
Wall hung, fanflue, roomsealed, high efficiency gas boiler

User manual and Installation instructions

ADVANCE

Models

ADVANCE 25S

ADVANCE 30S

G.C. Appl. No.

41-583-33

41-583-34

SYSTEM BOILER

SYSTEM BOILER



Congratulations on your choice.

The Biasi **ADVANCE** are condensing high efficiency sealed chamber fan flue gas boilers. They are fully electronically controlled and have electronic ignition.

The materials they are made of and the control systems they are equipped with give you safety, a high level of comfort and energy savings to allow you to get the greatest benefit out of independent heating.

The Biasi **ADVANCE** allow a higher efficiency by reducing the flue gas temperature such that the water vapour formed during the combustion is condensed out.

This allows a gain of useful heat that otherwise would be lost.



Biasi UK Ltd is a licensed member of the Benchmark Scheme which aims to improve the standards of installation and commissioning of domestic heating and hot water systems in the UK and to encourage regular servicing to optimise safety, efficiency and performance. Benchmark is managed and promoted by the Heating and Hot water Industry Council. For more information visit www.centralheating.co.uk.



DANGER: The indications marked with this symbol must be observed to prevent accidents of mechanical or generic origin (e.g.: Injuries or bruises).



DANGER: The indications marked with this symbol must be observed to prevent accidents of electric origin (electrocution).



DANGER: The indications marked with this symbol must be observed to prevent the risk of fire or explosion.



DANGER: The indications marked with this symbol must be observed to prevent accidents of heat origin (burns).



ATTENTION: The indications marked with this symbol must be observed to prevent malfunctioning and/or damage to materials of the appliance or other objects.



ATTENTION: The indications marked with this symbol are important information that must be carefully read.



Remember that...



WARNING

- ✓ **The manual** must be read thoroughly, so that you will be able to use the boiler in a safe and sensible way and must be carefully kept. It may be necessary for reference in the future.
- ✓ **The first firing** must be carried out by a competent and responsible Gas Safe engineer.
- ✓ **The manufacturer**
 - disclaims all liability for any translations of the present manual from which incorrect interpretation may occur;
 - cannot be held responsible for non-observance of instructions contained in this manual or for the consequences of any procedure not specifically described.

Please ensure that the installer has fully completed the Benchmark Checklist on the inside back pages of the installation instructions supplied with the product and that you have signed it to say that you have received a full and clear explanation of its operation. The installer is legally required to complete a commissioning checklist as a means of complying with the appropriate Building Regulations (England and Wales).

All installations must be notified to Local Area Building Control either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer who should, on receipt, write the Notification Number on the Benchmark Checklist.

This product should be serviced regularly to optimise its safety, efficiency and performance. The service engineer should complete the relevant Service Record on the Benchmark Checklist after each service.

The Benchmark Checklist will be required in the event of any warranty claim.

- ✓ **Before lighting the boiler** you are advised to have a Gas Safe Registered Engineer check that the installation of the gas supply is
 - gas-tight;
 - of the correct gauge for the flow to the boiler;
 - fitted with all the safety and control devices required by the current Regulations.
- ✓ **Ensure that**
 - the Installer has connected and terminated the pressure relief valve in a manner which allows safe discharge. The manufacturers are not responsible for damage caused by opening of the pressure relief valve and consequent escape of water, if this is not connected and terminated.
 - the installer has connected the condensate outlet to a suitable drain pipe.

-
- ✓ **On detecting the smell of gas:**
 - do not operate any electrical switches, the telephone or any device that may produce sparks;
 - open the windows and doors at once to create a draught of air which will purge the area;
 - shut off the gas cocks;
 - get the assistance of a qualified person. Emergency telephone number
Tel. 0800 111999.
 - ✓ **Do not touch the appliance** with parts of the body that are wet or damp and/or bare feet.
 - ✓ **Do not block or modify** the condensate outlet and pipe work.
 - ✓ **In case of structural work** or maintenance near the flue and flue terminal turn off the appliance. On completion of the work, have a professionally qualified person check there efficiency.
 - ✓ **Repairs** (under guarantee) must be carried out only by a Biasi an approved engineer, using genuine spare parts. Thus do no more than switching off the boiler yourself (see the instructions).
 - ✓ **Your boiler** allows heating up of water to a temperature less than boiling point therefore it
 - must be connected to a central heating system and/or a hot water supply system, compatible with its performance and output;
 - can be used only for those purposes for which it has been specially designed;
 - must not be touched by children or by those unfamiliar with its operation;
 - must not be exposed to weather conditions.
 - ✓ **During the operation** it is quite normal that the boiler produces a white plume of condensation vapour from the flue terminal. This is due to the high efficiency of the appliance and may be particularly evident with low outdoor temperatures.

Safe handling of substances

Biasi products are manufactured in accordance with ISO 9001 and do not, and will not, contain any hazardous materials or substances such as asbestos, mercury or C.F.C.'s. The appliance packaging does not contain any substances, which may be considered a hazard to health.

When handling or lifting always use safe techniques.

- Keep your back straight, bend your knees, don't twist.
- Move your feet, avoid bending forwards and side ways and keep the load as close to your body as possible.

Where possible transport the boiler using a sack truck or other suitable trolley. Always grip the boiler firmly, and before lifting feel where the weight is concentrated to establish the centre of gravity, repositioning yourself as necessary.

Combustion chamber panels

Material: mineral fibres

Known hazards - Some people can suffer reddening and itching of the skin. Fibre entry into the eye will cause foreign body irritation, which can cause severe irritation to people wearing contact lenses. Irritation to respiratory tract.

Precautions - Dust goggles will protect eyes. People with a history of skin complaints may be particularly susceptible to irritation. High dust levels are only likely to arise following harsh abrasion. In general, normal handling and use will not present high risk. Follow good hygiene practices; wash hands before, touching eyes, consuming food, drinking or using the toilet.

First aid - Medical attention must be sought following eye contact or prolonged reddening of the skin.

Sharp Edges

Caution should be taken when handling the boiler to avoid sharp edges on the boiler.

Boiler installation and commissioning tips

- ✓ **The installation** must be carried out by a qualified Gas Safe Registered Engineer who will be responsible for observing the current Regulations and the completion of the Benchmark Gas Boiler System Commissioning Checklist, located at the back of this User manual.

Installing the boiler...

- ✓ You must ensure that you remove the transit caps and plugs from the boiler connections which are fitted to every boiler.
- ✓ Keep the boiler clear of dust during installation and in particular do not allow any dust or debris to enter the top of the boiler where the flue connection is made. It is recommended that you put a dust sheet over the top of the boiler until you are ready to make the flue connection.
- ✓ Remember to release the auto air purge valve on the pump assembly before filling the boiler. See the instructions to identify the location of this device.
- ✓ This boiler allows you to control the flow temperature of the central heating system at very low levels. For underfloor heating system a temperature limiting device (e.g. a safety thermostat) is recommended to stop the boiler in case that the water temperature exceeds the design temperature.
- ✓ You are strongly advised to flush out the system both hot and cold in order to remove any system and installation debris to the British Standard BS 7593 code of practice.
- ✓ It is also sensible to initially fire and commission the boiler before connecting any external controls such as a room thermostat. By following this procedure, if you have a subsequent problem this method can eliminate the external controls from your fault analysis.
- ✓ Some products incorporate an anti cycling time delay. It is normal when first switching the boiler on for the boiler to operate on heating for a few seconds then switch off. After 3 - 4 minutes has elapsed the boiler will then re ignite and operate perfectly normally.
- ✓ If you are in any doubts as to the installation or operation of the boiler please read the instruction manuals thoroughly and then if necessary contact Biasi UK for advice and assistance.
- ✓ Guarantee conditions. The guarantee registration form must be returned within 30 days of purchase, failure to comply will invalidate the guarantee.

Please remember that if you are in any doubt about the installation of this product you can contact our Technical Help line on tel. 01922 714 600.

Abbreviations used in the manual:

C.H. = Central heating

D.H.W. = Domestic hot water

D.C.W. = Domestic cold water

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Appliance category: II2H3P (gas G20 20 mbar, G31 37 mbar)

Country of destination: United Kingdom (GB) Ireland (IE)

This appliance conforms with the following EEC directive:

Regulation (EU) 2016/426 on appliances burning gaseous fuels

Efficiency Directive 92/42/EEC

Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU

Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU

Ecodesign Requirements Directive 2009/125/EC

The manufacturer, in the continuous process to improve his products, reserves the right to modify the data expressed in the present documentation at any time and without prior notice.

The present documentation is an informative support and it can not be considered as a contract towards third parties.

APPLIANCE DESCRIPTION

1 APPLIANCE DESCRIPTION

1.1 Overview

The model and serial number of the boiler is shown on the bottom of the boiler.

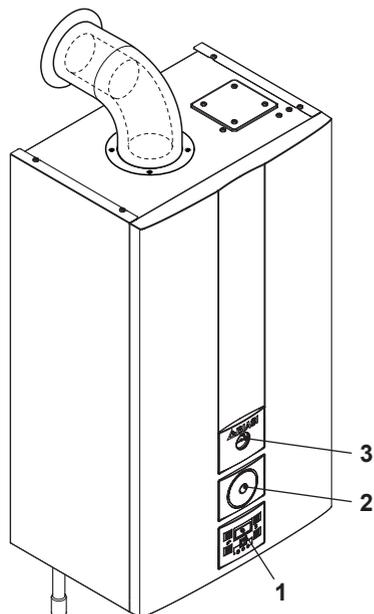


Fig. 1.1

- 1 Controls panel
- 2 Housing for optional time switch (C.H. control)
- 3 C.H. pressure gauge

1.2 Isolation valves

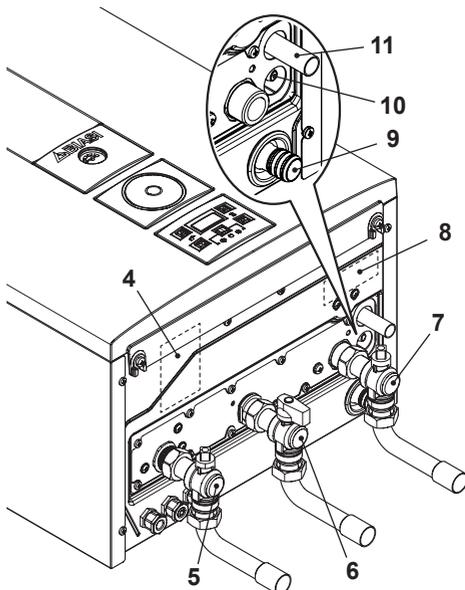


Fig. 1.2

- 4 Gas supply label
- 5 C.H. flow valve
- 6 Gas inlet valve
- 7 C.H. return valve
- 8 Model and serial number of the boiler label.
- 9 Condensate drain pipe
- 10 Main circuit drain valve
- 11 C.H. pressure relief valve pipe

APPLIANCE DESCRIPTION

1.3 Control panel

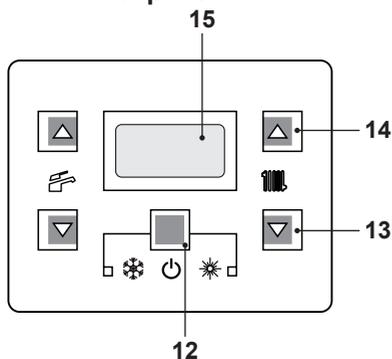


Fig. 1.3

- 12 Reset/Stand-by/Winter/Summer key
- 13 C.H. temperature reduce key
- 14 C.H. temperature increase key
- 15 LCD display



RESET that takes all parameters back to the factory value occurs only by setting "parameter 08=04". Reset is displayed by switch on of all symbols present on the display.

1.4 LCD general features

For the boiler technical information refer to the section "TECHNICAL INFORMATION" on page 20.

