



Installation, User and Service Manual High-efficiency wall-hung gas boiler



**Quinta Pro** 30 - 45 - 55 - 65 - 90 - 115

remeha.co.uk

# Dear Customer,

Thank you very much for buying this appliance.

Please read through the manual carefully before using the product, and keep it in a safe place for later reference. In order to ensure continued safe and efficient operation we recommend that the product is serviced regularly. Our service and customer service organisation can assist with this.

We hope you enjoy years of problem-free operation with the product.

# Contents

1	Safet	<b>v</b>		6
•	1.1		safety instructions	
	1.2		nendations	
	1.3		S	
	1.0	1.3.1	Manufacturer's liability	
		1.3.1	Installer's liability	
		1.3.2	User's liability	
		1.3.3		U
•	A In	4.4h-1=		
2			nual	
	2.1	-	s used	
		2.1.1	Symbols used in the manual	
	2.2	Abbrevia	ations	1
3	Techi		ifications	
	3.1	Homolog	gations	
		3.1.1	Certifications	2
		3.1.2	Unit categories	2
		3.1.3	Directives	2
		3.1.4	Factory test	
	3.2		al data	
	3.3		ons and connections	
	3.4		Il diagram	
	U.T	_10001100		'
4	Deec	ription of t	the product	Q
-			description	
	4.Z		ng principle	
			Circulating pump	
			Cascade system	
			Water flow	
	4.0		Calorifier connection	
			nponents	
	4.4		panel description	
		4.4.1	What each key means	
		4.4.2	Meaning of the symbols on the display 20	
	4.5		d delivery	
	4.6	Accesso	ries and options	0
5	Befor	e installat	ion	1
	5.1		on regulations	
	5.2		of the location	
			Boiler position	
	53		on	
	0.0	, on man		•
6	Inetal	lation		2
0				
			tion	
	0.2	•		
	6.0		Positioning the boiler	
	6.3	•	c connections	
			Rinsing the system	
			Connecting the heating circuit	
			Connecting the expansion vessel 24	
		6.3.4	Connecting the condensate discharge pipe	
	6.4		nection	
	6.5	Air supp	ly/flue gas connections	4
		6.5.1	Classification	4
<ul> <li>4.2 Operating principle</li></ul>	Outlets	6		
			Material	
			Length of the air and flue gas pipes	
			Additional guidelines	
			Connecting the flue gas outlet and air supply	
	66			
	0.0		Control unit	
			Recommendations	
		0.0.2	Neooniniendallotis	J

		6.6.3 6.6.4 6.6.5	Access to the connectors	32
	6.7		ve installation	.41
		6.7.2	Filling the siphon	
		6.7.3	Filling the system	42
7	Comr		g	
	7.1		·	
	7.2			
	7.3			
	7.4 7.5		al connections	
	7.6		tings	
		7.6.1	Adjusting to a different gas type	
		7.6.2	Checking and setting the gas/air ratio	
	7.7	Final ins	structions	48
8	Opera	ation		.49
	8.1		he control panel	
	8.2		vn	
	8.3	Frost pro		49
9	0			E 4
9	9.1		ter descriptions	
	9.2		g the parameters	
	•	9.2.1	Changing the user-level parameters	
		9.2.2	Changing the parameters at installer level	54
		9.2.3	Setting the maximum load for CH operation	
		9.2.4	Return to the factory settings	
		9.2.5 9.2.6	Carrying out an auto-detect	
	9.3		Setting the manual mode	
	9.0	9.3.1	Reading the various current values	
		9.3.2	Reading out the hour counter and percentage of successful starts	
		9.3.3	Status and sub-status	
40				~~
10				
			ance message	
	10.2	10.2.1	Resetting the service messages .	
		10.2.2	Starting a new service interval	
	10.3		d inspection and maintenance operations	
		10.3.1	Checking the water pressure	
		10.3.2	Checking the ionisation current	
		10.3.3 10.3.4	Checking the flue gas outlet/air supply connections	
		10.3.5	Checking the automatic air vent	
		10.3.6	Cleaning the siphon	
		10.3.7	Checking the burner and cleaning the heat exchanger	
	10.4	Specific	maintenance work	67
	10.4	Specific 10.4.1	maintenance work	67 67
	10.4	Specific 10.4.1 10.4.2	maintenance work	67 67 68
	10.4	Specific 10.4.1	maintenance work	67 67 68
11		Specific 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.4.3	maintenance work	67 67 68 68
11	Trout	Specific 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.4.3 Dieshootin Error coo	maintenance work	67 68 68 <b>.69</b> 69
11	Trout	Specific 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.4.3 <b>bleshootin</b> Error coo 11.1.1	maintenance work	67 68 68 69 69
11	<b>Troub</b> 11.1	Specific 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.4.3 <b>bleshootin</b> Error coo 11.1.1 11.1.2	maintenance work	67 67 68 68 <b>.69</b> 69 69 71
11	<b>Troub</b> 11.1	Specific 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.4.3 <b>bleshootin</b> Error coo 11.1.1 11.1.2 Error me	maintenance work	67 68 68 69 69 71 75
11	<b>Troub</b> 11.1	Specific 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.4.3 <b>bleshootin</b> Error coo 11.1.1 11.1.2	maintenance work	67 68 68 69 69 71 75 75
	<b>Trout</b> 11.1 11.2	Specific 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.4.3 <b>bleshootin</b> Error coo 11.1.1 11.1.2 Error me 11.2.1 11.2.2	maintenance work	67 68 68 69 69 69 71 75 75 75 76

	Spare parts	
	13.1 General	. 78
	13.2 Parts	. 79
14	Appendix	. 83
	14.1 ErP information	
	14.1.1 Product fiche	. 83
	14.1.2 Package sheet	. 84
	14.2 EC declaration of conformity	.85
	14.3 Optional electrical connections	. 85

# 1 Safety

# 1.1 General safety instructions

For the installer:

# Danger If you smell gas: 1. Do not use naked flames, do not smoke and do not operate electrical contacts or switches (doorbell, lighting, motor, lift etc). 2. Shut off the gas supply. 3. Open the windows. 4. Trace possible leaks and seal them off immediately. 5. If the leak is upstream of the gas meter, notify the gas company. Danger If you smell flue gases: 1. Switch the boiler off. 2. Open the windows. 3. Trace possible leaks and seal them off immediately.



After maintenance or repair work, check the entire heating installation to ensure that there are no leaks.

For the end user:

# ∧ Danger

If you smell gas:

- 1. Do not use naked flames, do not smoke and do not operate electrical contacts or switches (doorbell, lighting, motor, lift etc).
- 2. Shut off the gas supply.
- 3. Open the windows.
- 4. Report any leaks immediately.
- 5. Evacuate the property.
- 6. Contact a qualified installer.



If you smell flue gases:

- 1. Switch the boiler off.
- 2. Open the windows.
- 3. Report any leaks immediately.
- 4. Evacuate the property.
- 5. Contact a qualified installer.

# Warning

Do not touch the flue gas pipes. Depending on the boiler settings, the temperature of the flue gas pipes can rise to over 60°C.

# Warning

Do not touch radiators for long periods. Depending on the boiler settings, the temperature of the radiators can rise to over 60°C.

# Warning

The use of the boiler and the installation by you as the end-user must be limited to the operations described in this manual. All other actions may only be undertaken by a qualified fitter/engineer.

# Caution

Ensure that the boiler is regularly serviced. Contact a qualified installer or arrange a maintenance contract for the servicing of the boiler.

# Caution

i

Only genuine spare parts may be used.

# Important

Regularly check for the presence of water and pressure in the heating installation.

#### 1.2 Recommendations

# Danger

This appliance can be used by children aged eight and above and people with a physical, sensory or mental disability, or with a lack of experience and knowledge, provided they are supervised and instructed in how to use the appliance in a safe manner and understand the associated dangers. Children must not be allowed to play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance should not be carried out by children without adult supervision.



# Warning

Installation and maintenance of the boiler must be carried out by a gualified installer in accordance with local and national regulations.



The installation and maintenance of the boiler must be undertaken by a qualified installer in accordance with the information in the supplied manual, doing otherwise may result in dangerous situations and/or bodily injury.

# Warning

Removal and disposal of the boiler must be carried out by a qualified installer in accordance with local and national regulations.

# Warning

If the mains lead is damaged, it must be replaced by the original manufacturer, the manufacturer's dealer or another suitably skilled person to prevent hazardous situations from arising.

# Warning

Always disconnect the mains supply and close the main gas tap when working on the boiler.

# Warning

Check the entire system for leaks after maintenance and servicing work.

# Danger

For safety reasons, we recommend fitting smoke and CO alarms at suitable places in your home.

# ∧ Caution

- Make sure the boiler can be reached at all times.
- The boiler must be installed in a frost-free area.
- If the power cord is permanently connected, you must always install a main bipolar switch with an opening gap of at least 3 mm (BS EN 60335-1).
- Drain the boiler and central heating system if you are not going to use your home for a long time and there is a chance of frost.
- The frost protection does not work if the boiler is out of operation.
- The boiler protection only protects the boiler, not the system.
- Check the water pressure in the system regularly. If the water pressure is lower than 0.8 bar, the system must be topped up (recommended water pressure between 1.5 and 2 bar).

# | Important

i

Keep this document near to the boiler.

# i Important

Only remove the casing for maintenance and repair operations. Refit all panels when maintenance work and servicing are complete.

# i Important

Instruction and warning labels must never be removed or covered and must be clearly legible throughout the entire service life of the boiler. Damaged or illegible instructions and warning stickers must be replaced immediately.

# i Important

Modifications to the boiler require the written approval of **Remeha**.

# 1.3 Liabilities

# 1.3.1 Manufacturer's liability

Our products are manufactured in compliance with the requirements of the various Directives applicable. They are therefore delivered with the  $c \in$  marking and any documents necessary. In the interests of the quality of our products, we strive constantly to improve them. We therefore reserve the right to modify the specifications given in this document.

Our liability as manufacturer may not be invoked in the following cases:

- Failure to abide by the instructions on installing the appliance.
- Failure to abide by the instructions on using the appliance.
- Faulty or insufficient maintenance of the appliance.

# 1.3.2 Installer's liability

The installer is responsible for the installation and initial commissioning of the appliance. The installer must observe the following instructions:

- Read and follow the instructions given in the manuals provided with the appliance.
- Install the appliance in compliance with prevailing legislation and standards.
- Carry out initial commissioning and any checks necessary.
- Explain the installation to the user.
- If maintenance is necessary, warn the user of the obligation to check the appliance and keep it in good working order.
- Give all the instruction manuals to the user.

# 1.3.3 User's liability

To guarantee optimum operation of the system, you must abide by the following instructions:

- Read and follow the instructions given in the manuals provided with the appliance.
- Call on a qualified professional to carry out installation and initial commissioning.
- Get your installer to explain your installation to you.
- Have the required inspections and maintenance carried out by a qualified installer.
- Keep the instruction manuals in good condition close to the appliance.

# 2 About this manual

# 2.1 Symbols used

# 2.1.1 Symbols used in the manual

This manual uses various danger levels to draw attention to special instructions. We do this to improve user safety, to prevent problems and to guarantee correct operation of the appliance.

0	
	<b>Danger</b> Risk of dangerous situations that may result in serious personal injury.
	Danger of electric shock Risk of electric shock.
	Warning Risk of dangerous situations that may result in minor personal in- jury.
	Caution Risk of material damage.
i	Important Please note: important information.
	See Reference to other manuals or pages in this manual.

# 2.2 Abbreviations

DHW	Domestic hot water
PCU	PCB for managing burner operation
PWM	Pulse wide modulation
SCU	Control panel PCB
SU	Safety PCB

# 3 Technical specifications

# 3.1 Homologations

# 3.1.1 Certifications

Tab.1 Certifications

CE identification number	PIN 0063CL3333
NOx class	5 (EN 15502–1)
Type of connection	B <sub>23</sub> , B <sub>23P</sub> , B <sub>33</sub>
	C <sub>13</sub> , C <sub>33</sub> , C <sub>43</sub> , C <sub>53</sub> , C <sub>63</sub> , C <sub>83</sub> , C <sub>93</sub>

## Tab.2 Gas Council number

Quinta Pro	30	45	55	65
Gas Council num- ber	41-288-15	41-288-16	41-228-18	41-288-17

# 3.1.2 Unit categories

## Tab.3 Unit categories

Country	Category	Gas type	Connection pressure (mbar)
Great Britain	II <sub>2H3B/P</sub>	G20 (H-gas)	20
	II <sub>2H3P</sub>	G31 (propane)	37-50

## 3.1.3 Directives

In addition to the legal requirements and guidelines, the supplementary guidelines in this manual must also be followed.

Supplements or subsequent regulations and guidelines that are valid at the time of installation shall apply to all regulations and guidelines specified in this manual.

# 3.1.4 Factory test

Before leaving the factory, each boiler is optimally set and tested for:

- Electrical safety.
  - Adjustment of (O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub>).
  - Water tightness.
  - Gas tightness.
  - Parameter setting.

