
Product ID			CE-0063	CQ3356	

Gas condensing combi boiler, category  $II_{\rm 2H3P}$ 

Туре	B1KC			
Rated heating output range in heating mode				
T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> 50/30 °C	kW	4.7 (6.5) <sup>*1</sup> – 26	5.9 (8.8) <sup>*1</sup> − 30	5.9 (8.8) <sup>*1</sup> – 35
T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> 80/60 °C	kW	<b>4.3 (5.9)<sup>*1</sup> – 23.8</b>	5.4 (8.0) <sup>*1</sup> – 27.5	5.4 (8.0) <sup>*1</sup> – 32.1
Rated heating output range for DHW heating	kW	4.3 (5.9) <sup>*1</sup> – 26.0	5.4 (8.0) <sup>*1</sup> – 30.0	5.4 (8.0) <sup>*1</sup> – 35.0
Rated heating input range	kW	4.4 (6.1) <sup>*1</sup> – 27.1	5.5 (8.2) <sup>*1</sup> – 31.3	5.5 (8.2) <sup>*1</sup> - 36.5

## Specification (cont.)

Туре			B1KC	
Rated heating output range in heating mode				
T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> 50/30 °C	kW	4.7 (6.5) <sup>∗1</sup> – 26	5.9 (8.8) <sup>*1</sup> – 30	5.9 (8.8) <sup>∗1</sup> – 35
T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> 80/60 °C	kW	4.3 (5.9) <sup>∗1</sup> – 23.8	5.4 (8.0) <sup>*1</sup> – 27.5	5.4 (8.0) <sup>∗1</sup> – 32.1
Connection values Relative to the max. load for:				
- Natural gas H	m³/h	2.87	3.31	3.86
- LPG P	kg/h	2.12	2.45	2.85
Rated voltage	V	•	230	
Rated frequency	Hz		50	
Rated current	A		2.0	
Backup fuse (max.)	A		16	
Power consumption (max.)	W	94	104	120
Permissible ambient temperature		•		
- during operation	°C		0 to +40	
- during storage and transport	°C		-20 to +65	
IP rating		IP X4 to EN 6052	29 (only for room seale	ed operation)
Protection class			I	
Temperature limiter setting	°C		100 (fixed)	
DHW heating				
Permiss. operating pressure	bar	10	10	10
	MPa	1.0	1.0	1.0
Nominal water flow rate at ∆T 30 K (to EN 13203)	l/min	12.4	14.3	16.7
Set flow rate (max.)	l/min	10	12	14
Weight	kg	36	38	38
Product ID		L. L	CE-0063CQ3356	

#### Note

The supply values are only for reference (e.g. in the gas contract application) or for a supplementary, rough estimate to check the volumetric settings. Due to factory settings, the gas pressure must not be altered from these values. Reference: 15 °C, 1013 mbar (101.3 kPa).

## Final decommissioning and disposal

Viessmann products can be recycled. Components and substances from the system are not part of ordinary household waste.

For decommissioning the system, isolate the system from the power supply and allow components to cool down where appropriate.

All components must be disposed of correctly.

### **Declaration of conformity**

#### Vitodens 100-W, type B1HC and B1KC

We, Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co. KG, D-35107 Allendorf, declare as sole responsible body that the named product complies with the provisions of the following directives and regulations:

2009/142/EC	Gas Appliances Directive
2014/30/EU	EMC Directive
2014/35/EU	Low Voltage Directive
2009/125/EC	Ecodesign Framework Directive
2010/30/EU	Energy Consumption Labelling Framework Directive
811/2013	EU Regulation "Energy Efficiency Label"
813/2013	EU Regulation "Energy Efficiency Requirements"

#### Applied standards:

EN 15036-1: 2006 EN 15502-1: 2012 + A1: 2015 EN 15502-2-1: 2012 EN 55014-1: 2006 + A1: 2009 + A2: 2011 EN 55014-2: 2015 EN 60335-1: 2012 + AC: 2014 EN 60335-2-102: 2006 + A1: 2010 EN 61000-3-2: 2006 + A1: 2009 + A2: 2009 + 2014 EN 61000-3-3: 2013

In accordance with the listed directives, this product is designated with CE-0063.

Allendorf, 1 June 2016

Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co. KG

The following

Authorised signatory Manfred Sommer

#### Manufacturer's declaration

This product meets the requirements of the Efficiency Directive (92/42/EEC) for condensing boilers.

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## Applicability

#### Serial No.:

7570671 7570675 7570672 7570676

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