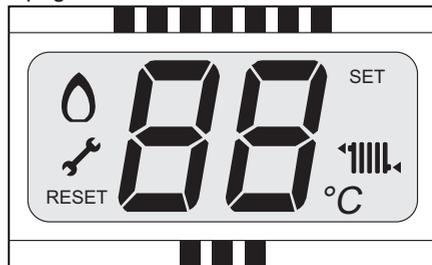


Fig. 1.4

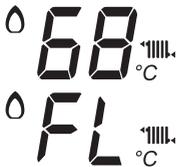
KEY

RESET	The symbol indicates that the boiler can be directly reactivated by the user, by pressing the reset button
	The symbol indicates that the fault requires intervention on behalf of specialised technical assistance
	All symbols represented with lines that surround them, indicate that the symbol is flashing

SIGNAL DISPLAYED BY THE LCD

LCD	FUNCTION
Er 01 + RESET	Lack of burner ignition on safety lockout
Er 02 + RESET	Safety thermostat intervention lockout
Er 03 + RESET	General lockout
Er 04 + 	Faulty primary circuit (no water or absence of flow)
Er 05 + 	Faulty fan control system

APPLIANCE DESCRIPTION

LCD	FUNCTION
Er 06+ 	Faulty C.H. temp. probe NTC
Er 08+ 	Faulty external temp. probe NTC
Er 09+ 	Faulty flue temp. probe NTC
Er 10+ RESET	Flue probe intervention lockout
	Flame detection error (An flashing + number error flashing)
Er 12+ 	Faulty central heating temp. probe NTC (return).
Er 13+ 	DT delivery-return >40K
Er 14+ RESET	Faulty pump or primary temperature above 105°C
Er 14+ 	Absence of flow from temperature gradient (>2K/s)
Er 25+ RESET	Flame detection error
Er 69	Wiring error lockout
	Boiler Stand-By, hyphens are turned on in sequence to simulate running /antifreeze protection activated)
	Filling request: The boiler works regularly and the display shows all the icons, but the signal FL is flashing every 1 sec.
	Boiler waiting for heat request

LCD	FUNCTION
	Boiler in winter mode (C.H.) The primary circuit temperature is displayed.
	Boiler on demand for C.H. power.
	Burner ignition (spark)
	Flame present (Burner on)
	Boiler in anti-freeze phase (bP flashing + temperature flashing). Boiler protection only.
	Boiler in antifrost phase (AF flashing + temperature flashing). System protection via additional external thermostat.
	Set C.H. (all other symbols are disabled)
	Remote control connected (one flash every 4 sec.)
	Pump activated for the post-circulation phase (Po flashing + temperature flashing)
	Delayed burner ignition for setting the system (uu flashing + temperature flashing)

APPLIANCE DESCRIPTION

LCD	FUNCTION
	<p>Maintenance required The wrench symbol is flashing (without showing any error)</p>
	<p>Boiler in chimney sweep in function. The activation of the chimney sweep occurs configuring the "parameter P09=01" and is visualized:</p>
	<p>LP= minimum D.H.W. hP= minimum heating cP= maximum heating dP= maximum D.H.W.. The transition occurs with keys 14 (increase) and 13 (decrease) D.H.W. temperature. The writing on the display alternates.</p>

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

2 INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

2.1 Warnings

Biasi UK Ltd support the Benchmark initiative. The Benchmark Checklist is located at the back of this manual and should be completed by the Installing/Commissioning Engineer and handed over to the User for future reference by other visiting Engineers.

Also included is the Service Interval Record card that should be completed by the Service Engineer following the annual service maintenance of the boiler and system. All Gas Safe Registered Installers carry a Gas Safe ID card, and have a registration number. Both should be recorded in your Benchmark Checklist. You can check your Installer is registered by calling Gas Safe direct on 0800 408 5500, or go on line at www.GasSafeRegister.co.uk.

In order to guarantee safety and correct operation, it is essential that all the tests are carried out by a competent and responsible service engineer before lighting up the boiler. The tests are described in the installation instructions in section 7 commissioning. Ensure that the C.H. circuit is regularly filled with water.

If the pressure reading on the pressure gauge is below that shown in Fig. 2.2, then the system will require topping up. A filling loop is normally provided by the Installer for this purpose.

If you are in any doubt regarding this procedure you are advised to contact your Installer or an Approved Engineer.

This appliance is provided with a built in anti-freeze system that operates the boiler when the temperature is below 5 °C. Therefore, when the boiler is not lit or used in cold weather, with consequent risk of freezing

do not switch off the boiler at the fused spur isolation switch or close the gas inlet cock. When you do not expect to use the boiler for a long period and the boiler is not to be used for frost protection then follow the instructions given in section "Switching off" on page 15.

2.2 Refilling procedure

- Isolate the boiler from the electrical supply at the fused spur. Reconnect the filling loop as demonstrated in Fig. 2.1.

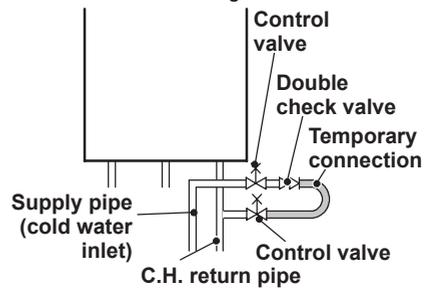


Fig. 2.1

- Open the valves on the filling loop and, at the same time, check the heating circuit pressure on the pressure gauge. The correct pressure value when the system is cold must be within the first green bar on the pressure gauge quadrant (Fig. 2.2).

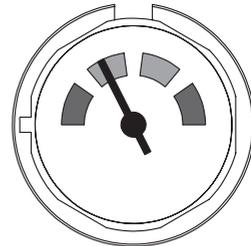


Fig. 2.2

Once done, close the valves on the filling loop.

If you experience any difficulty with the operation of the boiler, switch off the boiler immediately at the fused spur isolation switch and contact your Installer or an ap-

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

proved Service Engineer.

Air introduced into the boiler during this filling process will vent through the automatic air purger fitted to the boiler. You may also find it necessary to vent air from your radiator circuit using your radiator key, however be aware that excessive venting will cause the pressure in the system to drop.

Always ensure that the pressure gauge is set at the required pressure.

2.3 Ignition

- Check that the valves located in the lower part of the boiler are open Fig. 2.3.

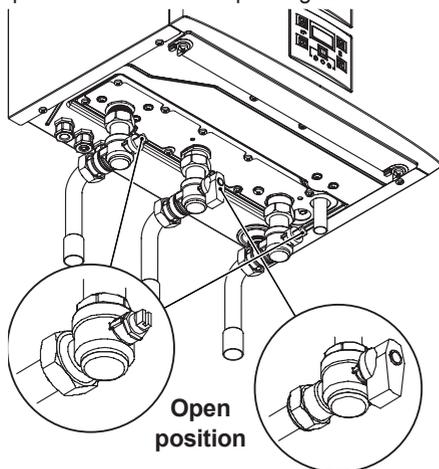
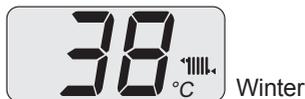


Fig. 2.3

- Turn on the electricity supply to the boiler, switching on the fused spur isolation switch. The LCD display displays the state within which the boiler is found (last memorised) Fig. 2.4.



Stand-by



Winter

Fig. 2.4

C.H. functioning

- Press the key 12 for 2 seconds until  symbol appear on the display Fig. 2.5.

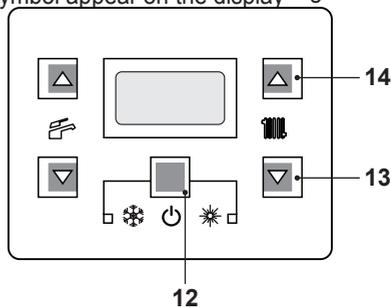


Fig. 2.5

The LCD display displays the boiler temperature (primary circuit) and  symbol; the °C symbol slowly flashes Fig. 2.6.



Fig. 2.6

2.4 C.H. circuit temperature

The output temperature of C.H. water can be adjusted by pressing keys 13 (reduce) and 14 (increase) (Fig. 2.5) from a minimum of about 25°C to a maximum of about 85°C. Press one of the two keys once to display the "set" value. Press again to access the modification.

Signal given by the LCD display:

- The heating flow "set" temperature and the

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

symbol  flash. The background of the display is illuminated (Fig. 2.7).



Fig. 2.7

Adjustment of temperature WITHOUT the external temperature probe (optional) fitted

Adjust the C.H. water flow as follows:

- from 25 to 35 with an external temperature included between 5 and 15°C
- from 35 to 60 with an external temperature included between -5 and +5°C
- from 60 to 85 with an external temperature less than -5°C.

Your installer can recommend the best suited settings for your heating system.

You can see the actual flow temperature from your boiler at all times on the LCD screen.

Power request in C.H. power.

When the boiler has a call for heat in the C.H. mode, the  symbol is displayed on the display followed by an increase of the C.H. water flow temperature. The  symbol flashes (Fig. 2.8).



Fig. 2.8

Adjusting the C.H. temperature with the external temp. probe installed

When the external temp. probe (optional) is installed your boiler automatically adjusts the temperature of the C.H. system water flow in relation to the external temperature.

In this case the boiler must be set by a quali-

fied installer (see "Setting the K coefficient of the external temperature probe" on page 57).

However, if the ambient temperature is not comfortable, the flow temperature of the heating system can be adjusted by $\pm 15^\circ\text{C}$ by pressing on keys 13 (reduce) and 14 (increase) (Fig. 2.5).

Timed manual heating function

This function allows to manually activate-deactivate the central heating operation for a fixed period of 24 hours.

Activation for 24 hours:

Pressing keys 13 and 14 (Fig. 2.9) at the same time for 2 seconds until the letters "th" appear on the LCD display which alternates with the word "on" (Fig. 2.10).

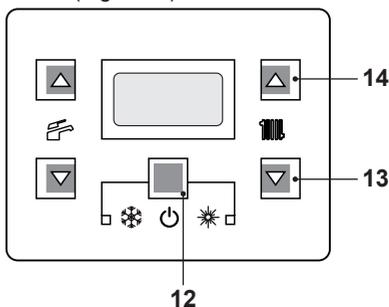


Fig. 2.9

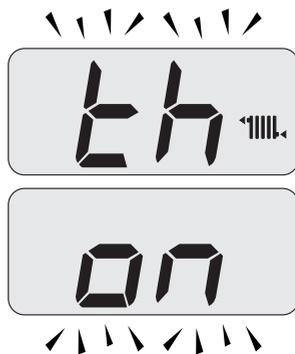


Fig. 2.10

Following, the LCD display shows the main

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

circuit temperature which alternates with the word "th". The symbol  flash Fig. 2.11.



Fig. 2.11

Deactivation/End of function:

The function will end when the time set passes or when the function status is set to "oF". Hold down keys 13 and 14 (Fig. 2.9).

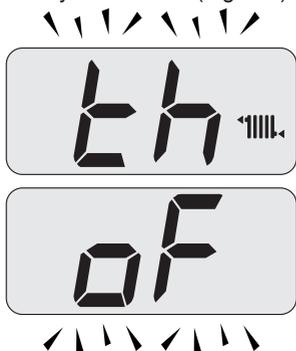


Fig. 2.12

2.5 Switching off

Press the key for 2 seconds 12 (Fig. 2.13) until the  symbol appears on the display (Fig. 2.14).

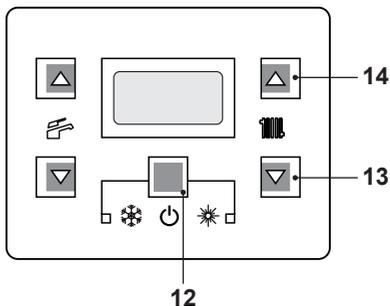


Fig. 2.13

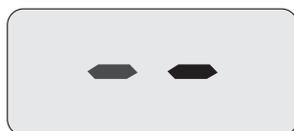


Fig. 2.14

If a long period of inactivity is envisioned:

- Switch off the electricity supply to the boiler, by means of the fused spur isolation switch;
- Shut off the gas supply cock and the valves for the water circuits fitted under the boiler Fig. 2.15;

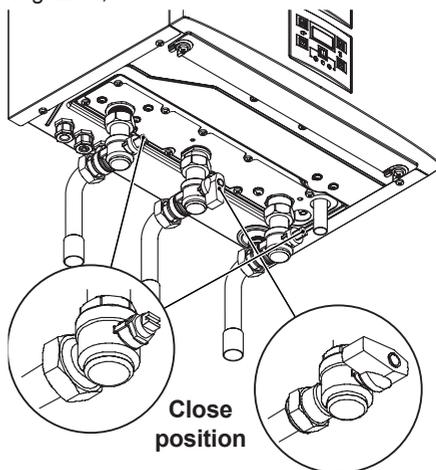


Fig. 2.15

- If necessary, empty the hydraulic circuits see section "Emptying the C.H. system" on page 69.

USEFUL ADVICE

3 USEFUL ADVICE

3.1 Central Heating

For your comfort and added system control, you can install a room thermostat but you should not shut off the radiator in that room or have a TRV fitted on the radiator.

If a radiator (or a convector) does not heat up, check that no air is present in it and that its valve is open. If the ambient temperature is too high, do not alter the radiator valves. Reduce the central heating temperature instead by means of the room thermostat or by pressing the 13 and 14 heating adjustment keys (Fig. 3.1).

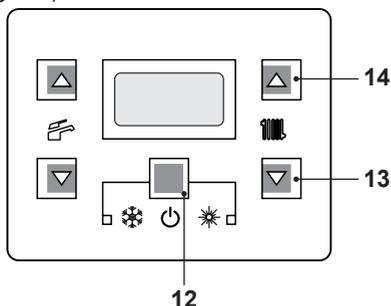


Fig. 3.1

3.2 Frost protection

The built in anti frost system protects the boiler from frost damage but does not provide any protection for the system, an optional external frost protection thermostat can be added and a dedicated connection point is available on the electrical connection block.

The anti-freeze function is also activated with the boiler in stand-by (Fig. 3.2).



Fig. 3.2

Therefore, when the boiler is not lit and used in cold weather, with consequent risk of freezing

do not switch off the boiler at the fused spur isolation switch or close the gas inlet cock.

If the boiler is deactivated, have a qualified technician empty the boiler and the C.H. system.

3.3 Condensate drain

The condensate drain must not be modified or blocked. Blockage of the condensate drain, caused by debris or freezing, can cause automatic shutdown of the boiler. If freezing is suspected and the pipe run is accessible an attempt may be made to free the obstruction by pouring hot water over the exposed pipe an cleaning any blockage from the end of the pipe.