# 3.2 Technical data

#### Tab.4 General

Quinta Pro			30	45	55	65	90	115
Nominal output (Pn) Central heating operation (80°C/ 60°C)	min-max	kW	8.0 - 29.8 29.8	8.0 - 40.8 40.8	11.1 - 55.3 55.3	12.0 - 61.5 61.5	14.1 - 84.2 84.2	20.5 - 107.0 107.0

Quinta Pro			30	45	55	65	90	115
Nominal output (Pn) Central heating operation (50°C/ 30°C)	min-max	kW	8.9 - 31.4 31.4	8.9 - 43.0 43.0	12.3 - 58.6 58.6	13.3 - 65.0 65.0	15.8 - 89.5 89.5	22.7 - 114.0 114.0
Nominal input (Qn) Central heating operation (Hi)	min-max	kW	8.2 - 30.0 30.0	8.2 - 41.2 41.2	11.3 - 56.5 56.5	12.2 - 62.0 62.0	14.6 - 86.0 86.0	19.6 - 110.2 110.2
Nominal input (Qn) CH operation (Hi) G31 (propane)	min	kW	8.8	8.8	12.2	12.2	22.1	21.2
Nominal input (Qn) Central heating operation (Hs)	min-max	kW	9.1 - 33.3 33.3	9.1 - 45.7 45.7	12.5 - 62.7 62.7	13.6 - 68.8 68.8	16.2 - 95.5 95.5	21.9 - 122.4 122.4
Full load central heating efficien- cy (Hi) (80/60°C) (92/42/EEC)		%	99.4	99.1	97.8	99.2	97.9	97.1
Full load central heating efficien- cy (Hi) (50°C/30°C)		%	102.9	102.9	103.8	104.6	104.1	102.5
Part load central heating efficien- cy (Hi) (return temperature 60°C)		%	97.5	97.5	97.9	98.3	96.6	96.5
Part load central heating efficien- cy (92/42/EEC) (return tempera- ture 30°C)		%	110.4	110.6	108.7	110.4	108.1	108.0
(1) Factory setting		1	1	1				

#### Tab.5 Gas and flue gas data

Quinta Pro			30	45	55	65	90	115	
Gas inlet pressure G20 (H gas)	min-max	mbar	17 - 25	17 - 25	17 - 25	17 - 25	17 - 25	17 - 25	
Gas inlet pressure G31 (pro- pane)	min-max	mbar	37 - 50	37 - 50	37 - 50	37 - 50	37 - 50	37 - 50	
Gas consumption G20 (H gas) <sup>(1)</sup>	min.– max.	m <sup>3</sup> /h	0.9 - 3.2	0.9 - 4.4	1.2 - 6.0	1.3 - 6.6	1.5 - 9.1	2.0 - 11.7	
Gas consumption G31 (pro- pane) <sup>(1)</sup>	min-max	m <sup>3</sup> /h	0.4 - 1.2	0.4 - 1.7	0.5 - 2.3	0.5 - 2.5	0.9 - 3.5	0.9 - 4.5	
Gas resistance G20 (H gas) <sup>(2)</sup>	max	mbar	0.5	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.0	
BREAM NOx		mg/kW h	37	37	32	32	29	35	
Flue gas quantity	min-max	kg/h g/s	14 - 50 3.9 - 13.9	14 - 69 3.9 - 19.2	19 - 93 5.4 - 25.8	21 - 104 5.8 - 28.9	28 - 138 7.8 - 38.3	36 - 178 10.0 - 49.4	
Flue gas temperature	min-max	°C	30 - 65	30 - 67	30 - 68	30 - 68	30 - 68	30 - 72	
Maximum counter pressure		Pa	70	150	120	100	160	220	
<ul> <li>(1) Gas consumption based on lower heating value under standard conditions: T=288.15 K, p=1013.25 mbar. Gag 30.33; G25 29.25; G31 88.00 MJ/m3</li> <li>(2) Gas resistance between boiler connection and measurement point on the gas valve unit</li> </ul>									

#### Tab.6 Central heating circuit data

Quinta Pro			30	45	55	65	90	115
Water content		I	4.3	4.3	6.4	6.4	9.4	9.4
Water operating pressure	min	bar	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Water operating pressure (PMS)	max	bar	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Water temperature	max	°C	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0

# 3 Technical specifications

Quinta Pro			30	45	55	65	90	115
Operating temperature	max	°C	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.0
Hydraulic resistance (ΔT=20K)		mbar	70	90	130	140	140	250

## Tab.7 Electrical data

Quinta Pro			30	45	55	65	90	115
Supply voltage		VAC	230	230	230	230	230	230
Power consumption – full load	max	W	39	68	80	88	125	199
Power consumption - part load	max	W	18	18	23	23	20	45
Power consumption - standby	max	W	5	5	6	6	4	7
Electrical protection index <sup>(1)</sup>		IP	X4D <sup>(1)</sup>					
Fuses	Main PCU	A	6.3 2.0	6.3 2.0	6.3 2.0	6.3 2.0	6.3 2.0	6.3 2.0
(1) Splashproof; under certain con	ditions, the	boiler may	be installed in	damp areas,	such as bathro	ooms.	1	

# Tab.8 Other data

Quinta Pro			30	45	55	65	90	115
Total weight (empty)	kg	g	53	53	60	60	67	68
Minimum mounting weight <sup>(1)</sup>	kg	g	49	49	56	56	65	65
Average acoustic level at a dis- tance of one metre from the boil- er	dE	B(A)	38	45	45	45	52	51
(1) Without front panel.								

# Tab.9 Technical parameters

Quinta Pro			30	45	55	65	90	115
Condensing boiler			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Low-temperature boiler <sup>(1)</sup>			No	No	No	No	No	No
B1 boiler			No	No	No	No	No	No
Cogeneration space heater			No	No	No	No	No	No
Combination heater			No	No	No	No	No	No
Rated heat output	Prated	kW	30	41	55	62	84	107
Useful heat output at nominal heat output and high tempera- ture operation <sup>(2)</sup>	<i>P</i> <sub>4</sub>	kW	29.8	40.8	55.3	61.5	84.2	107.0
Useful heat output at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime <sup>(1)</sup>	<i>P</i> <sub>1</sub>	kW	9.9	13.7	18.4	20.5	27.9	35.7
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	$\eta_s$	%	94	94	93	94	-	-
Useful efficiency at rated heat output and high temperature regime <sup>(2)</sup>	η <sub>4</sub>	%	89.5	89.3	88.1	89.4	88.2	87.5
Useful efficiency at 30% of rat- ed heat output and low tem- perature regime <sup>(1)</sup>	η <sub>1</sub>	%	99.5	99.6	97.9	99.5	97.4	97.3
Auxiliary electricity consumption								

Quinta Pro			30	45	55	65	90	115
Full load	elmax	kW	0.039	0.068	0.080	0.088	0.125	0.199
Part load	elmin	kW	0.018	0.018	0.023	0.023	0.020	0.045
Standby mode	P <sub>SB</sub>	kW	0.005	0.005	0.006	0.006	0.004	0.007
Other items								
Standby heat loss	P <sub>stby</sub>	kW	0.101	0.101	0.110	0.110	0.123	0.123
Ignition burner power con- sumption	P <sub>ign</sub>	kW	-	-	-	-	-	-
Annual energy consumption	Q <sub>HE</sub>	GJ	91	124	171	187	-	-
Sound power level, indoors	L <sub>WA</sub>	dB	46	53	53	53	60	59
Emissions of nitrogen oxides	NO <sub>X</sub>	mg/kW h	32	33	29	29	41	41

ances.
(2) High temperature operation means 60°C return temperature at heater inlet and 80°C feed temperature at heater outlet.



See The back cover for contact details.

# 3.3 Dimensions and connections

# Fig.1 Dimensions





Symbol	Connection	Quinta Pro 30	Quinta Pro 45	Quinta Pro 55	Quinta Pro 65	Quinta Pro 90	Quinta Pro 115
T <sub>₽</sub> T	Flue gas outlet	Ø 80 mm	Ø 80 mm	Ø 100 mm	Ø 100 mm	Ø 100 mm	Ø 100 mm
₩	Air supply	Ø 125 mm	Ø 125 mm	Ø 150 mm	Ø 150 mm	Ø 150 mm	Ø 150 mm
Ъż.	Siphon	32 mm					
► <u> </u>	CH supply	1 ¼ inch male thread					
	CH return	1 ¼ inch male thread					
GAS/ GAZ	Gas	¾ inch male thread					

# 3.4 Electrical diagram



#### Description of the product 4

#### 4.1 General description

The Quinta Pro boiler has the following characteristics:

- · High-efficiency heating.
- · Limited emissions of polluted substances.
- · Ideal choice for cascade configurations.
- Option to produce domestic hot water using a separate hot water appliance.

#### 4.2 **Operating principle**

#### 4.2.1 **Circulating pump**

#### Model not supplied with circulating pump

The boiler is supplied without a pump. Take the boiler resistance and system resistance into account when selecting a pump.

$\mathbf{A}$	Caution
1	Caution The pump may have a maximum input of 200 W. Use an auxiliary
	relay for a pump with greater power.

elay for a pump with greater power. See 

Technical data, page 12

If possible, install the pump directly under the boiler on the return connection.



For more information, see

Connecting the heating circuit, page 23

#### Pump settings

The pump settings for a modulating circulating pump controlled by the control unit can be modified using parameters  $P \ge B$  and  $P \ge B$ :

- · If there is insufficient flow in the radiators or if they do not warm up completely, the minimum pump speed can be increased using parameter |P|28.
- If there are audible flowing noises in the system, the maximum pump speed must be lowered using parameter  $P \ge 9$  (bleed the CH installation first).

#### Caution

The pump may have a maximum input of 200 W. Use an auxiliary relay for a pump with greater power.



#### For more information, see

Changing the parameters at installer level, page 54

#### 4.2.2 Cascade system

The boiler is ideally suited for a cascade system. There are a number of standard solutions available.



Contact us for more information.

#### 4.2.3 Water flow

The modulating control of the boiler limits the maximum temperature difference between the flow and return and the maximum rise velocity of the

flow temperature. As a result, the boiler is virtually unaffected by low water flow. In all cases, maintain a minimum water flow of 0.4 m<sup>3</sup>/h. If progressive calorifier control is activated with parameter P[3]S, then maintain a minimum water flow of 0.8 m<sup>3</sup>/h.

# 4.2.4 Calorifier connection

A calorifier can be connected to the boiler. Our range includes various calorifiers.



# Important

Contact us for more information.

# 4.3 Main components



- 1 Flue gas outlet/air supply
- 2 Casing/air box
- 3 Heat exchanger (CH)
- 4 Flue gas measuring point
- 5 Ionisation/ignition electrode
- 6 Mixer tube
- 7 Combined gas valve unit
- 8 Air intake silencer
- 9 Instrument box
- 10 Siphon
- 11 Housing for PCBs
- 12 Fan
- 13 Water flow pipe

4.4 Control panel description

## Fig.4 Control panel



#### 4.4.1 What each key means

- 1 Display
- 2 Escape or **RESET** key
- 3 CH temperature or key
- 4 DHW temperature or + key
- 5 Enter or 0 Cancel key lockout
- 6 目 Chimney-sweeping keys
- Press the 2 and 3 keys simultaneously.7 Menu keys
- Press the **4** and **5** keys simultaneously.
- 8 () On/off switch

# 4.4.2 Meaning of the symbols on the display

i	Information menu: Read out various current values.
目	Chimney-sweeping position: Forced high or low load for $O_2/CO_2$ measurement.
Ŵ	User menu: Parameters at user level can be changed.
M	Central heating function off: The heating function is deactivated.
₩	Manual mode: Boiler is set to manual mode.
₹.	DHW function off: The DHW function is switched off.
ş	Service menu: Parameters at installer level can be changed.
ECO	ECO setting: The economy setting is activated.
⚠	Fault: Boiler indicates a fault. This can be seen from the $ ot\!$
*	Frost protection: Boiler is running in frost protection mode.
Ø	Hour counter menu: Read out the operating hours, number of successful starts and hours on mains supply.
Ċ	On/off switch: After 5 lockouts, the boiler must be switched off/on again.
۲	Circulating pump: The pump is running.
	CH function: Access to CH temperature parameter.
Ţ,	DHW function: Access to DHW temperature parameter.
SERVICE	Yellow display with the symbols: <i>f</i> + <b>SERVICE</b> + (maintenance message).
	Water pressure: The water pressure is too low.
8	Battery symbol: Status of battery in wireless controller.
<b>°</b> inil	Signal strength symbol: Signal strength of the wireless controller.
â	Burner level: Boiler is running at full or part load.
0	Key lockout: Key lockout is activated.

## Tab.11 Symbols on the display

# 4.5 Standard delivery

The delivery includes:

- The boiler, with mains lead
- Suspension bracket and fasteners for wall mounting
- Mounting template
- Connection cable for pump (Quinta Pro 30 45 55 65 90 115)
- Documentation

This manual only deals with the standard scope of supply. For the installation or mounting of any accessories delivered with the boiler, refer to the corresponding mounting instructions.

# 4.6 Accessories and options

Various accessories can be obtained for the boiler.



Important Contact us for more information.

# 5 Before installation

# 5.1 Installation regulations



The installer must be registered with Gas Safe and have the correct ACS qualifications.



**Important** Practical guidelines - see the latest version.

# 5.2 Choice of the location



Fig.6 Installation area



# 5.2.1 Type plate

The type plate on top of the boiler features the boiler serial number and important boiler specifications, for example the model and unit category. The dF and dU codes are also stated on the type plate.

## 5.2.2 Boiler position

- Use the guidelines and the required installation space as a basis for determining the correct place to install the boiler.
- When determining the correct installation space, take account of the permitted position of the flue gas discharge and/or air supply outlet.
- Ensure that there is sufficient space around the boiler for good access and ease of maintenance.

# Danger

It is forbidden to store, even temporarily, combustible products and substances in the boiler or near the boiler.

## Warning

 Fix the appliance to a solid wall capable of bearing the weight of the boiler when full of water and fully equipped.

# Caution

- The boiler must be installed in a frost-free area.
- The boiler must have an earthed electrical connection.
- A connection to the drain must be present for the condensate drain close to the boiler.

AD-0000014-01

# 5.3 Ventilation

The installation must comply with BS 5540 (part 1 + 2), BS 6644 and IGUP/10.

# 6 Installation

# 6.1 General

# 6.2 Preparation

Fig.7 Mounting the boiler



# 6.3 Hydraulic connections

# Warning

The boiler must be installed by a qualified installer in accordance with local and national regulations.

# 6.2.1 Positioning the boiler

The fitting bracket on the back of the casing can be used to mount the boiler directly on the suspension bracket.

The boiler is supplied with a mounting template.

1. Attach the mounting template of the boiler to the wall using adhesive tape.

#### Warning

- Use a level to check whether the mounting template is hanging perfectly horizontally.
- Protect the boiler against building dust and cover the connection points for the flue gas outlet and air supply. Only remove this cover to assemble the relevant connections.
- 2. Drill 2 holes of Ø 10 mm.

# | Important

i

The extra holes are intended for use in the event that one of the two fastening holes is not suitable for correct fastening of the plug.

- 3. Fit the Ø 8 mm plugs.
- 4. Attach the suspension bracket to the wall with the Ø 10 mm bolts supplied.
- 5. Mount the boiler on the suspension bracket.

AD-0000018-01

## 6.3.1 Rinsing the system

The installation must be cleaned and flushed in accordance with BS 7593 (2006) and BSRIA BG 33/2014.

Before a new CH boiler can be connected to an existing or new installation, the entire installation must be thoroughly cleaned and flushed. This step is absolutely crucial. The flushing helps to remove residue from the installation process (weld slag, fixing products etc.) and accumulations of dirt (silt, mud etc.)



Flush the CH installation with a volume of water equivalent to at least three times the volume of the CH installation. Flush the DHW pipes with at least 20 times the volume of the pipes.



Due to the presence of an aluminium heat exchanger, suitable chemicals and the correct use of these chemicals should be discussed with specialist water treatment companies.

# 6.3.2 Connecting the heating circuit

- 1. Remove the dust cap from the CH flow connection <sup>▶</sup> □□ at the bottom of the boiler.
- 2. Fit the outlet pipe for CH water to the CH flow connection.



## Fig.9 Connecting the CH return



- 3. For filling and tapping the boiler, install a filling and drain valve in the system.
- Remove the dust cap from the CH return connection <sup>□□</sup> → at the bottom of the boiler.
- 5. Fit the inlet pipe for CH water to the CH return connection.
- 6. Install the pump in the CH return pipe (if applicable).

#### See For t

i

For the pump's electrical connection: Connecting the pump, page 32

## Important

Fit a service shut-off valve in the CH flow pipe and the CH return pipe to facilitate servicing work.