If this fails to remedy the problem the assistance of a Gas Safe registered installer or in IE a competent person should be sought.

3.4 Periodic maintenance

For efficient and continuous operation of the boiler, it is advisable to arrange maintenance and cleaning by an Authorised Service Centre Engineer, at least once a year.

During the service, the most important components of the boiler will be inspected and cleaned. This service can be part of a maintenance contract. In particular, you are advised to have the following checks carried out:

- condensing heat exchanger;
- burner;
- exhaust fume duct and flue;
- pressurisation of the expansion tank;
- filling up of the central heating circuit;
- bleeding of air from the central heating system;
- general check of the appliance's operation.

Please refer to the servicing information on section "MAINTENANCE" on page 68.

USEFUL ADVICE

3.5 External cleaning

! Before carrying out any cleaning, disconnect the appliance from the electrical mains, using the fused spur isolation switch fitted adjacent to the appliance.

To clean the external panels, use a cloth soaked in soapy water. Do not use solvents, abrasive powders or sponges.

Do not carry out cleaning of the appliance and/or its parts with readily flammable substances (for example petrol, alcohols, naphtha, etc.).

3.6 Operational faults

If the boiler does not function and a code that alternates between the letter **Er** and the writing **RESET** (see "LCD general features" on page 9) appear on the LCD display, it indicates that the safety lock-out has stopped the boiler. The display background flashes (Fig. 3.3).

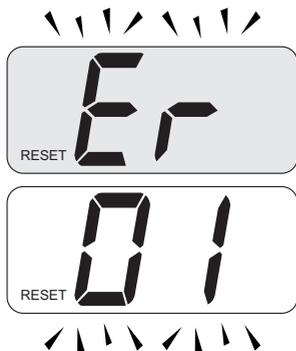


Fig. 3.3

For the first lighting up and following maintenance procedures for the gas supply, it may be necessary to repeat the resetting operation several times so as to remove the air present in the pipe work.

Safety lock-out may occur even in case of a blockage of the condensate drainage (e.g. plugged drain pipe). It is advisable to check

the condensate drainage pipe and traps for cleanness.

Press the reset key on the boiler control panel 12 (Fig. 3.1) to reset its functioning.



In this case and in case of persistent lock-out call a competent and responsible Service Engineer.

Other operational faults signalled on the LCD display

If the LCD display displays a code that alternates between the letter **Er** and the  symbol, the boiler has an anomaly that cannot be reset.

The display background flashes (Fig. 3.4).

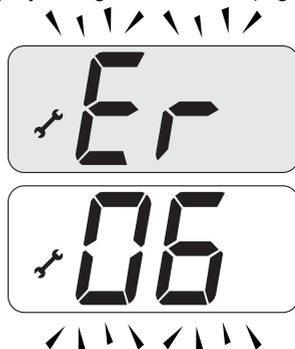


Fig. 3.4



In order to reset good functioning of the boiler, call a competent and responsible Service Engineer.

Noise due to air bubbles are heard during operation

You should check that the pressure on the pressure gauge is not below the correct setting.

If required, top up the system correctly, as described in the section "Refilling procedure" on page 12 of this manual. Bleed any air present in the radiators, if necessary.

The pressure has gone down

It is necessary to top up the appliance with wa-

USEFUL ADVICE

ter again, so as to raise the pressure to an adequate level as described in the section "Refilling procedure" on page 12 of this manual. If topping up with water has to be done very frequently, have the system checked for leaks.

Water comes out of the pressure relief valve

Check on the pressure gauge that the pressure in the central heating circuit is not close to 3 bars. In this case, temperature rise in the circuit can cause the pressure relief valve to open. So that this does not happen and to decrease the pressure to a normal value, it is advisable to vent some of the water in the appliance through the bleed valves present in the radiators.

If before water should occasionally leak from the boiler

Shut off the valves positioned under the boiler to page 15 and call an Authorised Service Centre Engineer.



In this case or in case of problems other than those mentioned here, switch off the boiler, as described in section "Switching off" on page 15 and call a competent and responsible Service Engineer.

3.7 Displaying in INFO mode

The INFO mode allows the display of some information on the boiler functioning status. In case of malfunctioning of the boiler, it may be useful to communicate such information to the Authorised Service Centre Engineer so that the causes can be understood.

In order to access the INFO mode, press keys 12 and 14 (Fig. 3.5) at the same time until the letter **d** appears on the display that alternates with a code (Fig. 3.6).

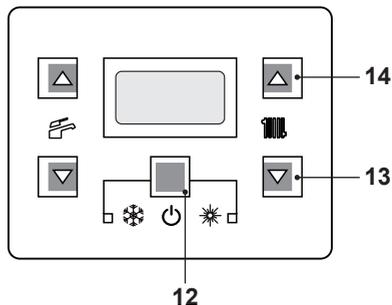


Fig. 3.5

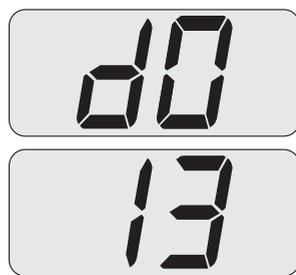


Fig. 3.6

To scroll the values press 13 (reduce) and 14 (increase) keys. In order to exit the INFO mode, hold keys 12 and 14 (Fig. 3.5) pressed at the same time.

The table summarises the possible values visible in INFO mode.

Value visualised	Index
Primary circuit pressure (not present)	d0 + - -
External temperature	d1 + value
K curve value configured in settings	d2 + value
Offset climatic curve value	d3 + value
Calculated heating set point (with climatic curve or set configured)	d4 + value
Temperature NTC delivery	d5 + value
Temperature NTC return (not present)	d6 + - -

USEFUL ADVICE

Domestic set point	c0 + value
Temp. D.H.W. output (not present)	d7 + - -
D.H.W. capacity (not present)	c2 + - -
Flue temperature	d8 + value
Fan speed	d9 + value
Pressure transducer pressure (not present)	dA + - -
Ionization value	dB + value
Number of months to maintenance	c3 + value
3 star status (ON=01, OFF=00) (not present)	cF + - -
Code HW - BIC	dc + value
Revision HW - BIC	dd + value
Code FW - BIC	dE + value
Revision FW - BIC	dF + value

3.8 Remote anomaly code

If the boiler is connected to remote (optional), a code that indicates a boiler anomaly is displayed in the centre of the display. The anomaly in progress is indicated by a numeric code followed by the letter **E**. The table summarises the possible codes displayed on the remote.

Anomaly	Code
Lack of burner ignition	01E
Safety thermostat lockout	02E
General lockout	03E
Faulty primary circuit (no water or absence flow)	04E
Faulty fan control system	05E
Faulty C.H. temp. probe NTC	06E
Faulty D.H.W. temp. probe NTC	- -
Faulty external temp. probe NTC	08E
Faulty flue temp. probe NTC	09E

Flue probe intervention lockout	10E
Flame detection error	11E
No circulation, of faulty pump or intervention primary temperature limit.	14E
Flame detection error	25E

3.9 Flue probe and safety thermal fuse



If the flue thermal cut-off fuse is triggered, the boiler goes into safety lockout. To restore normal boiler operation, please contact an Authorized Service Centre.

The flue probe and safety thermal fuse 16 indicated in Fig. 3.7 are a safety device. The flue probe 16 intervenes when the flue temperature exceeds 110°C placing the boiler in safety block switching it off.

To reset normal boiler functioning, just press the 12 (Fig. 3.5) key.

If flue probe 16 does not intervene and, therefore does not send the boiler into security lockout, flue thermal fuse 16 is triggered as an additional safety device to protect the flue outlet pipe.

To restore the normal operation of the boiler, contact the Authorized Service Centre.

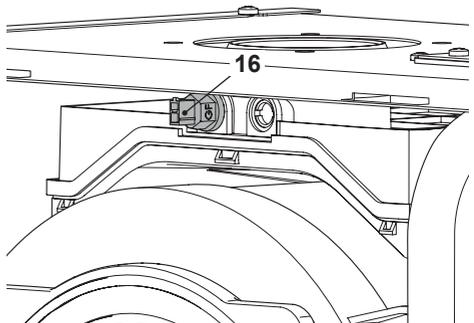


Fig. 3.7

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

4 TECHNICAL INFORMATION

4.1 Overview

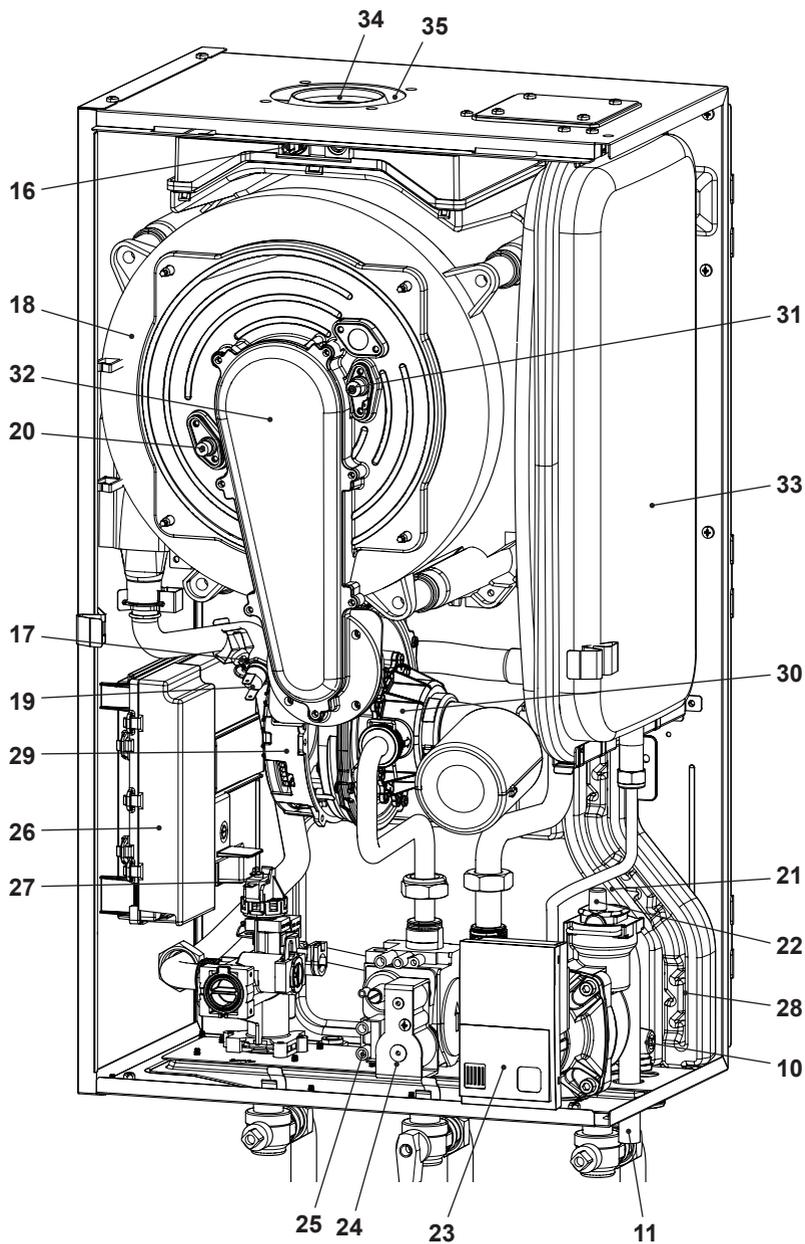


Fig. 4.1

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

4.2 Main diagram

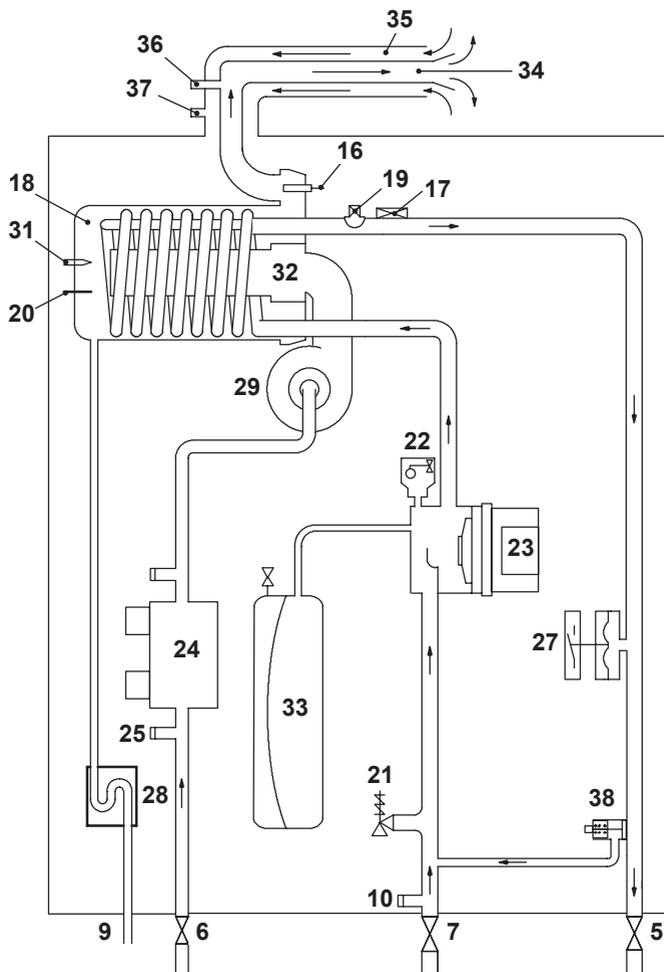


Fig. 4.2

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 5 C.H. flow valve | 17 C.H. temperature probe NTC |
| 6 Gas inlet valve | 18 Condensing heat exchanger |
| 7 C.H. return valve | 19 Safety thermostat |
| 9 Condensate drain pipe | 20 Flame-detecting electrode |
| 10 Main circuit drain valve | 21 C.H. pressure relief valve |
| 11 C.H. pressure relief valve pipe | 22 Automatic air purger valve |
| 16 Flue temperature probe NTC and Safety thermal fuse | 23 Pump |
| | 24 Gas valve |

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

- 25** Gas valve inlet test point
- 26** Control box containing:
External temperature probe terminal block, remote terminal block, power supply terminal block, external controls terminal block
- 27** Primary circuit pressure switch
- 28** Condensate trap
- 29** Fan
- 30** Air/gas mixer
- 31** Ignition electrode
- 32** Burner
- 33** C.H. expansion tank
- 34** Flue outlet pipe
- 35** Air intake pipe
- 36** Flue exhaust sampling point
- 37** Air sampling point
- 38** By-pass valve

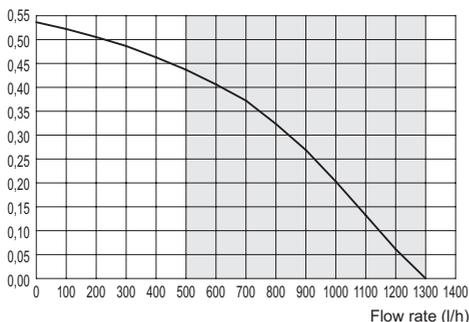
TECHNICAL INFORMATION

4.3 Hydraulic specifications

The hydraulic specifications represents the pressure (available head for the central heating system) as a function of the flow rate.

Model ADVANCE 25S

Pressure (bar)

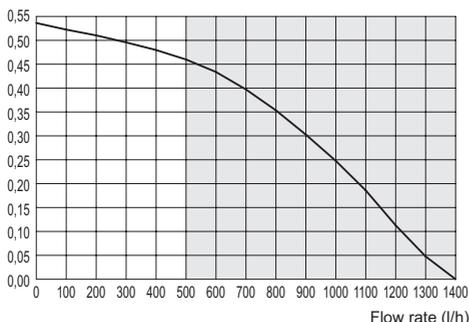


Boiler operating area

Fig. 4.3

Models ADVANCE 30S

Pressure (bar)



Boiler operating area

Fig. 4.4

The boiler load loss has already been removed.

Flow rate with closed thermostatic valves

The boiler is equipped with an automatic by-pass, which protects the condensing primary exchanger.

In case of excessive reduction or total

stopping of water circulation in the heating system due to the closing of thermostatic valves or circuit elements valves, the by-pass ensures a minimum water circulation inside the condensing primary exchanger. The by-pass is calibrated to a differential pressure of about 0.3-0.4 bar.

4.4 Expansion vessel

Note: this boiler is designed for operation only in a sealed central heating system.

The height difference between the pressure relief valve and the highest point in the system may be 10 m at most.

For greater differences, increase the pre-load pressure in the expansion vessel and the system, when cold, by 0.1 bar for each additional 1 m.

Total capacity	l	7,0
Pre-load pressure	kPa	100
	bar	1,0
Useful capacity	l	3,5
Maximum volume of water in the system *	l	109

Fig. 4.5

* Where conditions are:

- Average maximum temperature of the system is 85 °C
- Initial temperature when filling up the system is 10 °C

! For systems with volumes greater than the one indicated in the above table, an additional expansion vessel must be provided.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

4.5 Technical data ADVANCE 25S

Heat input		
Nominal net ^(A) central heating	kW	25,0
	BTU/h	85304
Nominal gross ^(B) central heating	kW	27,8
	BTU/h	94687
Minimum net ^(A)	kW	7,5
	BTU/h	25591
Minimum gross ^(B)	kW	8,3
	BTU/h	28406

Useful output		
Maximum	kW	24,4
	BTU/h	83256
Minimum	kW	7,0
	BTU/h	23885
Maximum condensing	kW	26,8
	BTU/h	91445
Minimum condensing	kW	7,8
	BTU/h	26615

Central heating		
Min/Max flow temperature settings*	°C	25 -80
Maximum pressure	kPa	250
	bar	2,5
Minimum pressure	kPa	30
	bar	0,3
Available head (in 1000 l/h)	kPa	34,0
	bar	0,34
Seasonal efficiency G20 ^(C)	%	88,7
Seasonal efficiency G31 ^(C)	%	90,7

* to the minimum useful output

^(A) referred to the net calorific value at 15 °C and 1013,25 mbar: G20 = 34,02 MJ/m³ - G31 = 46,34 MJ/kg

^(B) referred to the gross calorific value at 15 °C and 1013,25 mbar: G20 = 37,78 MJ/m³ - G31 = 50,37 MJ/kg

^(C) The value is used in the UK Government's Standard Assessment Procedure (SAP) for energy rating of dwellings. The test data from which it has been calculated have been certified by a notified body.

^(D) Values subject to tolerance

Gas supply pressures			
Gas		Pa	mbar
Natural G20	Nom	2000	20
	Min	1700	17
	Max	2500	25
Propane G31	Nom	3700	37
	Min	2500	25
	Max	4500	45

Gas rate maximum		
Natural G20	m ³ /h	2,65
Propane G31	kg/h	1,94
Gas rate minimum		
Natural G20	m ³ /h	0,79
Propane G31	kg/h	0,58

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Gas restrictors references	Ø mm /100
Natural G20	530
Propane G31	430
Air/gas mixer restrictors	
Natural G20	21 blue
Propane G31	21 blue

Electrical data		
Voltage	V~	230
Frequency	Hz	50
Nominal Power consumption	W	83
Minimum Power consumption	W	14
Stand-by Power consumption	W	3
Protection degree		IPX5D
External fuse rating	A	3
Internal fuse rating	A	N° 2 - 2 AF

Flue design		
Boiler type B23P C13 C33 C43 C53 C63 C83		
Ø Coaxial	mm	60/100
Ø Twin split pipes	mm	80/80
Ø Roof	mm	60/100
Ø Roof	mm	80/125
Nominal heat flow rate ^{(A) (E)}	kW	25,0
Exhaust temperature ^(E)	°C	73,0
Mass flow rate ^(E)	kg/s	0,0136

Flue gas figures		
Nominal heat input ^{(A) (E)}	kW	25,0
CO ₂ content with gas G20	%	9,0 - 9,6
O ₂ content with gas G20	%	3,9
CO content with gas G20	ppm	196,0
Exhaust temperature ^(E)	°C	73,0
NOx class		6
Weighted NOx	ppm	24

^(E) Values refer tests with a 1 m flue working at the nominal heat input

CO ₂ contents		
Nominal heat input ^{(A) (E)}	kW	25,0
CO ₂ content with gas G20 (range min - max)	%	9,0 - 9,6
CO ₂ content with gas G31 (range min - max)	%	10,0 - 10,6
Minimum heat input ^{(A) (E)}	kW	7,5
CO ₂ content with gas G20 (range min - max)	%	8,2 - 8,8
CO ₂ content with gas G31 (range min - max)	%	9,3 - 9,9

Other specifications		
Height	mm	700
Width	mm	400
Depth	mm	290
Weight (dry)	kg	34,5
Water volume in the boiler (up to 1 bar)	l (kg)	2,0

(1841)

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

4.6 Technical data ADVANCE 30S

Heat input		
Nominal net ^(A) central heating	kW	29,0
	BTU/h	98952
Nominal gross ^(B) central heating	kW	32,2
	BTU/h	109837
Minimum net ^(A)	kW	7,5
	BTU/h	25591
Minimum gross ^(B)	kW	8,3
	BTU/h	28406

Useful output		
Maximum	kW	28,2
	BTU/h	96222
Minimum	kW	7,0
	BTU/h	23885
Maximum condensing	kW	31,1
	BTU/h	106118
Minimum condensing	kW	7,8
	BTU/h	26615

Central heating		
Min/Max flow temperature settings*	°C	25 -80
Maximum pressure	kPa	250
	bar	2,5
Minimum pressure	kPa	30
	bar	0,3
Available head (in 1000 l/h)	kPa	34,0
	bar	0,34
Seasonal efficiency G20 ^(C)	%	88,7
Seasonal efficiency G31 ^(C)	%	90,7

* to the minimum useful output

^(A) referred to the net calorific value at 15 °C and 1013,25 mbar: G20 = 34,02 MJ/m³ - G31 = 46,34 MJ/kg

^(B) referred to the gross calorific value at 15 °C and 1013,25 mbar: G20 = 37,78 MJ/m³ - G31 = 50,37 MJ/kg

^(C) The value is used in the UK Government's Standard Assessment Procedure (SAP) for energy rating of dwellings. The test data from which it has been calculated have been certified by a notified body.

^(D) Values subject to tolerance

Gas supply pressures			
Gas		Pa	mbar
Natural G20	Nom	2000	20
	Min	1700	17
	Max	2500	25
Propane G31	Nom	3700	37
	Min	2500	25
	Max	4500	45

Gas rate maximum		
Natural G20	m ³ /h	3,07
Propane G31	kg/h	2,25
Gas rate minimum		
Natural G20	m ³ /h	0,79
Propane G31	kg/h	0,58

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Gas restrictors references	Ø mm /100
Natural G20	530
Propane G31	430
Air/gas mixer restrictors	
Natural G20	21 blue
Propane G31	21 blue

Electrical data		
Voltage	V~	230
Frequency	Hz	50
Nominal Power consumption	W	101
Minimum Power consumption	W	15
Stand-by Power consumption	W	3
Protection degree		IPX5D
External fuse rating	A	3
Internal fuse rating	A	N° 2 - 2 AF

Flue design		
Boiler type		
B23P C13 C33 C43 C53 C63 C83		
Ø Coaxial	mm	60/100
Ø Twin split pipes	mm	80/80
Ø Roof	mm	60/100
Ø Roof	mm	80/125
Nominal heat flow rate ^{(A) (E)}	kW	29,0
Exhaust temperature ^(E)	°C	78,0
Mass flow rate ^(E)	kg/s	0,0152

Flue gas figures		
Nominal heat input ^{(A) (E)}	kW	29,0
CO ₂ content with gas G20	%	9,1 - 9,7
O ₂ content with gas G20	%	4,1
CO content with gas G20	ppm	216,0
Exhaust temperature ^(E)	°C	78,0
NOx class		6
Weighted NOx	ppm	27

^(E) Values refer tests with a 1 m flue working at the nominal heat input

CO ₂ contents		
Nominal heat input ^{(A) (E)}	kW	29,0
CO ₂ content with gas G20 (range min - max)	%	9,1 - 9,7
CO ₂ content with gas G31 (range min - max)	%	10,1 - 10,7
Minimum heat input ^{(A) (E)}	kW	7,5
CO ₂ content with gas G20 (range min - max)	%	8,2 - 8,8
CO ₂ content with gas G31 (range min - max)	%	9,3 - 9,9

Other specifications		
Height	mm	700
Width	mm	400
Depth	mm	290
Weight (dry)	kg	34,5
Water volume in the boiler (up to 1 bar)	l (kg)	2,0

(1842)

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Model(s):	ADVANCE 30S
Condensing boiler:	Yes
Low-temperature boiler (**):	No
B1 boiler:	No
Cogeneration space heater:	No
If yes, equipped with a supplementary heater:	-
Combination heater:	No

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit	Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Rated heat output	P_{rated}	28	kW	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η_s	92	%
				Seasonal energy efficiency class		A	
For boiler space heaters and boiler combination heaters: Useful heat output				For boiler space heaters and boiler combination heaters: Useful efficiency			
At rated heat output and high-temperature regime (*)	P_4	28,2	kW	At rated heat output and high-temperature regime (*)	η_4	87,7	%
At 30% of rated heat output and low-temperature regime (**)	P_1	9,3	kW	At 30% of rated heat output and low-temperature regime (**)	η_1	96,7	%
Auxiliary electricity consumption				Other items			
At full load	el_{max}	0,053	kW	Standby heat loss	P_{stby}	0,055	kW
At part load	el_{min}	0,015	kW	Ignition burner power consumption	P_{ign}	-	kW
In standby mode	P_{SB}	0,003	kW	Annual energy consumption	Q_{HE}	88	GJ
				Sound power level, indoors	L_{WA}	53	dB
				Emission of nitrogen oxides	NO_x	47	mg/kWh

For combination heaters:

Declared load profile				Water heating energy efficiency	η_{wh}		
Daily electricity consumption	Q_{elec}		kWh	Daily fuel consumption	Q_{fuel}		kWh
Annual electricity consumption	AEC		kWh	Annual fuel consumption	AFC		GJ

Contact details

See manual cover

(*) High-temperature regime means 60°C return temperature at heater inlet and 80°C feed temperature at heater outlet.