#### Caution

- When fitting service shut-off valves, position the filling and drain valve, the expansion vessel and the safety valve between the shut-off valve and the boiler.
- Carry out any welding work required at a safe distance from the boiler or before the boiler is fitted.
- If using synthetic pipes, follow the manufacturer's (connection) instructions.
- When installing open-vented systems, the cold feed and expansion tank heights must comply with the requirements laid down in the Health and Safety Executive publication PM5. The Quinta Pro boilers require a minimum static height of 3 m (Quinta Pro 30/45/55/65/90) or 5 m (Quinta Pro 115).





#### 6.3.3 Connecting the expansion vessel

- 1. Ensure that there is an expansion vessel with the correct volume and inlet pressure.
- 2. Fit the expansion vessel on the central heating return pipe IIII.

#### 6.3.4 Connecting the condensate discharge pipe

- 1. Fit a plastic drain pipe of Ø 32 mm or larger, terminating in the drain.
- 2. Insert the flexible condensate drain hose into the pipe.
- Fit a stench-trap or siphon in the drain pipe. 3.

## Danger

The siphon must always be filled with water. This prevents flue gases from entering the room.

## Caution

- Never seal the condensate drain.
  - The drain pipe must slope down at least 30 mm per metre, the maximum horizontal length is 5 metres.
- · Condensed water must not be discharged into a gutter.

6.4 Gas connection

# Fig.11 Connecting the gas pipe



Warning

- Before starting work on the gas pipes, turn off the main gas tap.
- · Before installing, check that the gas meter has sufficient capacity. Take into account the consumption of all appliances.
- Notify the local energy company if the gas meter has insufficient capacity.
- 1. Remove the dust cap from the gas supply pipe GAS/ at the bottom of the boiler.
- 2. Fit the gas supply pipe.
- 3. Fit a gas tap in this pipe, directly underneath the boiler.
- 4. Fit the gas pipe to the gas tap.

# Caution

- Remove dirt and dust from the gas pipe.
- Always perform welding work at a sufficient distance from the boiler.
- Place a gas filter to prevent pollution of the gas valve unit.

#### 6.5 Air supply/flue gas connections

The boiler is suitable for the following types of flue gas connections:



AD-0000025-01

For more information, see Certifications, page 12

#### 6.5.1 Classification

This classification is specified in more detail in the table in accordance with  $\boldsymbol{C} \in \boldsymbol{C}$ .

Tab.12 Types of flue gas connections

Туре	Version	Description
B <sub>23</sub> B <sub>23P</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Open	<ul> <li>Without down-draught diverter.</li> <li>Flue gas discharge via the roof.</li> <li>Air from the installation area.</li> </ul>
B <sub>33</sub>	Open	<ul> <li>Without down-draught diverter.</li> <li>Common flue gas discharge via the roof (depression).</li> <li>Flue gas discharge rinsed with air, air from the installation area (special construction).</li> </ul>
C <sub>13</sub>	Closed	<ul> <li>Discharge in the outside wall.</li> <li>Inlet opening for the air supply is in the same pressure zone as the discharge (e.g. a combined outside wall feed-through).</li> </ul>
C <sub>33</sub>	Closed	<ul> <li>Flue gas discharge via the roof.</li> <li>Inlet opening for the air supply is in the same pressure zone as the discharge (e.g. a concentric roof feed-through).</li> </ul>
C <sub>43</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Closed/cascade	<ul> <li>Joint air supply and flue gas discharge duct (CLV system):</li> <li>Concentric (preferably).</li> <li>Parallel (if concentric is not possible).</li> <li>Overpressure cascade</li> </ul>
C <sub>53</sub>	Closed	<ul> <li>Closed unit.</li> <li>Separate air supply duct.</li> <li>Separate flue gas discharge duct.</li> <li>Discharging into different pressure areas.</li> </ul>
C <sub>63</sub>	Closed	• This type of unit is supplied by the manufacturer without a supply and discharge system.
C <sub>83</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	Closed	The appliance can be connected to what is known as a semi-CLV system (common flue gas outlet and individual air supply).
C <sub>93</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>	Closed	<ul> <li>Air supply and flue gas discharge duct in shaft or ducted:</li> <li>Concentric.</li> <li>Air supply from existing duct.</li> <li>Flue gas discharge via the roof.</li> <li>Inlet opening for the air supply is in the same pressure zone as the discharge.</li> </ul>

# Shaft dimensions

Fig.12 Minimum dimensions of shaft or duct



Tab.13 Minimum dimensions of shaft or duct

Туре	Version	Diameter (D)	Without air supply		With air supply		
			Ø duct	□ duct	Ø duct	□ duct	
C <sub>93</sub>	Rigid	60 mm	110 mm	110 x 110 mm	120 mm	110 x 110 mm	
		80 mm	130 mm	130 x 130 mm	140 mm	130 x 130 mm	
		100 mm	160 mm	160 x 160 mm	170 mm	160 x 160 mm	

Туре	Version	Version Diameter (D) Without air supply		lpply	With air supply		
			Ø duct	□ duct	Ø duct	□ duct	
C <sub>93</sub>	Flexible	60 mm	110 mm	110 x 110 mm	120 mm	110 x 110 mm	
		80 mm	130 mm	130 x 130 mm	145 mm	130 x 130 mm	
		100 mm	160 mm	160 x 160 mm	170 mm	160 x 160 mm	
C <sub>93</sub>	Concentric	60/100 mm	120 mm	120 x 120 mm	120 mm	120 x 120 mm	
		80/125 mm	145 mm	145 x 145 mm	145 mm	145 x 145 mm	
		100/150 mm	170 mm	170 x 170 mm	170 mm	170 x 170 mm	

# 6.5.2 Outlets

Flue systems (roof feed-through and outside wall feed-through) must be supplied by the following manufacturers:

- Centrotherm
- Cox Geelen
- Muelink & Grol
- Natalini
- · Poujoulat
- Ubbink

i

# Important

Where regulations stipulate that a wire grille must be fitted, use a suitable grille made from stainless steel.

Boiler-specific roof and outside wall feed-through kits are also available.



Contact us for more information.

# 6.5.3 Material

# Warning

- The coupling and connection methods may vary depending on the manufacturer. It is not permitted to combine pipes, coupling and connection methods from different manufacturers.
- The materials used must comply with the prevailing regulations and standards.

Tab.14	Flue gas	outlet	pipework	materials
--------	----------	--------	----------	-----------

Design <sup>(1)</sup>	Material <sup>(2)</sup>				
Single-wall, rigid	<ul><li>Thick-walled, aluminium</li><li>Plastic T120</li><li>Stainless steel</li></ul>				
Flexible	<ul><li>Plastic T120</li><li>Stainless steel</li></ul>				
<ul><li>(1) The sealing must conform to pressure class 1</li><li>(2) With CE marking</li></ul>					

## Tab.15 Air supply pipework materials

Version	Material
Single-wall, rigid	<ul><li> Aluminium</li><li> Plastic</li><li> Stainless steel</li></ul>

Version	Material
Flexible	<ul><li> Aluminium</li><li> Plastic</li><li> Stainless steel</li></ul>

# 6.5.4 Length of the air and flue gas pipes



- When using bends, the maximum chimney length (L) must be shortened according to the reduction table.
- The boiler is also suitable for longer chimney lengths and diameters other than those specified in the tables. Contact us for more information.
- Room-ventilated version (B<sub>23</sub>, B<sub>23P</sub>, B<sub>33</sub>)
  - Connecting the flue gas outlet
  - T Connecting the air supply

With a room-ventilated version, the air supply opening stays open; only the flue gas outlet opening is connected. This will ensure that the boiler obtains the necessary combustion air directly from the installation area.



- The air supply opening must stay open.
- The installation area must be equipped with the necessary air supply openings. These openings must not be obstructed or shut off.

AD-0000028-02							
Tab.16 Maximum chimney length (L)							
Diameter	80 mm	90 mm	100 mm	110 mm	130 mm <sup>(1)</sup>		
Quinta Pro 30	33 m	40 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>		
Quinta Pro 45	39 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>		
Quinta Pro 55	16 m	26 m	39 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>		
Quinta Pro 65	11 m	17 m	26 m	40 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>		
Quinta Pro 90	10 m	16 m	24 m	40 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>		
Quinta Pro 115	8 m	13 m	19 m	38 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>		
(4) Detriving the maximum chineses length it is possible to use on other 5 $\times$ 000 or 40 $\times$ 450 ellows							

(1) Retaining the maximum chimney length, it is possible to use an extra  $5 \times 90^{\circ}$  or  $10 \times 45^{\circ}$  elbows.

# Fig.14 Room-sealed version (concentric)



# Room-sealed version (C<sub>13</sub>, C<sub>33</sub>, C<sub>63</sub>, C<sub>93</sub>)

- Connecting the flue gas outlet
- Connecting the air supply

With a room-sealed version, both the flue gas outlet and the air supply openings are connected (concentrically).

Tab.17 Maximum chimney length (L)

Diameter	80/125 mm	100/150 mm <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 30	20 m	20 m <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 45	20 m	20 m <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 55	8 m	20 m <sup>(1)</sup>

# Fig.13 Room-ventilated version



Fig.15 D	Different pressure areas
----------	--------------------------



Diameter	80/125 mm	100/150 mm <sup>(1)</sup>			
Quinta Pro 65	4 m	18 m			
Quinta Pro 90	4 m	17 m			
Quinta Pro 115	-	13 m			
(1) Retaining the maximum chimney length, it is possible to use an extra 5 x 90° or 10 x 45° elbows.					

# ■ Connection in different pressure areas (C<sub>53</sub>, C<sub>83</sub>)

- Connecting the flue gas outlet
- Connecting the air supply

A 100/100 mm flue gas adapter (accessory) must be fitted for this connection.

Combustion air supply and flue gas discharge are possible in different pressure areas and semi-CLV systems, with the exception of the coastal area. The maximum permitted height difference between the combustion air supply and the flue gas outlet is 36 m.

Tab.18	Maximum	chimnev	lenath	(L)
100.10	in a sub-	0	longar	(-)

Diameter	80 mm	90 mm	100 mm	110 mm	130 mm <sup>(1)</sup>			
Quinta Pro 30	17 m	29 m	40 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>			
Quinta Pro 45	29 m	40 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>			
Quinta Pro 55	9 m	17 m	27 m	40 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>			
Quinta Pro 65	5 m	10 m	16 m	34 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>			
Quinta Pro 90	-	-	17 m	37 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>			
Quinta Pro 115	-	-	14 m	31 m	40 m <sup>(1)</sup>			
(1) Retaining the maximum chimney length, it is possible to use an extra 5 x 90° or 10 x 45° elbows.								

## Reduction table

Tab.19Pipe reduction for each element used (parallel)

Diameter	60 mm	70 mm	80 mm	90 mm	100 mm	110 mm	130 mm
45° bend	0.9 m	1.1 m	1.2 m	1.3 m	1.4 m	1.5 m	1.6 m
90° bend	3.1 m	3.5 m	4.0 m	4.5 m	4.9 m	5.4 m	6.2 m

Tab.20 Pipe reduction for each element used (concentric)

Diameter	60/100 mm	80/125 mm	100/150 mm
45° bend	1.0 m	1.0 m	1.0 m
90° bend	2.0 m	2.0 m	2.0 m

# 6.5.5 Additional guidelines

- For installing the flue gas outlet and air supply materials, refer to the instructions of the manufacturer of the relevant material. If the flue gas outlet and air supply materials are not installed in accordance with the instructions (e.g. not leakproof, not properly bracketed), this can result in dangerous situations and/or physical injury. After installation, check at least all flue gas outlet and air supply parts for tightness.
- Direct connection of the flue gas outlet to structural ducts is not permitted because of condensation.
- Always clean shafts thoroughly when using lining pipes and/or an air supply connection.
- It must be possible to inspect the lining duct.
- If condensate from a plastic or stainless steel pipe section can flow back to an aluminium part in the flue gas outlet, this condensate must be discharged via a collector before it reaches the aluminium.
- With longer lengths of aluminium flue gas outlet pipes, relatively large quantities of corrosion products flowing back out of the outlet pipes together with the condensate must be taken into account the first time. Clean the siphon of the appliance regularly or install an extra condensate collector above the unit.
- Make sure that the flue gas outlet pipe towards the boiler has a sufficient gradient (at least 50 mm per metre) and that there is a sufficient condensate collector and discharge (at least 1 m before the outlet of the boiler). The bends used must be larger than 90° to guarantee the gradient and a good seal on the lip rings.

# i Important

Contact us for more information.

## 6.5.6 Connecting the flue gas outlet and air supply



S Insertion depth 25 mm

- 1. Connect the flue gas outlet pipe and the air supply pipe to the boiler.
- 2. Fit the subsequent flue gas outlet pipes and air supply pipes in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

## Caution

• The pipes must not be resting on the boiler.

• Fit the horizontal parts sloping down towards the boiler, with a gradient of 50 mm per metre.

AD-0000034-01

# 6.6 Electrical connections

ø100/150 mm

## 6.6.1 Control unit

The table gives important connection values for the control unit.

#### Tab.21 Connection values for control unit

Supply voltage	230 VAC/50 Hz
Main fuse value F1 (230 VAC)	6.3 AT
Fuse value F2 (230 VAC)	2 AT
Fan	230 VAC

Fig.16 Connecting the flue gas outlet and air supply

#### Danger of electric shock

The following components of the boiler are connected to a 230 V power supply:

- Electrical connection to circulating pump.
- Electrical connection to gas combination block.
- Electrical connection to fan.
- Control unit.
- Ignition transformer.
- Power supply cable connection.

The boiler has a three-wire mains lead (lead length 1.5 m) and is suitable for a 230 VAC/50 Hz power supply with a phase/neutral/earth system. The boiler is not phase sensitive. The power supply cable is connected to the **X1** connector. A spare fuse can be found in the housing of the control unit.

#### Caution

- Always order a replacement mains lead from Remeha. The power supply cable should only be replaced by Remeha, or by an installer certified by Remeha.
- The boiler switch must be easily accessible at all times.

The boiler has several control, protection and regulation connection options. The standard PCB can be extended with optional PCBs.



For more information, see

Optional electrical connections, page 85

# 6.6.2 Recommendations

# Warning

• Electrical connections must always be made with the power supply disconnected and only by qualified installers.

- The boiler is completely pre-wired. Never change the internal connections of the control panel.
- Make sure you establish an earth connection before connecting the electricity.

Establish the electrical connections in accordance with:

- The instructions of the current standards.
- The instructions of the wiring diagrams supplied with the boiler.
- The recommendations in this manual.
- Separate the sensor cables from the 230 V cables.



# 6.6.3 Access to the connectors

Various thermostats and regulators can be connected to the standard PCB (PCU) (connector **X12**).