(**) Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30°C, for low-temperature boilers 37°C and for other heaters 50°C return temperature (at heater inlet).

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

5 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



Benchmark places responsibilities on both manufacturers and installers. The purpose is to ensure that customers are provided with the correct equipment for their needs, that it is installed, commissioned and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions by competent persons and that it meets the requirements of the appropriate Building Regulations. The Benchmark Checklist can be used to demonstrate compliance with Building Regulations and should be provided to the customer for future reference.

Installers are required to carry out installation, commissioning and servicing work in accordance with the Benchmark Code of Practice which is available from the Heating and Hotwater Industry Council who manage and promote the Scheme. Visit www.centralheating.co.uk for more information.

Our Company supports the Benchmark initiative. The Benchmark Checklist is located at the back of this manual and should be completed by the Installing/Commissioning Gas Safe Registered Engineer and handed over to the User for future reference by other visiting Engineers. Also included is the Service Interval Record card that should be completed by the Service Engineer following the annual service maintenance of the boiler and system. For Ireland (IE), it is necessary to complete a "Declaration of Conformity" to indicate compliance to I.S.813.2002.

This appliance must be installed by a competent person in accordance with the Gas Safe (installation & Use) Regulations.

5.1 Related documents

The installation of this appliance must be in accordance with the relevant requirements of the current Gas Safe (Installation & Use) Regulations, the Local Building Regulations, the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations, the Regulations and by-laws of the local water undertaking, and in Scotland, in accordance with the Building Standards (Scotland) Regulation. Health and safety document n° 635 "Electricity at work regs."

It should also be in accordance with the British Standard Codes of Practice:

In Ireland (IE). The installation must be carried out by a Competent Person and registered with the RGII and installed in accordance with the current edition of I.S.813.2002 "Domestic Gas Installations" the current Building Regulations and reference should be made to the current ETCI rules for electrical installations.

5.2 Location of appliance

The appliance may be installed in any room or internal space, although particular attention is drawn to the requirements of the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations, and in Scotland, the electrical provisions of the Building Regulations applicable in Scotland, with respect to the installation of the appliance in a room containing a bath or shower.

For Ireland (IE), reference should be made to the current edition of I.S.813.2002 and the current ETCI rules for electrical installations.

Where a room-sealed appliance is installed in a room containing a bath or shower, any electrical switch or appliance control, utilising mains electricity should be so situated that it cannot be touched by a person using the bath or shower.

The location must permit the provision of an adequate flue and termination.

For unusual locations special procedures may be necessary and BS 6798 gives detailed

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Symbol	Location position	Minimum dimensions (mm)
A *	Directly below an opening, air brick, opening window, etc.	300
B *	Above an opening, air brick, opening window, etc.	300
C *	Horizontally to an opening, air brick, opening window, etc.	300
D **	Below temperature-sensitive building components, e.g. plastic gutter soil pipes or drain pipes	75
E **	Below eaves	200
F	Below balconies	200
G	From a vertical drain pipe or soil pipe	150
H ***	From an internal or external corner	300
I	Above ground, roof or balcony level	300
J	From a surface facing a terminal	600
K	From a terminal facing a terminal	1 200
L	From an opening in the car-port (e.g. door, window) into the dwelling	Not recommended
M	Vertically from a terminal on the same wall	1 500
N	Horizontally from a terminal on the same wall	300
O	From the wall on which the terminal is mounted	Please refer to the flue assembly instructions
P	From a vertical structure on the roof	600
Q	Above intersection with the roof	600
R	From a roof window and terminal	600
S	From a roof window and terminal	2 500

* In addition, for temperature and structural reasons, the terminal should not be near than 150 mm to an opening in the building fabric formed for the purpose of accommodating a built-in element such as a sealed window frame.

** A heat protection shield should also be installed.

*** The reference to external corners does not apply to building protrusions not exceeding 450 mm, such as disused chimneys on external walls.

5.4 Gas supply

The Gas meter is connected to the service pipe by the local gas region or a local gas region contractor.

If the gas supply for the boiler serves other appliances ensure that an adequate supply is available both to the boiler and the other appliance when they are in use at the same time.

Pipework must be of adequate size. Pipes of a smaller size than the boiler inlet connection should not be used.

Installation pipes should be fitted in accordance with BS 6891 and the complete installation should be tested for tightness.

For Ireland (IE), refer to I.S.813.2002.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

5.5 Air supply

The room in which the boiler is installed does not require a purpose provided air vent.

5.6 Ventilation

If installed in a cupboard or compartment, it is not necessary to provide additional ventilation for cooling for this particular product. However consideration must be given to clearance requirements for maintenance (section "Precautions for installation" on page 36) and under no circumstances must stored articles be allowed to come into contact with the boiler or flue pipe.

5.7 Condensate drain

Ensure that the condensate discharge complies with the national or local regulations in force.

The condensate pipe must be fitted in accordance with Building Regulations.

Drain pipe material should be resistant to acid as the condensate is slightly acid with a pH less than 6.5.

The boiler includes a trap (28 on page 20) that prevents the combustion products entering the drain.

The boilers incorporate a condensate trap with a 225 mm seal to comply with BS 6798: 2008. The schematic diagrams of possible connections are given in Fig. 5.2 and Fig. 5.3.

The length of the condensate pipe should be kept to a minimum, any external pipe should not be more than 3 m in 32 mm pipe and insulated to prevent freezing.

To avoid condensate being trapped:

- the drain pipe should be run with a fall of at least 2.5° (45 mm/m) away from the boiler;
- the number of bends and joints should be kept at minimum;
- the drain pipe should be adequately fixed to prevent pipe sagging.

If a part of the drainpipe runs externally this part should be kept as short as possible and protected to reduce the risk of freezing.

Connection of condensate drainage pipe to internal soil and vent stack.

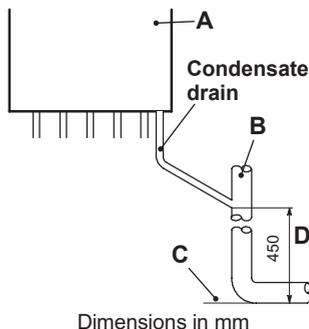


Fig. 5.2

- A Boiler
- B Internal soil and vent stack
- C Invert
- D 450 mm up to three storeys

Connection of condensate drainage pipe downstream of a sink waste trap

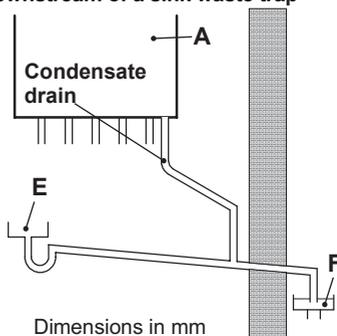


Fig. 5.3

- A Boiler
- E Sink
- F Open end of condensate drainage pipe direct into gully below grating but above water level

Combined condensate and PRV discharge

It is possible to combine the PRV and condensate discharge pipes providing the following precautions are followed explicitly.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A WRAS approved dry trap such as the Tesla DTUN 1522 is utilised.
- That the condensate is connected downstream of the trap as shown in the drawing and no copper pipe is utilised below this point.
- That the 32 mm equal T and subsequent downstream connection waist pipe is HT certified and capable of handling the potential short term expected temperature such as HDPE or polypropylene, consideration should also be given to the type of stack and its material in the event of the PRV activating.

At all times during design and component selection a worst case scenario event should be considered e.g. a short term exposure of high flow at high temperature along with normal running conditions of the corrosive nature of the condensate.

Connection combined condensate and PRV discharge.

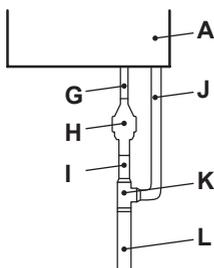


Fig. 5.4

- A** Boiler
- G** 15 mm copper PRV discharge pipe work
- H** WRAS approved dry trap such as the Tesla DTUN1522
- I** 22 mm copper PRV discharge pipe work
- J** 21.5 mm solvent condensate discharge pipe work
- K** High temperature rated equal 32 mm T with required adapters for condensate and PRV inlets
- L** High temperature rated Waist discharge pipe work with a minimum diameter of 32 mm

5.8 Water circulation (C.H.)

Detailed recommendations are given in BS 6798, BSEN 12828: 2003, BSEN 12831: 2003 & BSEN 14446: 2004; the following notes are given for general guidance.

For Ireland (IE), refer to I.S.813.2002.

Pipework

Copper tubing to BSEN 1057 is recommended for water pipes. Jointing should be either with capillary soldered or with compression fittings. Where possible pipes should have a gradient to ensure air is carried naturally to air release points and water flows naturally to drain taps.

The appliance has a built-in automatic air release valve, it should be ensured as far as possible that the appliance heat exchanger is not a natural collecting point for air.

Except where providing useful heat, pipes should be insulated to prevent heat loss and to avoid freezing.

Particular attention should be paid to pipes passing through ventilated spaces in roofs and under floors.

By-pass

The appliance includes an automatic by-pass valve which protects the main heat exchanger in case of reduced or interrupted water circulation through the heating system due to the closing of thermostatic valves or isolation valves within the system.

The by-pass is calibrated to assure a minimum flow of 200-300 lts/hr through the main heat exchanger.

If you are installing a system that includes thermostatic radiator valves (TRV) and/or small bore (8-10 mm) it may be necessary to fit an external by-pass to facilitate correct operation of the boiler.

The fitting of an external bypass helps to prevent and limit system noise.

Air release points

These must be fitted at all high points where air will natural collect and must be sited to

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

facilitate complete filling of the system.

Expansion vessel

The appliance has an integral sealed expansion vessel to accommodate the increase of water volume when the system is heated.

Refer to Fig. 4.5 on page 23 for its technical data.

If the heating circuit has an unusually high water content, calculate the total expansion and add an additional sealed expansion vessel with adequate capacity.

Mains water feed: central heating

There must be no direct connection to the mains water supply even through a non return valve, without the approval of the Local Water Authority.

Filling

A method for initially filling the system and replacing water lost during servicing must be provided and it must comply with local water authority regulations.

The correct method is shown in Fig. 5.5.

The temporary connection must be removed immediately after filling.

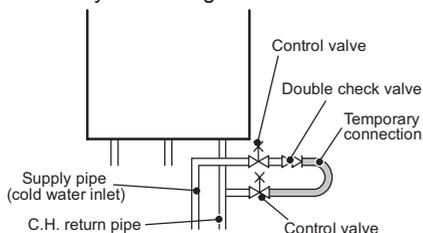


Fig. 5.5

The installer should ensure that no leaks exist either inside the boiler or on the system as frequent filling of the system could cause premature scaling of the heat exchanger.

5.9 Water treatment

C.H. circuit

Where a new boiler is fitted to a new system

with either plastic or copper pipes, it is important the system is fully flushed, on completion, to ensure flux residues, swarf, oils and other installation debris is removed.

Where a new boiler is fitted to an existing system, it is important the debris from the existing system is fully removed in order to ensure the efficiency of the new appliance is maintained. Details on flushing procedure are given in the section "Initial filling of the system" on page 51 of this manual.

5.10 Electrical supply

Warning, this appliance must be earthed.

External wiring to the appliance must be carried out by a competent person and be in accordance with the current I.E.E. Regulations and any local regulations which apply.

Reference should be made to the current ETCI rules for electrical installations.

For Ireland (IE), refer to I.S.813.2002.

The boiler is supplied for connection to a 230 V~ 50 Hz supply.



The mains supply to this appliance must be protected with a 3A mains fuse, under no circumstance should this fuse rating be exceeded.

The method of connection to the electricity supply must facilitate complete electrical isolation of the appliance by the use of a fused spur isolation switch. Its installation permits a complete switching off in the conditions of the overvoltage category III. Alternatively it can be connected with a 3A fused three pin plug and unswitched shuttered socket outlet both complying with BS 1363.

The point of connection to the electricity supply must be readily accessible and adjacent to the appliance, except where the appliance is installed in a bathroom, this must then be sited outside the bathroom.

INSTALLATION

6 INSTALLATION

6.1 Warnings

The use of gas appliances is subject to statutory control; it is essential to observe the current regulations and laws in force (see also chapter 5).

The appliance must discharge combustion products directly outside or into a suitable exhaust duct designed for this purpose. Combustion products must be discharged using original flue kits only, since they are integral parts of the boiler.

The appliance is not suitable for receiving condensate coming from the combustion products evacuation system.

Combustion air must avoid contents of chlorine, ammonia, or alkali agents. Installation of a boiler near a swimming pool, a washing machine, or a laundry does expose combustion air to these aggressive contents”.

Before installing the boiler on an existing C.H. system, flush it out thoroughly before fitting the boiler.

This procedure is to remove the presence of any residues or impurities that could compromise good functioning of the boiler.

After flushing it is necessary to treat the system.

The conventional warranty does not cover any problems deriving from failure to comply with such provisions.