## Access to the connectors:

- 1. Unscrew the two screws located under the front housing by a quarter turn and remove the front housing.
- 2. Guide the cables from the regulator or the thermostat through the round grommet(s) on the right-hand side of the boiler bottom plate.
- 3. Tilt the instrument box forwards by opening the clips on the sides.
- 4. Open the instrument box by opening the clip on the front.
- 5. Guide the relevant connection cable(s) through the instrument box via the grommet(s) provided.
- 6. Unscrew the strain relief clamps as required (in front of the connector) and guide the cables underneath.
- 7. Connect the cables to the appropriate terminals on the connector.
- 8. Screw the strain relief clamps securely into position and close the control panel.



# 6.6.4 Connection options for the standard PCB

# Connecting the PWM pump

The energy-efficient modulating pump must be connected to the standard PCB of the PCU. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Connect the power supply cable and the cable for the PWM signal to the pump.
- 2. Remove the grommet from the opening in the middle of the base of the boiler.
- 3. Pass the pump power supply cable through the base of the boiler and seal the opening by tightening the bayonet fitting to the cable.
- 4. Pass the PWM cable from the pump through one of the grommets on the right in the base of the boiler.
- 5. Connect the pump power supply cable to the cable in the instrument box that is connected with connector X8.
- 6. Connect the pump PWM cable to the cable in the instrument box that is connected with connector X10.
- 7. Add the pump cables to the cable bundles by opening and closing the cable bundle bands.



Fig.19 Connecting the power supply cable

# Connecting the pump

The pump must be connected to the standard PCB of the PCU. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Connect the cable supplied with the boiler to the pump.
- 2. Remove the grommet from the opening in the middle of the base of the boiler.
- 3. Pass the pump cable through the base of the boiler and seal the opening by tightening the bayonet fitting to the cable.
- 4. Connect the pump cable to the cable in the instrument box that is connected with connector X8.
- 5. Add the pump cable to the cable bundles by opening and closing the cable bundle bands.

Fig.21

#### Fig.20 Connecting modulating thermostat



# Connecting modulating thermostat

# OT OpenTherm thermostat

The boiler is fitted with an OpenTherm connection as standard. As a result, modulating OpenTherm thermostats (room-temperature, weathercompensated and cascade thermostats) can be connected without further modifications. The boiler is also suitable for OpenTherm Smart Power.

- 1. In the case of a room thermostat: install the thermostat in a reference room.
- 2. Connect the two-wire cable of the thermostat to the On/Off OT terminals of the connector. It does not matter which wire is connected to which cable clamp.

# Important

i

If the tap water temperature can be set on the OpenTherm thermostat, the boiler will supply this temperature, with the value set in the boiler as a maximum.

#### Connecting the on/off thermostat

## Tk On/off ambient thermostat

The boiler is suitable for connection to a two-wire on/off ambient thermostat.

- 1. Fit the thermostat in a reference room (generally the living room).
- 2. Connect the two-wire cable of the thermostat to the On/off OT terminals of the connector. It does not matter which wire is connected to which cable clamp.
- 3. Connect the power-stealing thermostat to the On/off OT terminals of the connector.

#### Important i

If an ambient thermostat with an anticipation element is used, this must be completed via parameter PS.

Tk

Connecting the on/off thermostat

AD-0000047-01

## Fig.22 Connecting the frost thermostat



#### Frost protection combined with on/off thermostat

When an on/off thermostat is used, the pipes and radiators in a frost-sensitive room can be protected by a frost thermostat. The radiator valve in the frost-sensitive room must be open.

- 1. Place a frost thermostat (**Tv**) in a frost-sensitive room (e.g. a garage).
- Connect the frost thermostat (Tv) parallel to the on/off thermostat (Tk) on the On/Off OT terminals of the connector.



When an **OpenTherm** thermostat is used, it is not possible to connect a frost thermostat parallel to the **On/Off OT** terminals. In that case, implement frost protection of the central heating system in combination with an outside sensor.

AD-0000049-01

#### Frost protection combined with outside sensor

The central heating system can also be protected against frost in combination with an outside sensor. The radiator valve in the frost-sensitive room must be open.

1. Connect the outside sensor to the **Tout** terminals of the connector.

The frost protection works as follows with an outside sensor:

- At an outside temperature lower than -10°C (can be set with parameter  $P[\underline{J}]$ ): the circulating pump switches on.
- At an outside temperature higher than -10°C (can be set with parameter  $P[\underline{J}]$ ): the circulating pump continues to run and then switches off.
- Connecting an outside sensor

#### Ba Outside sensor

An outside sensor can be connected to the **Tout** terminals of the connector (accessory). In the event of an on/off thermostat, the boiler will regulate the temperature using the set point of the internal heating curve ( $\mathbf{F}$ ). Various parameter settings can be used to change the internal heating curve.

1. Connect the two-wire cable to the **Tout** terminals of the connector.

# i Important

An **OpenTherm** controller can also use this outside sensor. In that case, the required internal heating curve must be set on the controller.







Wc

# - Setting the heating curve

- 1 *P 1* 2 *P 2* 7
- 2 *P27* 3 *P26*
- 3 *P26* 4 *P25*
- F Heating curve

If an outside temperature sensor is connected, it is possible to adapt the internal heating curve. The setting can be modified using parameters  $P_1$ ,  $P_2S_3$ ,  $P_2S_4$  and  $P_2T_3$ .

# Connecting the calorifier sensor/calorifier thermostat

Ws Calorifier sensor

1. Connect the calorifier sensor or calorifier thermostat to the **Tdhw** terminals of the connector.



AD-0000050-01

# Fig.26 Connecting a PC/laptop



# Connecting a PC/laptop

A PC or laptop can be connected to the telephone connector using the optional **Recom** interface Using the **Recom** PC/Laptop service software, you can enter, change and read out various boiler settings.
#### Fig.27 Blocking input



Fig.28 Release input



Blocking input

The boiler has a blocking input. This input relates to the **BL** terminals of the connector.



☐ Important

First remove the bridge if this input is used.

The parameter PBB can be used to change the function of the input.



**For more information, see** Changing the parameters, page 53

# Release input

The boiler has a release input. This input relates to the  $\ensuremath{\text{RL}}$  terminals of the connector.



Only suitable for potential-free contacts.

The parameter  $\mathcal{P}[\mathcal{B}]$  can be used to change the function of the input.

The parameter PBB can be used to change the wait time of the input.



**For more information, see** Changing the parameters, page 53

6.6.5 PCBs



The PCBs are positioned in the PCB housing.

The following PCBs are already installed in the PCB housing:

- IF-01
- SCU-S02SCU-X01

```
Fig.30 IF-01 PCB
```



#### ■ Connection options for the 0–10 V PCB (IF-01)

The IF-01 PCB can be built into the instrument box or the housing for the PCBs. See the instructions provided with the product.



Do not connect a frost thermostat or room thermostat to the boiler if using the 0–10 V PCB.

#### - Connecting the status relay (Nc)

If the boiler locks out, a relay is de-energised and the alarm can be transmitted via a potential-free contact (maximum 230 V, 1 A) on terminals  $\bf Nc$  and  $\bf C$  of the connector.

#### Connection (OTm)

The interface uses **OpenTherm** to communicate with the boiler control unit. To make this possible, the **OTm** connection must be connected to the **OpenTherm** input of the boiler control unit.**OTm** 

#### - Analogue input (0-10 V)

A choice can be made with this control between control based on temperature or heat output. The two controls are described briefly below.

1. Connect the input signal to terminals **0–10** of the connector.

Jumper 2	Input signal (V)	Temperature °C	Description
	0–1.5	0–15	Boiler off
l	1.5–1.8	15–18	Hysteresis
	1.8–10	18–100	Desired temperature

Tab.22 Temperature-based control (°C)

Fig.31 Switch jumper (2)



The 0–10 V signal controls the boiler supply temperature. This control modulates on the basis of flow temperature. The output varies between the minimum and maximum value on the basis of the flow temperature set point calculated by the controller.

A jumper (2) on the interface is used to select either temperature-based control ( $\$ ) or output-based control (%).

Tab.23 Control based on heat output

	Jumper 2	Input signal (V)	Heat output (%)	Description	
		0–2.0 <sup>(1)</sup>	0–20	Boiler off	
	%	2.0–2.2 (1)	20–22	Hysteresis	
		2.0–10 (1)	20–100	Desired temperature	
	(1) Dependent on the minimum modulation depth (set speeds, standard 20%)				

AD-0000055-01

The 0–10 V signal controls the boiler output. This control modulates on the basis of the heat output. The minimum output is linked to the boiler's modulation depth. The output varies between the minimum and maximum value on the basis of the value defined by the controller.

#### Fig.32 Switch jumper (1)



Analogue output (0-10 V)

This feedback can be based on temperature or heat output. The two controls are described briefly below.

A jumper (1) on the interface is used to select either temperature (1) or output (%).

Tab.24 Temperature message

Jumper 1	Output signal (V)	Temperature °C	Description
	0.5	-	Alarm
	1–10	10–100	Supplied tempera- ture

Tab.25 Output message

AD-0000056-01

Jumper 2	Output signal (V)	Heat output (%)	Description
	0	0–15	Boiler off
%	0.5	15–20	Alarm
	2.0–10 <sup>(1)</sup> 20–100 Supplied heat output		
(1) Dependent on the minimum modulation donth (act around a standard 200()			

(1) Dependent on the minimum modulation depth (set speeds, standard 20%)

#### Connection options for the PCB (SCU-S02)

If the boiler is fitted with the PCB (SCU-S02), then this PCB is automatically recognised by the boiler's automatic control unit.

#### Important

On removing this PCB, the boiler will show error code  $E: \exists B$ . To prevent this error, an auto-detect must be carried out after removing this PCB.



i

For information on carrying out an auto-detect: Carrying out an auto-detect, page 57

The status signal D3 at the top right of the control PCB indicates the status:

- · Continuous signal: PCB working normally
- · Flashing signal: no connection
- · No signal: no power or faulty PCB (check the wiring)

#### Control of external CH pump (pump)

An external central heating pump can be connected to the pump terminals of the connector. The maximum power consumption is 400 VA.

#### Control of external three-way valve (3wV)

The external three-way valve (230 VAC) can be used when connecting an indirectly heated calorifier. The neutral position of the three-way valve can be set using parameter  $P[\mathcal{J}|\mathcal{H}]$ .

The three-way valve is connected as follows:

- N = neutral
- C = central heating
- D = calorifier

#### Control of external sanitary hot water pump (3wV)

It is also possible to connect an external DHW pump to the terminals 3wV. Connect the pump as follows:





- N = N pump
- D = L pump
- ÷ = PE pump



If the neutral position of the three-way valve is adjusted with parameter  $P[\mathcal{A}|\mathcal{A}]$ , the pump must be connected as follows:

- N = N pump
- C = L pomp
- ÷ = PE pump

#### Control of external gas valve (EgV)

If there is a heat demand, an alternating voltage of 230 VAC, 1 A (maximum) becomes available on the EgV terminals of the connector to control an external gas valve.

#### Connecting the minimum gas pressure switch (Gps)

The minimum gas pressure switch blocks the boiler if the gas inlet pressure becomes too low.

1. Connect the minimum gas pressure switch to the Gps terminals of the connector.

The presence of the gas pressure switch must be set using parameter P41.

#### Connecting a heat recovery unit (Hru)

1. Connect the wires from the heat recovery unit to the Hru terminals of the connector.

The presence of the heat recovery unit must be set using parameter P H2.

#### -Operation signal and error message (status)

You can choose between an alarm or operation signal using parameter P $|\mathcal{U}|$ 

- If the boiler is in operation, the operating message can be connected via a potential-free contact (maximum 230 VAC, 1 A) to terminals Noand Cof the terminal connector.
- If the boiler locks out, the alarm can be relayed via a potential-free contact (maximum 230 VAC, 1 A) to terminals Ncand Cof the terminal connector.
- Connection options for the PCB (SCU-X01)

The SCU-X01 PCB has two potential-free contacts (status), which can be configured as required. Depending on the setting, a maximum of two messages about the status of the boiler can be transmitted. See table. Select the messages required using rotary knobs SW1 and SW2. Use rotary knob SW1 for messages on the status connector X3. Use rotary knob SW2 for messages on the status connector X4.

Tab.26	Configuring	the	rotary	knobs
--------	-------------	-----	--------	-------

Position	C-NO	C-NC
0	Alarm standby	Alarm active
1	Alarm inverted active	Alarm inverted standby
2	Burning standby	Burning active
3	Burning inverted active	Burning inverted standby
4	Burning low standby	Burning low active
5	Burning high standby	Burning high active

SCU-X01 PCB Fig.34



Position	C-NO	C-NC
6	Maintenance message stand- by	Maintenance message active
7	CH mode standby	CH mode active
8	DHW mode standby	DHW mode active
9	CH pump standby	CH pump active

#### 6.7 Filling the installation

6.7.1 Water treatment

In many cases, the boiler and central heating system can be filled with normal tap water and water treatment will not be necessary.

#### Warning

Do not add chemical agents to the central heating water without consulting Remeha. For example: antifreeze, water softeners, pHincreasing or lowering agents, chemical additives and/or inhibitors. Such agents can cause errors in the boiler and damage to the heat exchanger.

# i Important

- For untreated water, the pH value of the water in the installation must be between 7 and 9 and for treated water between 7 and 8.5.
- The maximum hardness of the water in the installation must be between 0.5 and 20.0 °dH (dependent on the total heat output generated).
- More information is available in our **Water quality regulations**. Always adhere to the instructions in the aforementioned document.

#### 6.7.2 Filling the siphon

#### Danger

The siphon must always be sufficiently filled with water. This prevents flue gases from entering the room.

- 1. Remove the siphon.
- 2. Fill the siphon up with water.
- 3. Fit the siphon.
- 4. Check whether the siphon is firmly fitted in the boiler.

#### Fig.35 Filling the siphon



AD-0000064-01

### 6.7.3 Filling the system Caution Before filling, open the valves on every radiator in the installation. Important i In order to be able to read off the water pressure from the boiler display, the boiler must be switched on. 1. Fill the central heating system with clean tap water. Important i The recommended water pressure is between 1.5 and 2 bar. 2. Check the water-side connections for tightness. Important i After switching on the power and if there is adequate water pressure, the boiler always runs through an automatic venting program lasting approximately 3 minutes (air may escape via the automatic air vent during filling). If the water pressure is lower than 0.8 bar, the symbol $\tilde{\neg}_{\square}$ will appear. If the water pressure is too low, top up the CH installation. Caution · Carry out the filling within 30 minutes to avoid the venting program starting up. That would indeed be undesirable if the boiler is not filled. Switch the boiler off if the CH installation is not being topped up immediately. · When venting, prevent water from getting into the boiler casing and electrical parts of the boiler.

# 7 Commissioning

### 7.1 General

Follow the steps set out in the paragraphs below to put the boiler into operation.



Do not put the boiler into operation if the supplied gas is not in accordance with the approved gas types.