For Propane, the appliance must also conform with the requirements of the distributors and comply with current Regulations and laws in force.

The safety relief valve and the condensate

drain must be connected to a suitable drain, or discharged in a safe manner.

The electrical wiring must conform with current Regulations, in particular:

- the boiler must be earthed using the correct bonding clamp.
- a fused spur isolation switch, must be installed near to the boiler that allows complete isolation in category III over voltage conditions.

Refer to section "Electric connection" on page 42 in this chapter for the electrical connections.

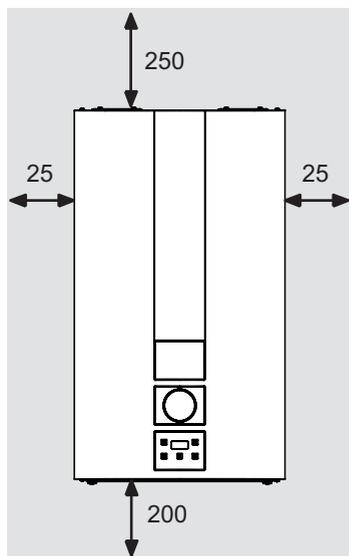
Under no circumstances will the manufacturer be held responsible if the warnings and instructions contained in this manual have not been complied with.

6.2 Precautions for installation

The following prescriptions must be respected for installation:

- The boiler must be fixed to a strong wall.
- The dimensions for the flue system (detailed in section "Choice of flue" on page 39) and the correct procedures for installing the flue, depicted in the instruction leaflet included with the flue kit, must be complied with during installation.
- To allow maintenance procedures it is necessary to leave the minimum clearances indicated in Fig. 6.1.

INSTALLATION



All measurements are in mm

Fig. 6.1

- When installing the boiler in a cupboard, cover or alcove allow at least 5 mm permanent clearance from the front face of the boiler. Also ensure sufficient clearance to allow free access for servicing.
- Before installing the boiler on an existing C.H. system, flush it out thoroughly before fitting the boiler, so as to remove system debris.

It is advisable to equip the system with a quality magnetic system filter, you should also use a water-treatment product in the circulating water.

The latter option in particular, has an anti-corrosive effect by promoting formation of a protective skin on metal surfaces and neutralising gases present in the water.

We recommend the use of a suitable Build-cert approved universal inhibitor to protect the C.H. system from corrosion.

Biasi UK strongly recommend that matched

system chemicals are used, this will ensure that no unwanted chemical reactions take place as system chemical manufacturers ensure own brand compatibility,

6.3 Installing the bracket

Precautions

Before mounting the bracket, check that the dimensions for fitting the flue system are complied with (refer to the leaflet included with the flue kit, packed separately).

Utilise the paper template supplied with the boiler to determine the fixing position for the bracket and boiler. Securely mount the bracket to the wall using appropriate fixings suitable for the type of wall construction and capable of supporting the total (wet) load. Refer to the weight given in the technical data tables specific for each model.

INSTALLATION

6.4 Overall dimensions

The boiler respects the following dimensions:

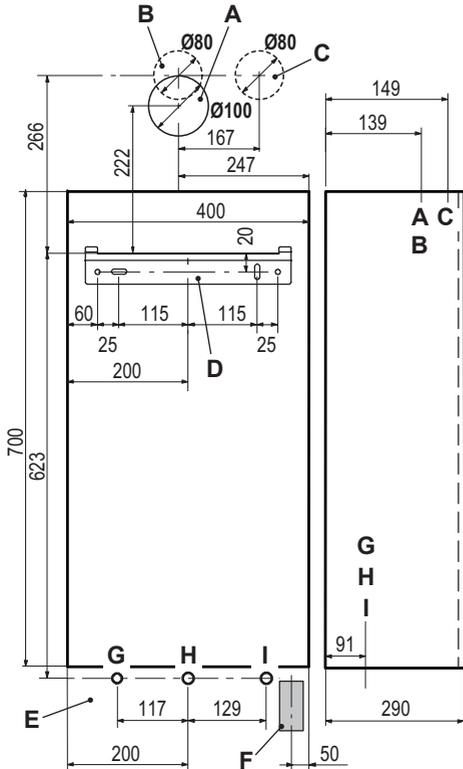


Fig. 6.2

- A Flue outlet / air intake pipe (co-axial \varnothing 100/60)
- B Flue outlet pipe \varnothing 80 mm (twin kit)
- C Air intake pipe \varnothing 80 mm (twin kit)
- D Bracket
- E Electric connections area
- F Condensate drain connection area
- G C.H. flow
- H Gas
- I C.H. return

6.5 Joints

The boiler uses the following fittings:

Functions	Pipe sizes (o.d)
Gas, C.H. return, C.H. flow	\varnothing 22 mm
Pressure relief valve	\varnothing 15 mm
Condensate drain	\varnothing 20 mm (rubber)

sizes in mm o.d.

Condensate drained with \varnothing 21.5 mm solvent weld pipe

6.6 Mounting the boiler

- Take the protective caps off the boiler pipework.
- Thoroughly clean the connections.
- Fix the C.H. valves "K" to position "G" and "I" (Fig. 6.2) using the $\frac{3}{4}$ " gaskets.
- Fix the gas cock "L" to position "H" (Fig. 6.2), using the $\frac{3}{4}$ " gasket.
- Fix the \varnothing 22 mm copper pipes "J" to the valves "K - L" using the $\frac{3}{4}$ " gaskets.

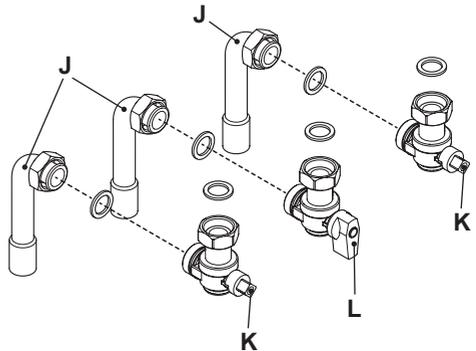


Fig. 6.3

- Connect the pipe 11 (Fig. 6.4) from the pressure relief valve to the safety discharge pipework.
- Fit the condensate drain 9 (Fig. 6.4) in to the drainage pipework.
- See also section "Condensate drain" on page 33 in this manual.

INSTALLATION

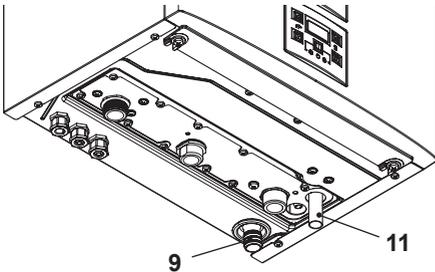


Fig. 6.4

6.7 Fitting the flue system

For a correct installation of the flue pipe, refer to the sheet provided together with the pre-selected kit.

The horizontal run of the flue pipes must incline about 1.5 degrees (25 mm per meter); therefore the terminal must be higher than the intake at the boiler.

The standard horizontal flue kit must be fitted horizontal as the inner flue exhaust pipe is already angled with the correct incline.

CORRECT system for installing the wall flue

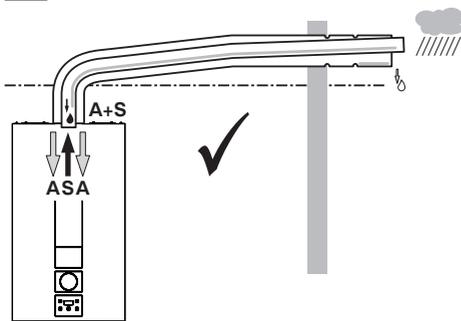


Fig. 6.5

A = air intake
S = flue exhaust

6.8 Choice of flue

The flue exhaust/air intake can be installed in the mode:

C-13 C-33 C-53 C-63



The terminal must be higher than the boiler.

The following kits to be connected to the boiler are available:

Wall flue exhaust kit (Fig. 6.6 A)

This kit allows the flues to be exhausted in the rear wall or at the side of the boiler.

Coaxial pipe Ø 60/100 (A)	
Nominal length	0.915 m
Minimum length	0.5 m
Maximum length	10 m

Type C13

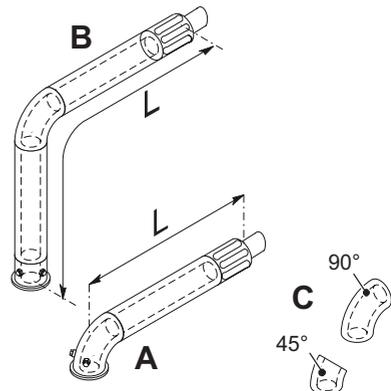


Fig. 6.6

Vertical flue exhaust kit with 90° bend (Fig. 6.6 B)

This kit allows the boiler exhaust axis to be lifted by 635 mm.

The terminal must always exhaust horizontally.

Coaxial pipe Ø 60/100 with 90° bend (B)	
Nominal length	1.55 m
Minimum length	0.5 m
Maximum length	10 m

INSTALLATION

Additional bends at 45° or 90° (Fig. 6.6 C)

Coaxial bends Ø 60/100 mm.

These bends when used with the pipe reduce the maximum length of the flue pipe by:

For the bend of 45° loss	0.5 m
For the bend of 90° loss	1 m

Exhaust intake split pipes kit Ø 80 mm - (Fig. 6.7) - (Fig. 6.8)

This kit allows the flue exhaust to be separated from the air intake.

Split pipes kit Ø 80 mm	
Minimum length	0.5 m
Maximum length (a + b)	40 m

N.B: The air intake and the flue outlet must not terminate on opposite sides of the building (EN 483).

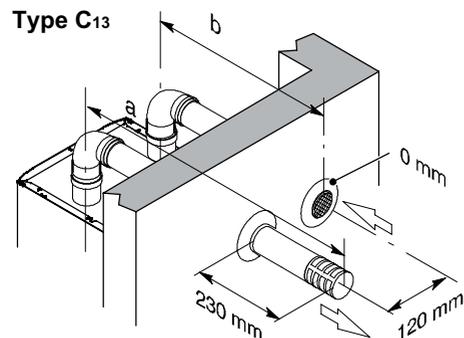


Fig. 6.7

Bends of Ø 80 mm at 90° and at 45° are available that reduce the maximum total length of the pipes by:

For the bend of 45° loss	0.9 m
For the bend of 90° loss	1.65 m

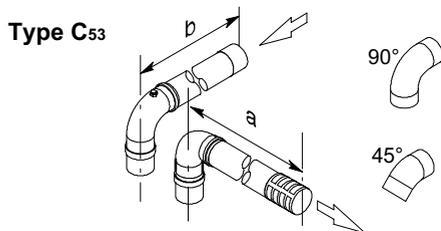


Fig. 6.8

Roof flue exhaust kit (Fig. 6.9)

This kit exhausts directly to the roof.

Coaxial pipe	Ø 60/100 mm	Ø 80/125 mm
Nominal height	0.96 m	0.96 m
Maximum height	10 m	10 m

Type C33

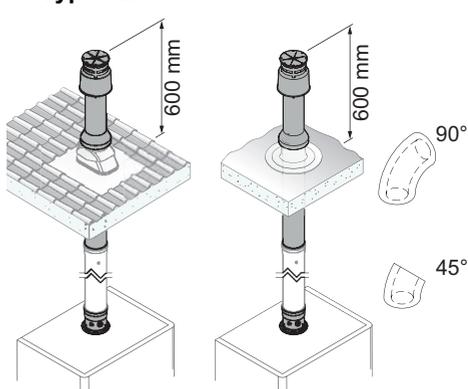


Fig. 6.9

Extensions are available for reaching the maximum height.

Bends at 90° and at 45° are available that reduce the maximum total length of the pipes by:

For the bend of 45° loss	0.5 m
For the bend of 90° loss	1 m

Plumbing kit A (Fig. 6.10)

Coaxial Ø 60/100 mm + vertical part Ø 60 mm (flue outlet).

INSTALLATION

Coaxial Ø 60/100 mm (b) + vertical part Ø 60 mm (a)

Telescopic coaxial flue	0.45-0.95 m
Maximum length (a + b)	15 m

This kit allows the products of combustion to be discharged at a different location to the air intake to avoid nuisance issues.

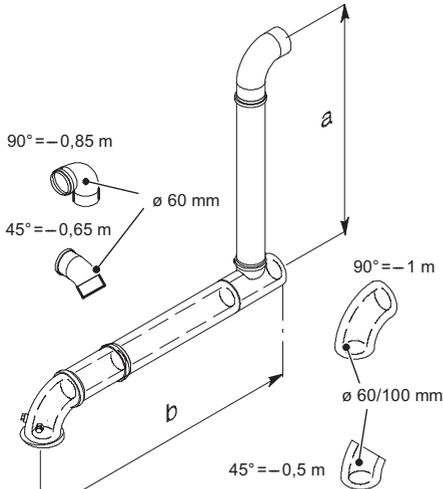


Fig. 6.10

60 mm elbows and extensions can be added to the vertical section.

Each additional elbow reduces the overall acceptable length of the flue system as follows:

For the bend of 45° (60/100 mm) loss	0.5 m
For the bend of 90° (60/100 mm) loss	1 m
For the bend of 45° (60 mm) loss	0.65 m
For the bend of 90° (60 mm) loss	0.85 m

Plumbing kit B (Fig. 6.12) (Fig. 6.11)

Push on type Ø 60 mm vertical plume management kit

This kit allows the products of combustion to be discharged at a different location, when

used with the standard horizontal flue kit.