### 7.2 Gas circuit

Fig.36 Gas valve unit measuring points



Important

cated on the sides. 2. Open the main gas tap.

On first firing the boiler, a smell may be present for a short period.

1. Tilt the instrument box upwards again and fasten it using the clips lo-

i

- 3. Open the boiler gas tap.
- 4. Insert the boiler plug into an earthed socket.
- 5. Switch the power on with the boiler's on/off switch.
- 6. Set the components (thermostats, control) so that heat is demanded.
- 7. The start-up program will start and cannot be interrupted. During the start-up cycle, the display shows the following information: A short test where all segments of the display are visible:
  - F:::XX:: Software version
  - P;XX: Parameter version
  - The version numbers are displayed alternately.
- 8. A three-minute venting cycle is performed automatically.

#### Important

i

If a calorifier sensor is connected and the legionella protection function is activated, the boiler starts to heat the water in the DHW tank as soon as the venting programme has been completed.

By pressing the  $\leftarrow$  key for a short time, the current operating status is shown on the display:

Tab.27 Operating status

Heat demand 🖽	Heat demand stopped	
1 : Fan on	1 : Post-ventilation	
2 : Burner ignition	S : Burner stop	
	$\underline{\mathcal{B}}$ : Post-circulation of the pump	
CH operation	🖸 : Standby	

In addition to  $\square$ , in STAND-BY the display normally shows the water pressure and the symbols  $\blacksquare$  and  $\downarrow$ .

#### Error during start-up procedure:

- No information is shown on the display:
  - Check the mains supply voltage
  - Check the main fuses
  - Check the fuses on the control unit: (F1 = 6.3 AT, F2 = 2 AT)
  - Check the connection of the mains lead to the connector X1 in the instrument box
- An error is indicated on the display by the error symbol **A** and a flashing error code.
  - The meaning of the error codes can be found in the error table.
  - Press the **RESET** key for 3 seconds to restart the boiler.



#### Important

If the ECO setting is on, then the boiler will not ignite for hot tap water production after central heating operation.

#### 7.6 Gas settings

#### 7.6.1 Adjusting to a different gas type



Only a qualified engineer may carry out the following operations.

The factory setting of the boiler is for operation with the natural gas group G20 (H gas).

Before operating with a different type of gas, carry out the following steps.

Tab.28	If operating on propane
--------	-------------------------

Boiler type	Action
Quinta Pro30	Rotate the adjusting screw $\bf{A}$ on the venturi $3\frac{1}{2}$ turns in a clockwise direction
Quinta Pro 45	Rotate the adjusting screw $\bf{A}$ on the venturi 4 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> turns in a clockwise direction
Quinta Pro 55	Rotate the adjusting screw $\bf{A}$ on the venturi 6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> turns in a clockwise direction
Quinta Pro 65	Rotate the adjusting screw <b>A</b> on the venturi $6\frac{1}{2}$ turns in a clockwise direction
Quinta Pro 90	Replace the current gas valve unit with the propane gas valve unit according to the instructions supplied with the propane conversion kit
Quinta Pro 115	Rotate the adjusting screw <b>A</b> in a clockwise direction until it is closed, then: Rotate the adjusting screw <b>A</b> on the gas valve unit $3\frac{1}{2}$ -4 turns in an anticlockwise direction

1. Set the fan speed as indicated in the table (if necessary). The setting can be modified using parameters P17, P18, P19 and P20.



Changing the parameters at installer level, page 54

2. Check the setting of the gas/air ratio.

See

Checking and setting the gas/air ratio, page 45

#### 7.6.2

#### 6.2 Checking and setting the gas/air ratio

- 1. Unscrew the cap from the flue gas measuring point.
- Insert the probe for the flue gas analyser into the measurement opening.

#### Warning

During measurement, seal the opening around the sensor fully.

# i Note

- The flue gas analyser must have a minimum accuracy of ±0.25% O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub>.
- The flue gas analyser must meet the requirements of BS 7927 or BS-EN 503793 and be calibrated according to the manufacturer's requirements.
- 3. Measure the percentage of O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub> in the flue gases. Take measurements at full load and at low load.



Measurements must be taken with the front housing off.

Fig.37 Flue gas measuring point



#### Fig.38 Setting to full load



AD-0000070-01

- Checking/setting values for O2/CO2 at full load
  - 1. Set the boiler to full load. Press the two H. keys at the same time. The display shows [H]]. The symbol 🗄 appears.
  - 2. Measure the percentage of  $O_2/CO_2$  in the flue gases.
  - 3. Compare the measured value with the checking values in the table.
    - Checking/setting values for O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub> at full load for G20 (H Tab.29 gas)

Values at full load for G20 (H gas)	O <sub>2</sub> (%) <sup>(1)</sup>	CO <sub>2</sub> (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 30	4,3 - 4,8(1)	9,0 <sup>(1)</sup> - 9,3
Quinta Pro 45	4,3 - 4,8(1)	9,0 <sup>(1)</sup> - 9,3
Quinta Pro 55	4,3 - 4,8(1)	9,0 <sup>(1)</sup> - 9,3
Quinta Pro 65	4,3 - 4,8(1)	9,0 <sup>(1)</sup> - 9,3
Quinta Pro 90	3,4 - 3,9 <sup>(1)</sup>	9,5 <sup>(1)</sup> - 9,8
Quinta Pro 115	4,2 - 4,7(1)	9,1 <sup>(1)</sup> - 9,4
(1) Nominal value		

Tab.30 Checking/setting values for  $O_2/CO_2$  at full load for G31 (propane)

Values at full load for G31 (propane)	O <sub>2</sub> (%) (1)	CO <sub>2</sub> (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 30	4,1 - 4,6 <sup>(1)</sup>	10,7 <sup>(1)</sup> - 11,0
Quinta Pro 45	4,1 - 4,6 <sup>(1)</sup>	10,7 <sup>(1)</sup> - 11,0
Quinta Pro 55	4,1 - 4,6 <sup>(1)</sup>	10,7 <sup>(1)</sup> - 11,0
Quinta Pro 65	4,1 - 4,6 <sup>(1)</sup>	10,7 <sup>(1)</sup> - 11,0
Quinta Pro 90	4,1 - 4,6 <sup>(1)</sup>	10,7 <sup>(1)</sup> - 11,0
Quinta Pro 115	4,4 - 4,9(1)	10,5 <sup>(1)</sup> - 10,8
(1) Nominal value		

#### Caution

- The O<sub>2</sub> values at full load must be lower than the O<sub>2</sub> values at part load.
- The CO<sub>2</sub> values at full load must be higher than the CO<sub>2</sub> values at part load.
- 4. If the measured value is outside of the values given in the table, correct the gas/air ratio.
- 5. Using adjusting screw A, adjust the percentage of O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub> for the gas type being used to the nominal value. This should always be inside the highest and lowest setting limit.

Fig.39 Position of adjusting screw A



#### Fig.40 Setting to part load



AD-0000071-02

#### Checking/setting values for O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub> at part load

- 1. Set the boiler to part load. Press the key several times until L.
- 2. Measure the percentage of  $O_2/CO_2$  in the flue gases.
- 3. Compare the measured value with the checking values in the table.
  - Tab.31 Checking/setting values for O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub> at part load for G20 (H gas)

Values at part load for G20 (H gas)	O <sub>2</sub> (%) <sup>(1)</sup>	CO <sub>2</sub> (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 30	5,7(1) - 6,2	8,2 - 8,5 <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 45	5,7(1) - 6,2	8,2 - 8,5 <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 55	4,8 <sup>(1)</sup> - 5,3	8.7 - 9,0(1)
Quinta Pro 65	4,8 <sup>(1)</sup> - 5,3	8,7 - 9,0 <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 90	4,8 <sup>(1)</sup> - 5,3	8,7 - 9,0(1)
Quinta Pro 115	5,6 <sup>(1)</sup> - 6,1	8,3 - 8,6 <sup>(1)</sup>
(1) Nominal value		

Tab.32	Checking/setting values for O <sub>2</sub> /CO <sub>2</sub> at part load for G31
	(propane)

Values at part load for G31 (propane)	O <sub>2</sub> (%) <sup>(1)</sup>	CO <sub>2</sub> (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 30	5,4 <sup>(1)</sup> - 5,9	9,9 - 10,2 <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 45	5,4 <sup>(1)</sup> - 5,9	9,9 - 10,2 <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 55	5,1 <sup>(1)</sup> - 5,6	10,1 - 10,4 <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 65	5,1 <sup>(1)</sup> - 5,6	10,1 - 10,4 <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 90	5,4 <sup>(1)</sup> - 5,9	9,9 - 10,2 <sup>(1)</sup>
Quinta Pro 115	5,7 <sup>(1)</sup> - 6,2	9,7 - 10,0 <sup>(1)</sup>
(1) Nominal value		

#### Caution

- The O<sub>2</sub> values at part load must be higher than the O<sub>2</sub> values at full load.
- The CO<sub>2</sub> values at part load must be lower than the CO<sub>2</sub> values at full load.
- 4. If the measured value is outside of the values given in the table, correct the gas/air ratio.

#### Fig.41 Position of adjusting screw B



7.7 Final instructions

- Using adjusting screw B, adjust the percentage of O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub> for the gas type being used to the nominal value. This should always be inside the highest and lowest setting limit.
- 6. Set the boiler back to the normal operating status.

- 1. Remove the measuring equipment.
- 2. Screw the cap on to the flue gas measuring point.
- 3. Put the front casing back. Tighten the two screws by a quarter of a turn.
- 4. Press the  $\leftarrow$  key to return the boiler to normal operating mode.
- 5. Heat the CH system up to approximately 70°C.
- 6. Switch the boiler off.
- 7. Vent the central heating system after approx. 10 minutes.
- 8. Turn on the boiler.
- 9. Check the water pressure. If necessary: top up the central heating system.
- 10. Specify the gas type used on the type plate.
- 11. Instruct the user in the operation of the system, boiler and controller.
- 12. Inform the user of the maintenance to be performed.
- 13. Hand over all manuals to the user.

## 8 Operation

#### 8.1 Use of the control panel

#### Fig.42 Control panel



- 1 Display
- 2 Escape or **RESET** key
- 3 CH temperature or key
- 4 DHW temperature or + key
- 5 Enter or Cancel key lockout
- 6 目 Chimney-sweeping keys
- Press the 2 and 3 keys simultaneously.
- 7 Menu keys
   Press the 4 and 5 keys simultaneously.
- 8 () On/off switch

The display has several positions and symbols and provides information about the operating status of the boiler and any faults. A maintenance message may also appear on the display. Numbers, dots and/or letters may be shown. The symbols above the function keys indicate the current function.

- The display content can be changed using parameter PE.
- The brightness of the display lighting can be changed using parameter P|B|.

Key lockout is activated by setting parameter PG to  $\Im$ . If no key is pressed for 3 minutes, the display lighting switches off and only the current water pressure, the  $\clubsuit$  key and the  $\clubsuit$  symbol are displayed. Press the  $\clubsuit$  key for approximately 2 seconds to reactivate the display and the other keys. The  $\clubsuit$  symbol disappears from the display.

If the central heating is not due to be used for a long period of time, it is recommended that the boiler be disconnected from the power supply.

- 1. Switch off the boiler's electrical connection.
- 2. Shut off the gas supply.
- 3. Keep the area frost-free.

### 8.3 Frost protection

#### Caution

- Drain the boiler and central heating system if you are not going to use your home or the building for a long time and there is a chance of frost.
- The frost protection does not work if the boiler is out of operation.
- The built-in boiler protection is only activated for the boiler and not for the system and radiators.
- Open the valves of all the radiators connected to the system.

Set the temperature control low, for example to 10°C.

If there is no heat demand, the boiler will only switch on to protect itself against frost.

If the temperature of the central heating water in the boiler drops too low, the built-in boiler protection system is activated. This system works as follows:

- At a water temperature lower than 7°C, the heating pump starts.
- If the water temperature is lower than 4°C, the boiler switches on.

### 8.2 Shutdown

• If the water temperature is higher than 10°C the boiler switches off and the circulation pump continues to run for a short time.

To prevent the system and radiators freezing in frost-sensitive areas (e.g. a garage), a frost thermostat or outside sensor can be connected to the boiler.

# 9 Settings

# 9.1 Parameter descriptions

### Tab.33 Factory setting

Parame- ter	Description	Adjustment range	30	45	55	65	90	115
P 1	Flow temperature: T <sub>SET</sub>	20 to 90°C	80	80	80	80	80	80
<i>P</i> 2	DHW temperature: T <sub>SET</sub>	40 to 65°C	55	55	55	55	55	55
P]3	Boiler control/DHW	0 = CH off/DHW off 1 = CH on/DHW on 2 = CH on/DHW off 3 = CH off/DHW on	1	1	1	1	1	1
PЧ	ECO setting	0 = Comfort 1 = ECO setting 2 = Controller dependent	2	2	2	2	2	2
PS	Anticipation resistance	0 = No anticipation resist- ance for the ON/OFF ther- mostat 1 = Anticipation resistance for the ON/OFF thermostat	0	0	0	0	0	0
P6	Display screen	0 = Simple 1 = Extended 2 = Automatic switching to simple after 3 minutes 3 = Automatic switching to simple after 3 minutes; key lock is active	2	2	2	2	2	2
P 7	Post-circulation of the pump	1 to 98 minutes 99 minutes = continuous	3	3	3	3	3	3
P8	Brightness of display lighting	0 = Dimmed 1 = Bright	1	1	1	1	1	1
P 17	Maximum fan speed (central heat- ing)	G20 (H gas) x100 rpm	41	56	51	58	62	70
P 18	Maximum fan speed (DHW)	G20 (H gas) x100 rpm	41	56	51	58	62	70
P 19	Minimum fan speed (CH + DHW)	G20 (H gas) x100 rpm	15	15	16	16	17	18
P20	Minimum fan speed (offset)	G20 (H gas)	50	50	0	0	0	0
P2 1	Start speed	G20 (H gas) x100 rpm	25	25	25	25	25	25
<i>P22</i>	Minimum water pressure	0–3 bar (x 0.1 bar)	8	8	8	8	8	8
P23	Maximum flow temperature of sys- tem	0 to 90°C	90	90	90	90	90	90
$P_{2}$ 4	Reserve		-	-	-	-	-	-
P 2 5	Heat curve set point (Maximum outside temperature)	0 to 30°C <sup>(1)</sup>	20	20	20	20	20	20
P 2 6	Heat curve set point (Flow temperature)	0 to 90°C <sup>(1)</sup>	20	20	20	20	20	20
<i>P</i>  2 7	Heat curve set point (Minimum outside temperature)	-30 to 0°C <sup>(1)</sup>	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15
<i>P28</i>	Setting the pump speed (Minimum pump speed for central heating operation)	2–10 (x 10%)	4	4	4	4	4	4

Parame- ter	Description	Adjustment range	30	45	55	65	90	115
P29	Setting the pump speed (Maximum pump speed for central heating operation)	2–10 (x 10%)	10	10	10	10	10	10
P30	Frost protection temperature	-30 to 0°C	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10
P31	Legionella protection	0 = Off $1 = On^{(2)}$ 2 = Controller dependent	1	1	1	1	1	1
P 3 2	Set point increase for calorifier	0 to 20°C	20	20	20	20	20	20
P 3 3	Switch on temperature for DHW calorifier sensor	2 to 15°C	5	5	5	5	5	5
P 3 4	Control of three-way valve	0 = Normal 1 = Reverse	0	0	0	0	0	0
P35	Boiler type	0 = Solo 1 = Open vented 2 = Solo (progressive calori- fier control)	0	0	0	0	0	0
P36	Blocking input function	0 = Heating activated 1 = Blocking frost protection 2 = Blocking with frost pro- tection 3 = Lockout with frost pro- tection <sup>(3)</sup>	1	1	1	1	1	1
P37	Release function	0 = DHW on 1 = Release input	1	1	1	1	1	1
P38	Release waiting time	0 to 255 seconds	0	0	0	0	0	0
P]3 9	Gas valve switching time	0 to 255 seconds	0	0	0	0	0	0
P40	Fault relay function	0 = Operation signal 1 = Alarm signal	1	1	1	1	1	1
P41	GpS connected	0 = Not connected 1 = Connected	0	0	0	0	0	0
P42	HRU connected	0 = Not connected 1 = Connected	0	0	0	0	0	0
P43	Mains detection phase	0 = Off 1 = On	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\rho_{                                    $	Service message	Do not change	1	1	1	1	1	1
P 4 5	Service operating hours	Do not change	175	175	175	175	175	175
P46	Service burning hours	Do not change	30	30	30	30	30	30
P q ?	Modulating startpoint	1 to 30°C	25	25	25	25	25	20(4)
P 4 B	DHW stabilisation time	10 to 100 seconds	100	100	100	100	100	100
$R_{d}$	Detection of connected SCUs	0 = No detection 1 = Detection	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>ک</u> ال + کال	Factory setting	To restore the factory set- tings or when replacing the control unit, enter the values dF and dU from the data plate for parameters $\square F$ and $\square \square$	X Y	X Y	X Y	X Y	X Y	X Y

Parame- ter	Description	Adjustment range	30	45	55	65	90	115
(2) After s (3) Pump	with outside sensor switching on, the boiler operates once a v only boiler is being installed in a cascade syste							

#### Tab.34 Adjustment for gas type G31 (propane)

Parame- ter	Description	30	45	55	65	90	115
P 17	Maximum fan speed (central heating)	38	51	48	54	60	67
P 18	Maximum fan speed (DHW)	38	51	48	54	60	67
P 19	Minimum fan speed (CH + DHW)	15	15	15	16	20	18
P20	Minimum fan speed (offset)	50	50	0	0	0	0
P2 1	Start speed	30	30	25	25	25	35

#### Tab.35 Adjustment for flue gas overpressure cascade

Parame- ter	Description	30	45	55	65	90	115
P 19	Minimum fan speed (CH + DHW)	18	18	18	18	<b>19</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	19
P20	Minimum fan speed (offset)	0	0	0	0	0	0
P21         Start speed         25         25         25         25         25         25							
(1) Use the parameter setting for the gas type if the boiler has been adjusted for G31 (propane).							

### 9.2 Changing the parameters

The boiler's control unit is set for the most common central heating systems. These settings will ensure that virtually every central heating system operates effectively. The user or the installer can optimise the parameters as required.

For operation in open vented systems, parameter P35 must be adjusted.





AD-0000075-01





Fig.43 Changing the user parameters

### Caution

Modification of the factory settings may impair boiler operation.

#### 9.2.1 Changing the user-level parameters

The parameters at user level (P to PB) can be changed by the user as required.

- Press the two ♥ keys at the same time and then the key until the symbol flashes in the menu bar.
- Press the ← key again.
  - $\Rightarrow$  The set value  $\square \square ^{\circ} C$  (for example) appears and flashes.
- 5. Confirm the value with the ← key. ⇒ P: 1 appears with flashing 1.
- Press the ← D key twice to leave this menu and return to the operation display.

#### | Important

i

The other parameters at user level are changed in the same way as P. After step 2, use the  $\bullet$  key to go to the required parameter.

#### 9.2.2 Changing the parameters at installer level

Parameters  $P | 1 \overline{7}$  to  $\overline{\square F}$  may only be modified by a recognised installer. To prevent unwanted modifications to settings, some parameters can only be changed after the special access code  $\overline{\square \square 1 2}$  is entered.

- 1. Press the two ♥ keys at the same time and then press the key until the symbol flashes in the menu bar. *f*
- Select the installer menu using the ← key.
   □□□□□= appears on the display.
- 3. Use the  $\bullet$  or keys to set the installer code  $\square \square 1 \square$
- 4. To confirm, press the ← key.
  - $\Rightarrow$  P: 1 appears with a flashing 1.
- 5. Press the ← key again.
  - $\Rightarrow$  The value  $B \square^{\circ} C$  (for example) appears and flashes.
- 7. Press the ← key to confirm the value.
   ▷ [?]: 1 appears with a flashing 1.
- 8. Set any other parameters by selecting them using the  $\bullet$  or  $\bullet$  keys.

#### | Important

i

The boiler also returns to operating status if no keys are pressed for 3 minutes.

123157 - v.11 - 03052017



#### 9.2.3 Setting the maximum load for CH operation

- Maximum heat input

- M Maximum heat input

- **R** Fan speed (rpm)
- M Maximum heat input
- Factory setting
- R Fan speed (rpm)

- Maximum heat input
- Factory setting
- Input (Hi) (kW)
- R Fan speed (rpm)

2500

3500

4500

R

5500

6500 6200

7500

AD-3000032-01

0 1500



Fig.51 P 17 Change



- Maximum heat input Μ
- F Factory setting
- Input (Hi) (kW) Q
- **R** Fan speed (rpm)

See the graphs for the relationship between load and speed for natural gas. The speed can be changed using parameter  $\mathcal{P}$  17. To do this, proceed as follows:

- 1. Press the two menu igveen black keys at the same time and then press the igvee blackkey until the f symbol flashes in the menu bar.
- 2. Select the installer menu using the  $\leftarrow$  key.
  - $\Rightarrow \Box \Box \Box \Box E$  appears on the display.
- 3. Using the + or 🗕 keys, set the installer code 🗍 🗍 12.
- 4. To confirm, press the ← key.
- $\Rightarrow P: 1$  appears with a flashing 1.
- 5. Press the  $\bullet$  key to go to parameter P: 17.
- 6. To confirm, press the ← key.
- 7. Press the + key to increase the speed, for example from 45 to 5(see graphs for the corresponding output).
- 8. To confirm, press the ← key.
- 9. Press the key twice to leave this menu and return to the operation display.

AD-0000077-01



#### 9.2.4 Return to the factory settings

- 1. Press the two ♥ keys at the same time and then press the key until the symbol flashes in the menu bar. *f*
- Select the installer menu using the ← key.
   ⇒ <u>[]</u> <u>[]</u> <u>[]</u> <u>[]</u> <u>[]</u> appears on the display.
- 3. Use the  $\bullet$  or  $\bullet$  keys to set the installer code  $\square \square \square \square$
- 4. To confirm, press the ← key.
   ⇒ P: 1 appears with a flashing 1.
- 5. Press the + key several times until P: JF appears on the display with a flashing JF
- 6. To confirm, press the ← key.
  - ⇒ ☐ → appears with a flashing . This is the current value of X for dF. Check this against the value of X on the type plate.
- 8. To confirm, press the ← key.
  - ⇒ JF: Y appears with a flashing Y. This is the current value of Y for dU. Check this against the value of Y on the type plate.
- Enter the value of Y shown on the type plate using the 
   • or 

   keys.
- 10. To confirm, press the ← key.
  - ⇒ The factory settings are reset.
- 11. The display returns to the current operating mode.

#### 9.2.5 Carrying out an auto-detect

After removing a PCB, an auto-detect must be carried out. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Press the two ♥ keys at the same time and then press the key until the symbol flashes in the menu bar. *f*
- Select the installer menu using the ← key.
   □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
- 3. Use the + or keys to set the installer code  $\square \square 1 \square$
- 4. To confirm, press the ← key.
  - $\Rightarrow P:1$  appears with a flashing 1.
- 5. Press the key several times until *P*:*R* → appears on the display with a flashing *R*. →
- 6. To confirm, press the ← key. ⇒ Auto-detect is carried out.
- 7. The display returns to the current operating mode.

AD-0000079-01

₩ ₩ + \'e'

Carrying out an auto-detect

Fig.53



Fig.54 Setting manual mode



#### 9.2.6 Setting the manual mode

In some cases, it may be necessary to set the boiler to manual mode, for example when the controller has not yet been connected. The boiler can be set to automatic or manual mode via the  $\frac{1}{2}$  symbol. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Press the two ♥ keys at the same time and then press the key until the symbol flashes in the menu bar. ♥
- 2. Press the ← key; the display will show:

⇒ either the text *B*<sub>L</sub> with the current water pressure (only if a water pressure sensor is connected).
 or the minimum flow temperature value.

- 3. Press the 🛨 or 🗖 keys to temporarily increase this value in manual mode.
- 4. To confirm, press the ← key.
   ⇒ The boiler is now set to manual mode.
- Press the ← key twice to leave this menu and return to the operation display.

AD-0000080-01

#### 9.3 Displaying the measured values

The control unit continually registers various values from the boiler and the connected sensors. These values can be read on the control panel of the boiler.

#### 9.3.1 Reading the various current values

The following current values can be read in the information menu []:

- 57 = Status.
- $5\omega$  = Sub-status.
- T = Flow temperature (°C).
- T[2] = Return temperature (°C).
- $\overline{T3}$  = Calorifier temperature (°C).
- $\overline{T}$  = Outside temperature (°C) (only with outside sensor).
- TS = Solar boiler temperature (°C).
- $\overline{5P}$  = Internal set point (°C).
- FL = Ionisation current (µA).
- $r_{1}F$  = Fan speed (rpm).
- PP = Water pressure (bar (MPa)).
- $\mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{O}}$  = Supplied relative heat output (%).

The current values can be read as follows:

#### Fig.55 Reading current values



Fig.56 Reading out the hour counter



- 1. Press the two  $\bigvee$  keys at the same time.
  - ⇒ The i symbol flashes.
- 2. Confirm by pressing the  $\leftarrow$  key.
  - $\Rightarrow$  The screen alternates between the parameter 57 and the current status, e.g. 3.
- 3. Press the + key.
  - ⇒ The screen alternates between the parameter Su and the current sub-status, e.g. 30.
- 4. Press the + key.
  - ⇒ The screen alternates between the parameter  $\boxed{T}$  and the current flow temperature, e.g.  $\boxed{\mathcal{E}}$  °C.
- 5. Press the key successively to scroll through the various parameters *T*[2], *T*[3], *T*[4], *T*[5].
- 6. Press the 🛨 key.
  - ⇒ The screen alternates between the parameter 5P and the internal setpoint, e.g. BB °C.
- 7. Press the + key.
  - ⇒ The screen alternates between the parameter FL and the current ionisation current, e.g. 7D µA.
- 8. Press the + key.
  - ⇒ The screen alternates between the parameter  $\overline{}_{h}F$  and the current fan speed, e.g.  $\boxed{3000}$  rpm.
- 9. Press the + key.
  - ⇒ The screen alternates between the parameter PR and the current water pressure, e.g. ID bar. If no water pressure sensor is connected, [-.-]appears on the display.
- 10. Press the + key.
  - ⇒ The screen alternates between the parameter P<sub>C</sub> and the current modulation percentage, e.g. 78 %.
- 11. Press the + key.
  - $\Rightarrow$  The readout cycle starts again with the parameter  $\Im T$ .
- Press the ← key twice to exit this menu and return to the operation display.

# 9.3.2 Reading out the hour counter and percentage of successful starts

- 1. Press the two ♥ keys at the same time and then press the key until the symbol flashes in the menu bar. ♥
- 2. Press the + key.
  - ⇒ The display alternates between HR and the number of boiler operating hours, for example 3600.
- - ⇒ The display alternates between HP and the number of burning hours for CH operation, for example 560.
- 4. Press the  $\bullet$  key; the display shows h.
  - ⇒ The display alternates between  $\square$  and the percentage of successful starts, for example  $\square$  %.
- Press the ← ① key twice to leave this menu and return to the operation display.

AD-0000074-01

### 9.3.3 Status and sub-status

The information menu i gives the following status and sub-status numbers:

Tab.36 Status and sub-status numbers	Tab.36	Status and sub-status nun	nbers	
--------------------------------------	--------	---------------------------	-------	--

Statu	s <u>5</u> 7	Sub-st	tatus 5
0	Stand-by mode	0	Stand-by mode
1	Boiler start (heat demand)	1	Anti-hunting
		2	Control three-way valve
		3	Start pump
		Ч	Wait for the correct temperature before burner start
2	Burner start	10	Open flue gas damper/external gas valve
		1 1	Increase fan speed
		13	Pre-ventilation
		14	Wait for release signal
		15	Burner on
		17	Pre-ignition
		18	Main ignition
		19	Flame detection
		20	Intermediate ventilation
3	Burning on CH operation	30	Temperature control
		31	Limited temperature control ( $\Delta T$ protection)
		32	Capacity control
		33	Temperature gradient protection level 1 (modulate down)
		34	Temperature gradient protection level 2 (low load)
		35	Temperature gradient protection level 3 (blocking)
		36	Modulate up for flame control
		37	Temperature stabilisation time
		38	Cold start
Ч	DHW mode active	30	Temperature control
		31	Limited temperature control ( $\Delta T$ protection)
		32	Capacity control
		33	Temperature gradient protection level 1 (modulate down)
		34	Temperature gradient protection level 2 (low load)
		35	Temperature gradient protection level 3 (blocking)
		36	Modulate up for flame control
		37	Temperature stabilisation time
		38	Cold start

Status	57	Sub-st	atus 5
5	Burner stop	40	Burner off
		41	Post ventilation
		42	Close flue gas damper/external gas valve
		43	Recirculation protection
		ЧЧ	Stop fan
6	Boiler stop (end of heat demand)	60	Pump post circulation
		61	Pump off
		62	Control three-way valve
		63	Start anti-swing
8	Control stop	0	Wait for burner start
		1	Anti-swing
9	Blocking	XX	Blocking code XX
17	Bleed	0	Stand-by mode
		2	Control three-way valve
		3	Start pump
		51	Pump off
		62	Control three-way valve

## 10 Maintenance

#### 10.1 General

The boiler does not require a lot of maintenance. Nevertheless, the boiler must be inspected and maintained periodically. To determine the best time for servicing, the boiler is equipped with an automatic service message. The control unit determines when this service message appears. Depending on boiler use, the first service message appears no later than 3 years after installation of the boiler.