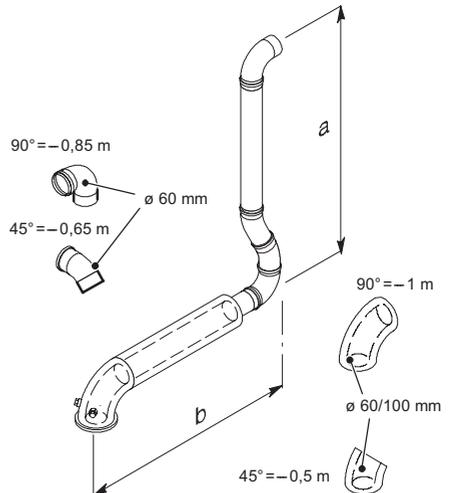


Fig. 6.11

Each additional elbow reduces the overall acceptable length of the flue system as follows:

For the bend of 45° (60/100 mm) loss	0.5 m
For the bend of 90° (60/100 mm) loss	1 m
For the bend of 45° (60 mm) loss	0.65 m
For the bend of 90° (60 mm) loss	0.85 m

The chart Fig. 6.12 gives the maximum allowed value for **a + b** of (Fig. 6.11).

INSTALLATION

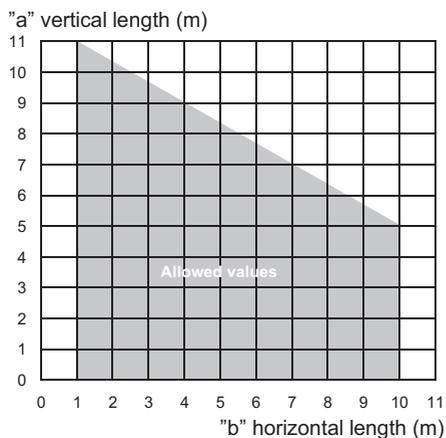


Fig. 6.12

A Plume deflector is available to assist in overcoming boundary nuisance issues.

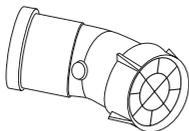


Fig. 6.13

6.9 Electric connection

- Unscrew screws "M" and remove the front panel "N" by pulling it and pushing it towards the top so that it is freed from the top housing Fig. 6.14.

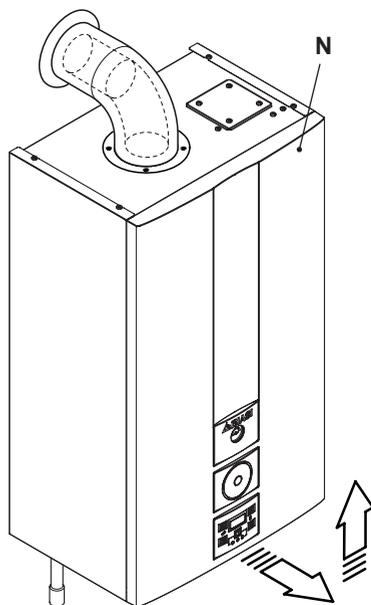
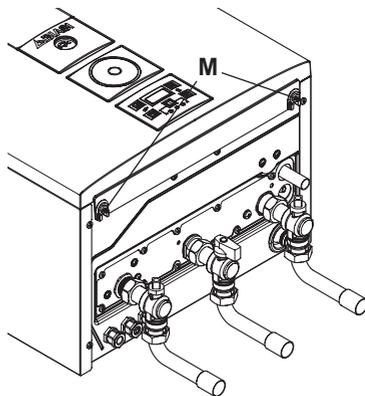


Fig. 6.14

- Identify the terminal block cover lid "O" (Fig. 6.15) and open it.

INSTALLATION

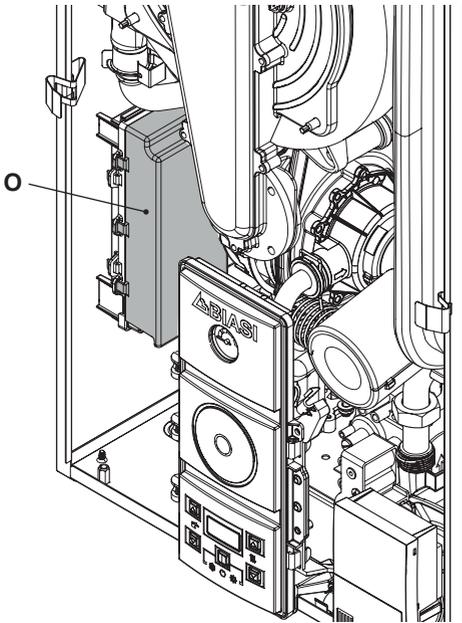


Fig. 6.15

Electric power supply connection

- Connect the electric power supply cable coming from the fused spur isolation switch to the power supply terminal block of the boiler Fig. 6.16 keeping the same connections for the live (brown wire) and the neutral (blue wire). External 3A fuse or fused plug with same current rating is recommended.
- **Do not connect live wires to terminals to which the room thermostat must be connected.**
- Connect the earth cable (yellow/green) to an effective earth plant.



The earth cable must be the longest of the electric power supply cables.

The appliance's electric power supply cable or wire must have a section no less than 0.75 mm², it must be kept away from hot or sharp parts and however conform to the

technical regulations in force.

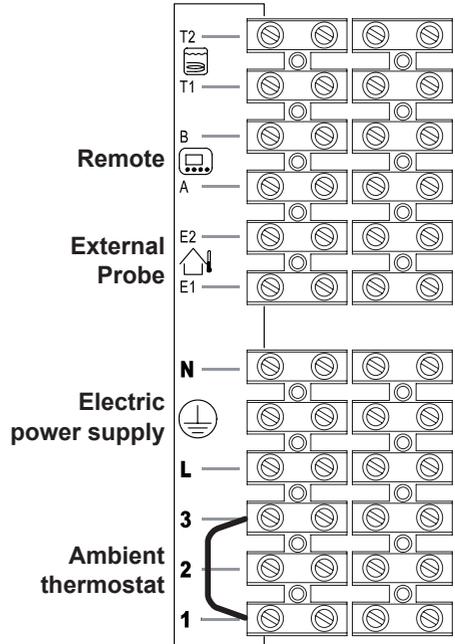


Fig. 6.16

The route of the boiler and ambient thermostat's electric power supply cable or wires must follow the route indicated in Fig. 6.17.

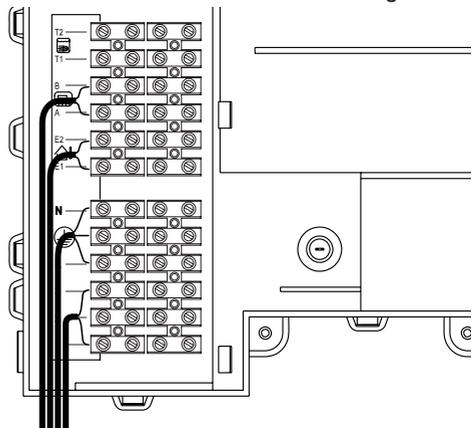


Fig. 6.17

Allow the cables to exit the boiler by using the relevant cable clamps "P" (Fig. 6.18).

INSTALLATION

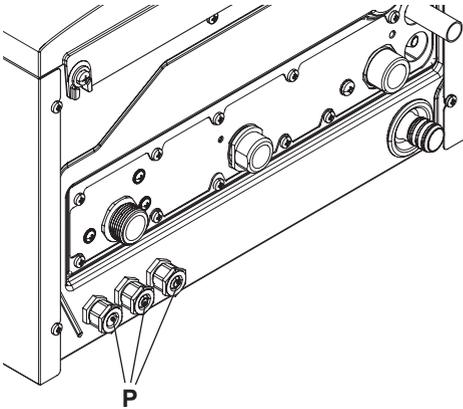


Fig. 6.18

6.10 Connecting the room thermostat or zone valves

Use the clamps indicated in Fig. 6.16 to connect the ambient thermostat.

Remove the electric jumper present between “1 and 3” when connecting any type of ambient thermostat.

The electric cables of the ambient thermostat are inserted between clamps “1 and 3” as in Fig. 6.19 or Fig. 6.20 or Fig. 6.21.

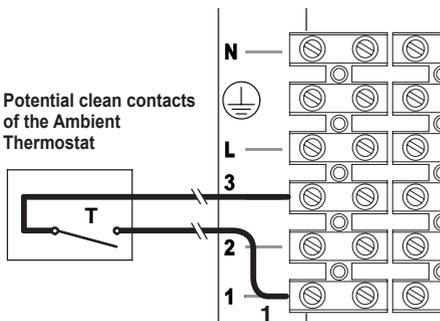


Fig. 6.19

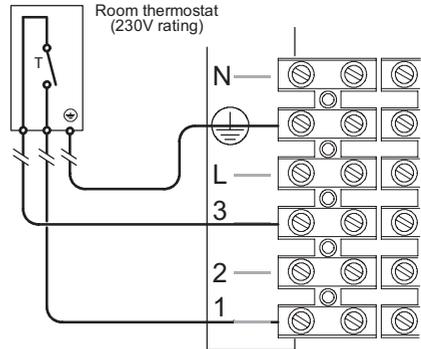


Fig. 6.20

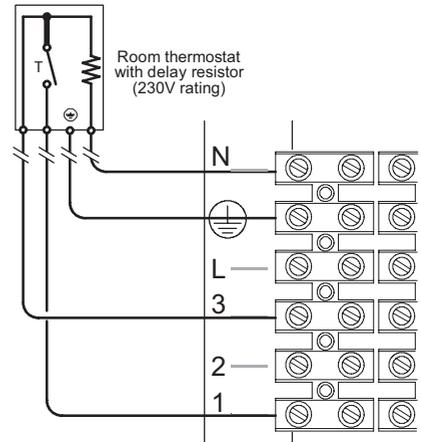


Fig. 6.21

The thermostat must be insulation class II (□) or must be correctly connected to earth.

INSTALLATION

Connecting the zone valves controlled by the ambient thermostat

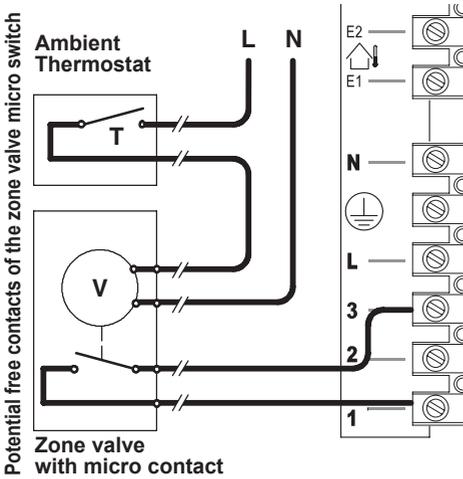


Fig. 6.22

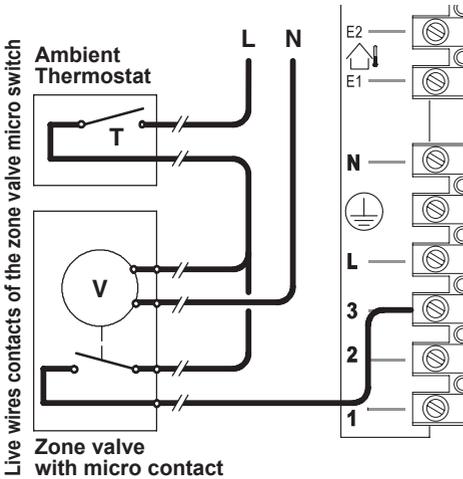


Fig. 6.23



If the Ambient Thermostat is connected with live wires (Fig. 6.23) may lead dangerous voltage inside the appliance as well. Ensure they are isolated. In case of doubt turn off the general system switch.

Use the ambient thermostat's clamps indicated in Fig. 6.16 and Fig. 6.17 to connect the zone valve. Insert the electric cables of the zone valve's micro switch contacts in clamps "1 and 3" of the ambient thermostat's terminal block as in Fig. 6.17.

Remove the electric jumper between "1 and 3".

The route of the boiler and ambient thermostat's electric power supply cable or wires must follow the route indicated in Fig. 6.17. Allow the cables to exit the boiler by using the relevant cable clamps "P" (Fig. 6.18).

6.11 External frost protection

- Connect the frost thermostat between terminals 1 and 2 as shown in Fig. 6.24, Fig. 6.25 or Fig. 6.25.

Do not connect live wires to terminals to which the frost thermostat must be connected.