#### Caution

- Maintenance operations must be completed by a qualified installer.
- During inspection or maintenance work, always replace all gaskets of the disassembled parts.
- Replace defective or worn parts with original spare parts.
- An annual inspection is mandatory.

#### 10.2 Maintenance message

The boiler display will clearly indicate that a service is required at the appropriate time. Use the automatic service message for preventive maintenance, to keep faults to a minimum. The service messages show which service kit must be used. These service kits contain all parts and gaskets that are required for the relevant service. These service kits (A, B or C), put together by Remeha, are available from your spare parts supplier.

i Im

#### Important

A service message must be followed up within 2 months. Therefore, call your installer as soon as possible.



#### Important

If the iSense modulating thermostat is connected to the boiler, the thermostat can also display the maintenance message. Consult the thermostat manual.



Reset the maintenance message following every service.

· · ·

#### 10.2.1 Resetting the service messages

A service message on the boiler display must be reset by a qualified installer after the maintenance service has been carried out using the relevant service kit. Proceed as follows:

- 1. When the maintenance message is displayed, press the **RESET** key once.
  - $\Rightarrow \Box \Box \Box \Box E$  appears on the display.
- 2. Use the  $\bullet$  or keys to set the installer code  $\square \square \square \square$
- 3. Confirm by pressing the ← key.
  - ⇒ The maintenance message is reset. The display returns to the current operating mode.



AD-0000081-01

123157 - v.11 - 03052017

Fig.58 Starting a new service interval



#### Starting a new service interval 10.2.2

For an interim service it is advisable to read out in the boiler service menu what maintenance service should be carried out. Use the indicated Remeha service kits (A, B or C). This service message must be prevented by carrying out a reset, to start the next service interval. To do this, proceed as follows:

- 1. Press the two menu 🕅 keys at the same time and then press the Đ key until the 🕑 symbol flashes in the menu bar.
- 2. Press the ← key.
  - $\Rightarrow$  The display alternates between H|R| and the number of boiler operating hours, for example |3|6|0|0|.
- 3. Press key + several times until **SERVICE** flashes on the menu bar.
- 4. Press the ← key.
  - $\Rightarrow$  The display shows  $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{D}\mathcal{A}\mathcal{E}$ .
- 5. Using the + or keys, set the installer code  $\square \square \square \square$ .
- 6. Confirm by pressing the ← key.
- with a flashing  $\underline{k}$  (for example). In this example, the next service message is SERVICE L.
- 8. Press the + key again.
  - $\Rightarrow [L]$  appears on the display.
- 9. Press the ← key.
  - $\Rightarrow$   $\Box L$ :  $\Box$  appears with a flashing  $\Box$ .
- 10. Press the + key to adjust the setting to 1.
- 11. Confirm by pressing the  $\leftarrow$  key. ⇒ The new service interval begins.
- 12. Press the + I key 3 times to leave this menu and return to the operation display.

#### 10.3 Standard inspection and maintenance operations



#### Warning

Always wear safety goggles and a dust mask during cleaning work (involving compressed air).

For a service, always perform the following standard inspection and maintenance operations.

#### Caution

- · Check whether all gaskets have been positioned properly (absolutely flat in the appropriate groove means they are gas tight).
- During the inspection and maintenance operations, water (drops, splashes) must never come into contact with the electrical parts.

#### Checking the water pressure 10.3.1

- 1. Check the water pressure.
  - ⇒ The water pressure must be at least 0.8 bar. If the water pressure is too low, the symbol  $\overline{\sim}_{\square}$  will appear.



#### Important

For open vented systems, the water pressure must be at least 0.3 bar (Q30/Q45/Q65/Q90) or 0.5 bar (Q115).

2. If necessary: top up the central heating system.

Fig.59

#### 10.3.2 Checking the ionisation current

- 1. Check the ionisation current at full load and at low load. ⇒ The value is stable after 1 minute.
- 2. Clean or replace the ionisation/ignition electrode if the value is lower than 4  $\mu\text{A}.$



#### For more information, see

Replacing the ionisation/ignition electrode, page 67

#### 10.3.3 Checking the flue gas outlet/air supply connections

1. Check the flue gas outlet and air supply connections for condition and tightness.



Combustion is checked by measuring the  $O_2/CO_2$  percentage in the flue gas outlet duct.



AD-0000084-01

For more information, see

Checking and setting the gas/air ratio, page 45



Checking flue gas outlet/air supply

#### Fig.60 Checking the automatic air vent



#### 10.3.5 Checking the automatic air vent

- 1. Switch off the boiler's electrical connection.
- 2. Close the gas tap under the boiler.
- 3. Close the main gas tap.
- 4. Unscrew the two screws located under the front housing by a quarter turn and remove the front housing.
- 5. Tilt the instrument box forwards by opening the clips on the sides.
- 6. Check whether water is visible in the hose of the automatic air vent.
- 7. In the event of a leak, replace the air vent.

### 10.3.6 Cleaning the siphon







The siphon must always be sufficiently filled with water. This prevents flue gases from entering the room.

- 1. Dismantle the siphon and clean it.
- 2. Fill the siphon up with water.
- 3. Fit the siphon.

Fig.61

# Fig.62 Checking the burner and cleaning the heat exchanger







#### 10.3.7 Checking the burner and cleaning the heat exchanger

- 1. Remove the air inlet flue on the venturi.
- 2. Loosen the gland on the gas valve unit.
- 3. Remove the plugs from the fan.
- 4. Remove the plugs from the gas valve unit.
- 5. Remove the ignition electrode plug from the ignition transformer.
- 6. Remove the front plate from the heat exchanger.
- 7. Carefully lift the front plate, including the burner and fan, away from the heat exchanger.
- 8. Use a vacuum cleaner fitted with a special endpiece (accessory) to clean the top part of the heat exchanger (combustion chamber).
- 9. Thoroughly clean with the vacuum cleaner again without the top cleaning brush on the endpiece.
- 10. Check (e.g. using a mirror) whether any visible contamination has been left behind. If it has, remove it with the vacuum cleaner.
- 11. Clean the lower section of the heat exchanger with the special cleaning blade (accessory).
- Burner maintenance is almost never required; it is self-cleaning:
   If necessary, carefully clean the cylinder-shaped burner with compressed air.
  - Check that the burner cover of the dismantled burner is free from cracks and/or damage. If not, replace the burner.
- 13. Reassemble the unit in the reverse order.

#### Caution

- Remember to reconnect the fan plug.
- Check that the gasket is correctly positioned between the mixing elbow and the heat exchanger (the gasket must lie absolutely flat in the appropriate groove to ensure that no gas can leak).
- 14. Open the gas supply and switch the power supply to the boiler back on.



#### 10.4 Specific maintenance work

Perform the specific maintenance work if this proves to be necessary following the standard inspection and maintenance work. To conduct the specific maintenance work:

#### 10.4.1 Replacing the ionisation/ignition electrode

The ionisation/ignition electrode must be replaced if:

- The ionisation current is < 4 µA.
- The electrode is damaged or worn.
- The electrode is included in the service kit.
  - 1. Remove the plug of the electrode from the ignition transformer.

# i Important

- The ignition cable is fixed to the electrode and therefore may not be removed.
- 2. Remove the two screws.
- 3. Remove the entire component.
- 4. Fit the new ionisation/ignition electrode.
- 5. Reassemble the unit in the reverse order.





Fig.64 Checking the non-return valve



#### 10.4.2 Checking the non-return valve

- 1. Remove the air inlet flue on the venturi.
- 2. Loosen the gland on the gas valve unit.
- 3. Remove the plug from the fan.
- 4. Remove the plug from the gas valve unit.
- 5. Dismantle the fan.
- 6. Remove the fan together with the mixing elbow unit.
- 7. Inspect the non-return valve and replace it in the event of a defect or damage, or if the maintenance kit contains a non-return valve.
- 8. Reassemble in the reverse order.

#### 10.4.3 Reassembling the boiler

1. Fit all removed parts in the reverse order.

#### Caution

- During inspection and maintenance operations, always replace all gaskets on the parts removed.
- 2. Fill the siphon with water.
- 3. Put the siphon back in place.
- 4. Carefully open the water tap.
- 5. Fill the installation with water.
- 6. Vent the installation.
- 7. Top up with more water if necessary.
- 8. Check the tightness of the gas and water connections.
- 9. Put the boiler back into operation.

### 11 Troubleshooting

#### 11.1 Error codes

Fig.65

Blocking code

AD-0000089-01

The boiler is fitted with an electronic regulation and control unit. The heart of the control is a microprocessor, the **Comfort Master®**, which both protects and controls the boiler. In the event of an error, a corresponding code is displayed.

The meaning of the error codes can be found in the error table.



#### Important

Note the error code displayed. The error code is needed to find the cause of the error quickly and correctly and for any support from Remeha.

#### 11.1.1 Blocking

A (temporary) blocking mode is a boiler status, resulting from an abnormal state. The display shows a blocking code (for example  $[\underline{S}]\underline{T}]$ :  $[\underline{S}]$ ). The control unit makes a number of attempts to start the boiler again. The blocking codes can be read out as follows:

- 1. Press the two 🕅 keys at the same time.
- 2. Confirm by pressing key -.....

⇒ The display alternates between 57 and the blocking code :9.
3. Press the + key.

 $\Rightarrow$   $5 \mu$ , appears on the display.

# i Important

The boiler automatically returns to operation once the cause of the blocking has been removed.

Tab.37 Blocking codes						
Blocking code	Description					
5u:0	Parameter error: • Parameter error on the PSU PCB: - Reset $\overrightarrow{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{a}$ $\overrightarrow{a}$ - Restore parameters with Recom					
5	<ul> <li>Maximum flow temperature exceeded:</li> <li>No flow or insufficient flow: <ul> <li>Check the flow (direction, pump, valves)</li> <li>Reasons for the heat demand</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
Su:2	<ul> <li>Maximum increase of the flow temperature has been exceeded:</li> <li>No flow or insufficient flow: <ul> <li>Check the flow (direction, pump, valves)</li> <li>Check the water pressure</li> <li>Check the cleanliness of the heat exchanger</li> </ul> </li> <li>Sensor error: <ul> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					

Blocking code	Description
5u.: 7	Maximum difference between the flow and return temperature exceeded:
	<ul> <li>No flow or insufficient flow:</li> <li>Check the flow (direction, pump, valves)</li> <li>Check the water pressure</li> <li>Check the cleanliness of the heat exchanger</li> <li>Sensor error:</li> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> </ul>
5u:8	No release signal:
	<ul> <li>External cause: remove external cause</li> <li>Parameter error: check parameters</li> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> </ul>
<u>5u</u> :9	Phase and neutral of mains supply mixed up:
	<ul> <li>The mains connection is wired incorrectly: invert phase and neutral</li> <li>Floating network or 2-phase network: set parameter PUD to D</li> </ul>
5 10	<ul> <li>Blocking input is active:</li> <li>External cause: remove external cause</li> <li>Parameter error: check parameters</li> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> </ul>
5	Blocking input active or frost protection active:
	<ul> <li>External cause: remove external cause</li> <li>Parameter error: check parameters</li> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> </ul>
5u: 13	Communication error with the SCU PCB:
	<ul><li>Bad connection with BUS: check the wiring</li><li>SCU SCU PCB not present in boiler: carry out automatic detection</li></ul>
5.14	Water pressure too low:
	<ul> <li>Water pressure too low:</li> <li>Check the water pressure</li> <li>Fill the boiler and the installation with water</li> </ul>
<u>5u</u> : 15	Gas pressure too low:
	<ul> <li>No flow or insufficient flow:</li> <li>Check that the gas valve is fully opened</li> <li>Check the gas supply pressure</li> <li>Wrong setting of GPS gas pressure switch on the SCU PCB:</li> <li>Check whether the Gps has been correctly fitted</li> <li>Replace the Gps switch if necessary</li> </ul>
<u>5</u> : 1 <u>5</u> (1)	Configuration error or SU PCB not recognised:
	Wrong SU PCB for this boiler: replace the SU PCB
<u>5u</u> : 17 <sup>(1)</sup>	Configuration error or default parameter table incorrect:
	Parameter error in the PCU PCB: replace the PCU PCB
5u: 18 <sup>(1)</sup>	Configuration error or PSU PCB not recognised:
	Wrong PCU PCB for this boiler: Replace the PCU PCB
5u: 19 <sup>(1)</sup>	Configuration error or parameters $\mathcal{AF}$ and $\mathcal{AU}$ unknown Reset $\mathcal{AF}$ and $\mathcal{AU}$
<u>5u:20</u> (1)	Configuration procedure active:
	Active for a short time after switching on the boiler: no action
5u:21	<ul><li>Communication error with the SU PCB:</li><li>Bad connection: Check whether the PCU PCB has been correctly fitted in the connector on the SU PCB</li></ul>

Blocking code	Description
5u:22	No flame during operation:
	<ul> <li>No ionisation current:</li> <li>Vent the gas supply to remove air</li> <li>Check that the gas valve is fully opened</li> <li>Check the gas supply pressure</li> <li>Check the operation and setting of the gas valve unit</li> <li>Check that the air supply inlet and flue gas outlet are not blocked</li> <li>Check that there is no recirculation of flue gases</li> </ul>
50:25	SU PCB internal fault: replace the SU PCB
(1) These blocks are not stored in the error memory	

### 11.1.2 Lock out

If the blocking conditions still exist after various start attempts, the boiler goes into lockout (also called error). The boiler will also lock out if an error is signalled anywhere in the boiler. An error code will appear on the display. The error code is displayed as follows:

#### In a red flashing display:

- the symbol 🛆
- the symbol RESET
- the error code, for example  $\underline{E}: \underline{D} \uparrow$

The meaning of the error codes can be found in the error table. Note the error code.

# i Important



Press the **RESET** key for two seconds. If the error code continues to display, search for the cause in the error table and apply the solution.



#### Important

If the display does not show **RESET** but rather (), the boiler must be switched off and then switched on again 10 seconds later before the error can be reset.

Tab.38 Error codes

Error code	Description
E:00	Parameter storage unit PSU not found:
	Bad connection: check the wiring
E:01	Safety parameters not OK:
	<ul><li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li><li>Faulty PSU: replace PSU</li></ul>
E:02	Flow temperature sensor short circuited:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected: <ul> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Faulty sensor: replace the sensor if necessary</li> </ul>
E:03	Flow temperature sensor open:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected: <ul> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Faulty sensor: replace the sensor if necessary</li> </ul>

Error code	Description
E:04	Temperature of heat exchanger too low:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected: <ul> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Faulty sensor: replace the sensor if necessary</li> <li>No circulation: <ul> <li>Vent the air from the CH system</li> <li>Check the circulation (direction, pump, valves)</li> <li>Check the water pressure</li> <li>Check the cleanliness of the heat exchanger</li> <li>If present: check the boiler type parameter setting</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
E:05	Temperature of heat exchanger too high:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected: <ul> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Faulty sensor: replace the sensor if necessary</li> <li>No circulation: <ul> <li>Vent the air from the CH system</li> <li>Check the circulation (direction, pump, valves)</li> <li>Check the water pressure</li> <li>Check the cleanliness of the heat exchanger</li> <li>If present: check the boiler type parameter setting</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
E:06	Return temperature sensor short-circuited:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected: <ul> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Faulty sensor: replace the sensor if necessary</li> </ul>
E:07	Open circuit in return temperature sensor:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected: <ul> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Faulty sensor: replace the sensor if necessary</li> </ul>
E:08	Return temperature too low:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Faulty sensor: replace the sensor if necessary</li> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected: <ul> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> </ul> </li> <li>No circulation: <ul> <li>Vent the air from the CH system</li> <li>Check the circulation (direction, pump, valves)</li> <li>Check the water pressure</li> <li>Check the cleanliness of the heat exchanger</li> <li>If present: check the boiler type parameter setting</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Error code	Description
----------------	---
E:09	Return temperature too high:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Faulty sensor: replace the sensor if necessary</li> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected: <ul> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> </ul> </li> <li>No circulation: <ul> <li>Vent the air from the CH system</li> <li>Check the circulation (direction, pump, valves)</li> <li>Check the water pressure</li> <li>Check the cleanliness of the heat exchanger</li> <li>If present: check the boiler type parameter setting</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
E: 10 E: 11	<ul> <li>Difference between the flow and return temperatures too great:</li> <li>No circulation: <ul> <li>Vent the air from the CH system</li> <li>Check the circulation (direction, pump, valves)</li> <li>Check the water pressure</li> <li>Check the cleanliness of the heat exchanger</li> <li>Check that the heating pump is operating correctly</li> <li>If present: check the boiler type parameter setting</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected:</li> <li>Check that the sensor are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> <li>Faulty sensor: replace the sensor if necessary</li> </ul>
E:12	<ul> <li>Temperature of heat exchanger above normal range (STB high-limit thermostat): <ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected:</li> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> <li>Faulty sensor: replace the sensor if necessary</li> <li>No circulation:</li> <li>Vent the air from the CH system</li> <li>Check the virculation (direction, pump, valves)</li> <li>Check the vater pressure</li> <li>Check the cleanliness of the heat exchanger</li> <li>If present: check the boiler type parameter setting</li> </ul> </li> <li>If present: Air pressure differential switch has been triggered: <ul> <li>Air supply or flue gas outlet blocked: check air supply and flue gas outlet for blockage</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
E: 14	<ul> <li>Five failed burner starts:</li> <li>No ignition spark: <ul> <li>Check cabling of ignition transformer</li> <li>Check the ionisation/ignition electrode</li> <li>Check the condition of the burner cover</li> <li>Check the canthing</li> <li>Defective control SU PCB</li> </ul> </li> <li>Ignition spark but no flame: <ul> <li>Vent the gas supply to remove air</li> <li>Check the gas supply to remove air</li> <li>Check the gas supply pressure</li> <li>Check the operation and setting of the gas valve unit</li> <li>Check the wiring on the gas valve unit</li> <li>Defective control SU PCB</li> </ul> </li> <li>Flame present, but ionisation has failed or is inadequate: <ul> <li>Check the gas supply pressure</li> <li>Check the the gas valve is fully opened</li> <li>Check the the gas valve is fully opened</li> <li>Check the wiring on the starting of the gas valve unit</li> <li>Defective control SU PCB</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Error code	Description
E: 15	If VPS switch is present: 5 failed gas leakage checks:
	<ul> <li>Gas pressure non-existent or too low: <ul> <li>check whether the gas tap is properly open</li> <li>check the gas supply pressure</li> </ul> </li> <li>Wiring fault: check the wiring</li> <li>Incorrect setting of the VPS switch: check whether the VPS switch is set properly</li> <li>VPS pressure switch not installed or poorly installed: check that the VPS switch is properly installed</li> <li>Faulty VPS switch: replace VPS switch if necessary</li> <li>Faulty gas valve: check the gas valve and replace it if necessary</li> </ul>
E: 15	False flame signal:
	<ul> <li>Ionisation current measured but no flame should be present: check the ionisation and ignition electrode</li> <li>Ignition transformer faulty: replace the ignition transformer if necessary</li> <li>Faulty gas valve: check the gas valve and replace it if necessary</li> <li>The burner remains very hot: O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub> too high: adjust O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub> settings</li> </ul>
E: 17	Gas valve error in SU PCB:
	<ul><li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li><li>Defective SU PCB: check the SU PCB and replace if necessary</li></ul>
E:34	Fan operation error:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Fan defective: <ul> <li>Check for adequate draw on the chimney connection</li> <li>Replace the fan if necessary</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
E:35	Flow and return reversed:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection</li> <li>Sensor not connected or incorrectly connected: <ul> <li>Check that the sensors are operating correctly</li> <li>Check that the sensor has been fitted properly</li> </ul> </li> <li>Sensor failure: Replace the sensor if necessary</li> <li>Water circulation in wrong direction: check the circulation (direction, pump, valves)</li> </ul>
E:36	5x flame loss:
	<ul> <li>No ionisation current: <ul> <li>Vent the gas supply to remove air</li> <li>Check that the gas valve is fully opened</li> <li>Check the gas supply pressure</li> <li>Check the operation and setting of the gas valve unit</li> <li>Check that the air supply inlet and flue gas outlet are not blocked</li> <li>Check that there is no recirculation of flue gases</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
E:37	Error in communication with SU PCB:
	Bad connection: check whether the SU PCB has been correctly fitted in the connector on the PCU PCB
E:38	Communication error with the SCU PCB:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>Faulty SCU PCB: replace SCU PCB</li> </ul>
E:39	Blocking input in locked-out mode:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>External cause: remove external cause</li> <li>Wrong parameter set: check the parameters</li> </ul>
E:40	If present: Heat recovery unit test fault:
	<ul> <li>Bad connection: check the wiring</li> <li>External cause: remove external cause</li> <li>Wrong parameter set: check the parameters</li> </ul>

The boiler control unit has an error memory. It stores the last 16 errors that have occurred.

In addition to the error codes, the following data is also saved:

- Number of times that the error occurred:  $(\underline{r_1}; \underline{X}; \underline{X})$ .
- Boiler operating mode ([S]T:XX).
- The flow temperature (T1:XX) and the return temperature (T2:XX) when the error occurred.

To view the error memory, you must first enter the access code  $\square \square \square \square \square$ .

#### 11.2.1 Reading out the error memory

- 1. Press the two ♥ keys at the same time and then press the key until the symbol flashes in the menu bar. ⚠
- 3. Use the (+) or (-) keys to set the installer code  $\square \square 1 \square$
- 4. To confirm, press the ← key.
   ⇒ ER: XX appears on the display.
- The error list or blocking list can be displayed by pressing the + or
   key.
- 6. Confirm by pressing the ← key.
  - $\Rightarrow \boxed{E[R]}: \boxed{X|X} \text{ appears with a flashing } \boxed{X|X} = \text{last error that occurred,} \\ \text{e.g. } \boxed{.2}$
- 7. Use the + or keys to scroll through the errors or blocks.
- 8. Press the key to display the details of the errors or blocks.
- 9. Press the 🛨 or 🖃 key to view the following data:
  - $\Rightarrow$  n: = Number of times that the error occurred.
    - HR = Number of operating hours.
    - 5T = Status.
    - Sub-status.
    - T = Flow temperature (°C).
    - T arr 2 = Return temperature (°C).
    - $T \exists$  = Calorifier temperature (°C).
    - TH = Outside temperature (°C). Only if an outside temperature sensor is connected (accessory)
    - TS = Solar boiler temperature (°C).
    - $\underline{SP}$  = Internal set point (°C).
    - FL = Ionisation current (µA).
    - $r_{1}F$  = Fan speed (rpm).
    - PR = Water pressure (bar).
    - $\mathcal{P}_{\boldsymbol{\Box}}$  = Supplied relative heat output (%).
- 10. Press the  $\leftarrow$  key to interrupt the display cycle.
  - $\Rightarrow ER$ : X X appears with a flashing X X = last error that occurred.
- 11. Use the  $\bullet$  or  $\bullet$  keys to scroll through the errors or blocks.
- 12. Press the  $\leftarrow$  key to show the error list or blocking list.
- 13. Press the key  $\leftarrow$  twice to exit the error menu.

Fig.66 Reading out an error



Fig.67 Clearing error memory



## 11.2.2 Clearing error memory

- 1. Press the two ♥ keys at the same time and then press the key until the symbol flashes in the menu bar. ⚠
- 2. Select the installer menu using the  $\leftarrow$  key.  $\Rightarrow \boxed{L} \boxed{J} \boxed{J} \boxed{E}$  appears on the display.
- 3. Use the 🛨 or 🖃 keys to set the installer code 🔟 1 2
- 4. To confirm, press the ← key.
   ⇒ ER: X appears on the display.
- 5. The error list or blocking list can be displayed by pressing the + or
  key.
- 6. Confirm by pressing the ← key.
   ⇒ ER: X appears with a flashing XX.
- 7. Press the + key several times until ER: CL appears on the display.
- 8. Press the ← key.
  - $\Rightarrow$   $\underline{\Gamma} [\underline{L}]: \underline{\Omega}$  appears with a flashing  $\underline{\Omega}$ .
- 9. Press the + key to adjust the setting to 1.
- 10. Press the key to delete the errors from the error memory.
- 11. Press the key  $\leftarrow$   $\Box$  three times to exit the error memory.

# 12 Disposal

#### 12.1 Removal/recycling



### Important

Removal and disposal of the boiler must be carried out by a qualified person in accordance with local and national regulations.

To remove the boiler, proceed as follows:

- 1. Switch off the boiler's electrical connection.
- 2. Shut off the gas supply.
- 3. Shut off the water supply.
- 4. Drain the installation.
- 5. Remove the siphon.
- Remove the air supply/flue gas outlet pipes.
   Disconnect all pipes on the boiler.
- 8. Remove the boiler.

# 13 Spare parts

## 13.1 General

Only replace defective or worn boiler parts with original parts or recommended parts.

Send the part to be replaced to the Remeha Quality Control department if the relevant part is covered by the guarantee (see the General Terms of Sale and Delivery).

#### 13.2 Parts



EV 90552-1-4

AD-0800023-03

Fig.69 Quinta Pro 55 - 65







## Fig.71 Quinta Pro 115



# 14 Appendix

#### ErP information 14.1

Tab.39 Product fiche							
Remeha - Quinta Pro		30	45	55	65	90	115
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class		Α	Α	Α	A	-	-
Rated heat output (Prated or Psup)	kW	30	41	55	62	84	107
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	%	94	94	93	94	-	-
Annual energy consumption	GJ	91	124	171	187	-	-
Sound power level L <sub>WA</sub> indoors	dB	46	53	53	53	60	59

14.1.1 **Product fiche** 

## See

For specific precautions about assembling, installing and main-taining: Safety, page 6

### 14.1.2 Package sheet

### Fig.72 Package sheet for boilers indicating the space heating energy efficiency of the package

Seasonal space heat	ting en	ergy ef	ficiency	, of boil	er			5				(1)	
												<sup>(1)</sup>	%
Temperature control from fiche of temperature control					Cla	Class I = 1%, Class II = 2%, Class III = 1.5%, Class IV = 2%, Class V = 3%, Class VI = 4%, Class VII = 3.5%, Class VIII = 5%					•	2	%
Supplementary boile	er				Sea	isonal sp	ace heatii	ng energy	y efficiend	cy (in %)			
from fiche of boiler						( - 'l') x 0.1 =						3	%
Solar contribution											(1)		
from fiche of solar dev		Tank	volume (	į́in m³)	Coll %)	ector effic	ciency (in	– A' B	ank rating * = 0.95, A = 0.86, C - G = 0.8	= 0.83,		4	_
(1) If tank rating is abov	ve A, use	<b>+</b> e 0.95	'IV'	x	) x	0.9	x (	/100	D)	x	= -	-	%
Supplementary heat	pump				Sea	isonal sp	ace heatii	ng energy	y efficiend	cy (in %)			
from fiche of heat pum	ιp							(	'	l') x 'll	 ' = +	<u>5</u>	%
Solar contribution Al	ND Su	ppleme	ntary he	eat pum	р								
select smaller value					0.5 x	4	OR		0.5 x	5	] =	6	%
Seasonal space heat	ting en	ergy ef	ficiency	of pac	kage							7	_%
Seasonal space heat	ting en	ergy ef	ficiency	class o	of packa	ge							
	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	□ A <sup>+</sup>	<b>A</b> <sup>++</sup>	A***			
<	<30%	≥30%	≥34%	≥36%	≥75%	≥82%	≥90%	≥98%	≥125%	≥150%	J		
Boiler and suppleme	-	heat pu	mp inst	alled w	ith low to	empera	ture hea	t emitte		°C? (50 x 'II'	) =		%
The energy efficiency of in a building, as this effic products in relation to bu	iency is	influenc	ed by furt	her facto					b its actua	al energy ef	ficiency		alled

I

AD-3000743-01

The value of the seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the preferential space heater, expressed in %.

- II The factor for weighting the heat output of preferential and supplementary heaters of a package as set out in the following table.
- III The value of the mathematical expression: 294/(11 · Prated),
- whereby 'Prated' is related to the preferential space heater.
   IV The value of the mathematical expression 115/(11 · Prated), whereby 'Prated' is related to the preferential space heater.

### Tab.40 Weighting of boilers

Psup / (Prated + Psup) <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	II, package without hot water storage tank	II, package with hot water storage tank					
0	0	0					
0.1	0.3	0.37					
0.2	0.55	0.70					
0.3	0.75	0.85					
0.4	0.85	0.94					
0.5	0.95	0.98					
0.6	0.98	1.00					
≥ 0.7	1.00	1.00					
<ul> <li>(1) The intermediate values are calculated by linear interpolation between the two adjacent values.</li> <li>(2) Prated is related to the preferential space heater or combination heater.</li> </ul>							

### 14.2 EC declaration of conformity

The unit complies with the standard type described in the EC declaration of conformity. It has been manufactured and commissioned in accordance with European directives.

The original declaration of conformity is available from the manufacturer.

### 14.3 Optional electrical connections

14 Appendix

# © Copyright

All technical and technological information contained in these technical instructions, as well as any drawings and technical descriptions supplied, remain our property and shall not be multiplied without our prior consent in writing. Subject to alterations.



- **T** +44 (0)118 978 3434
- **F** +44 (0)118 978 6977
- E boilers@remeha.co.uk

Remeha Commercial UK Innovations House 3 Oaklands Business Centre Oaklands Park RG41 2FD Wokingham