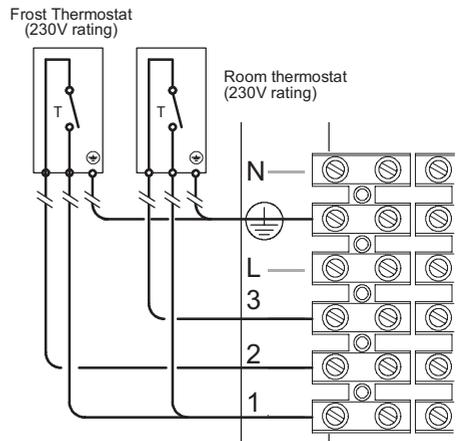


Fig. 6.24

INSTALLATION

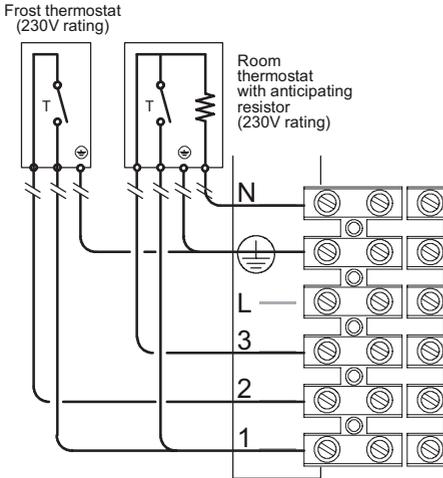


Fig. 6.25

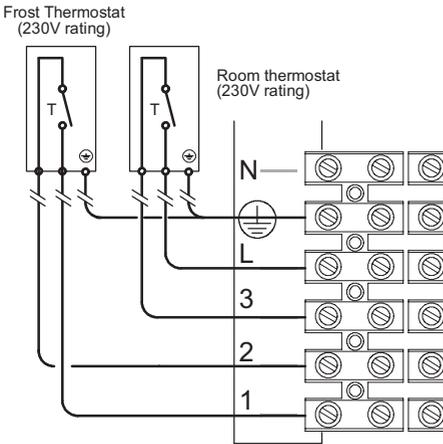


Fig. 6.26



If the external control is connected with live wires (Fig. 6.23) may lead dangerous voltage inside the appliance as well. Ensure they are isolated. In case of doubt turn off the general system switch.

6.12 Connecting a system boiler to a cylinder

Two schematic wiring diagrams are given in this section showing two possible ways to connect an external programmer to a mid-position diverter valve to provide independent timed and thermostatic control of heating and hot water.

Fig. 6.27 and Fig. 6.28 are divided in two parts. The upper shows the single components used on the diagrams with their connection to the 10 way junction box. The bold numbers represent the terminal of the junction box where the component must be connected to.

The lower part shows how to realize a system that provides independent timed and thermostatic control of heating and hot water.

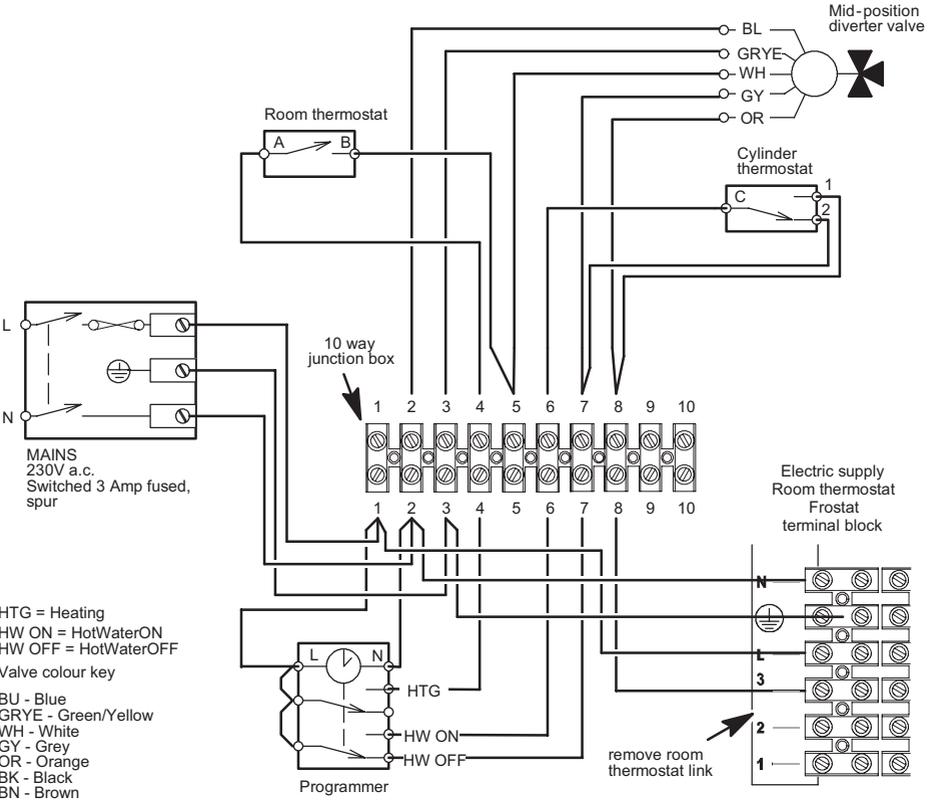
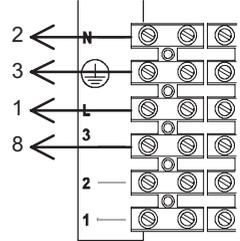
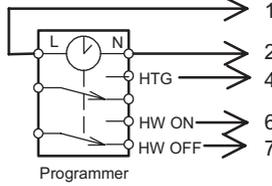
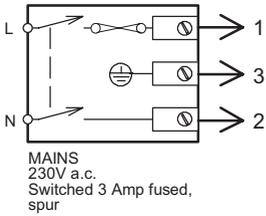
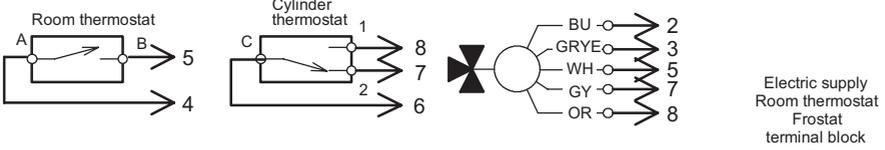
In Fig. 6.27 the boiler is permanently connected to the main supply. The boiler operation is controlled by the external control terminal block.

In Fig. 6.28 the boiler is not permanently connected to the supply line. The boiler operation is controlled by switching the mains supply.

In this case, when the boiler is switched off some important features like the antifreeze system, the monitoring of the boiler by the operation lights, the post circulation of the pump, etc. are completely deactivated.

For these reasons it is advisable to use the first diagram (Fig. 6.27).

INSTALLATION



INSTALLATION

Fig. 6.27 Permanent live Y - plan

INSTALLATION

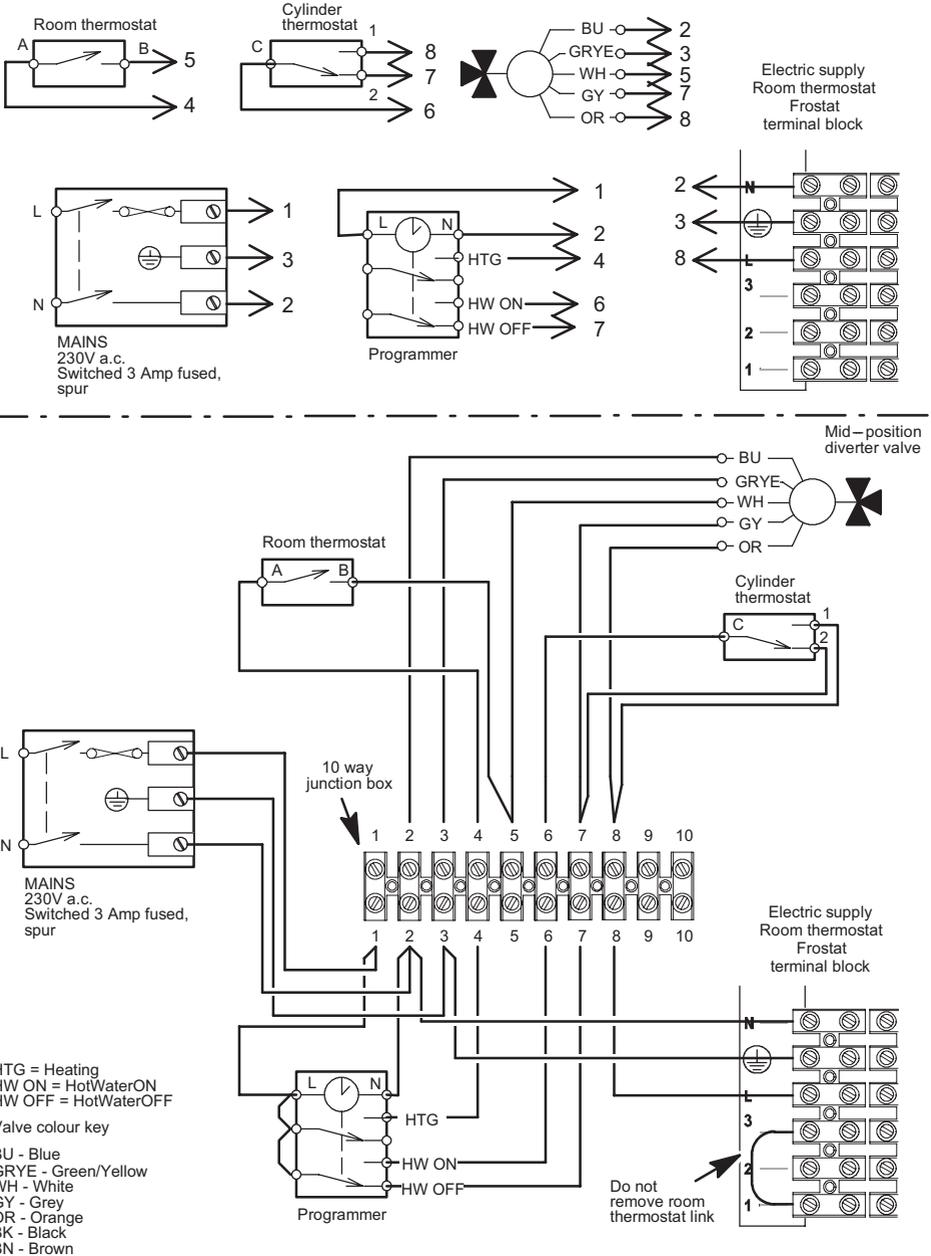


Fig. 6.28 - Not permanent live Y - plan

INSTALLATION

6.13 Installation of the external temperature probe (optional)

The external probe must be installed on the external wall of the building avoiding:

- Direct sunlight.
- Humid walls or walls subject to the formation of mildew.
- Installation near to fans, drain outlets or chimneys.
- It is recommended to be installed on a north aspect wall at least 1 m below any eaves and at least 2 m above ground.

6.14 Electric connection between the boiler and the external probe

To connect the external probe to the boiler use electric cables with a section no less than 0.50 mm².

The electric cables for connecting the external probe to the boiler must cover different channels to the voltage ones (230 V), since they are powered at a safety low voltage and their maximum length must not exceed 20 meters.

Use the clamps indicated in Fig. 6.29 to connect the external probe.

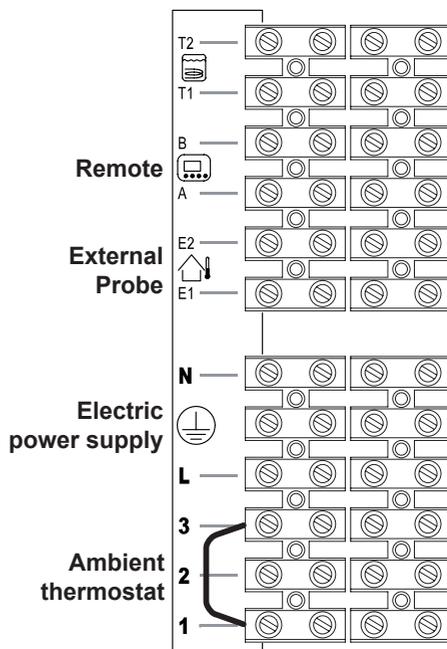


Fig. 6.29

The route of the external probe's connection wires must follow the route indicated in Fig. 6.17.

Allow the cables to exit the boiler by using the relevant cable clamps "P" (Fig. 6.18).

6.15 Remote electric connection (optional)

Use the clamps indicated in Fig. 6.29 to connect the remote.

To connect the remote control to the boiler, refer also to the REMOTE CONTROL booklet.

Do not remove the electric jumper connected on the ambient thermostat terminal block between "1 and 3" Fig. 6.29.

The route of the remote control cable must follow the route indicated in Fig. 6.17.

INSTALLATION

Allow the cables to exit the boiler by using the relevant cable clamps "P" (Fig. 6.18).

6.16 Example of hydraulic systems with hydraulic separator (optional)

The hydraulic separator creates a reduced load loss zone that renders the primary circuit and secondary circuit hydraulically independent.

In this case the flow rate that passes through the circuits depends exclusively on the features of the pumps flow rate.

Therefore, by means of a hydraulic separator, the secondary circuit's flow rate is put into circulation only when the relative pump is on.

When the pump of the secondary is off, there is no circulation in the corresponding circuit and therefore, the entire flow rate pushed by the primary is by-passed through the separator.

Thus, with the hydraulic separator, it is possible to have a constant flow rate production circuit and a variable flow rate distribution circuit.

Hydraulic system examples

Top zone + low temperature zone.

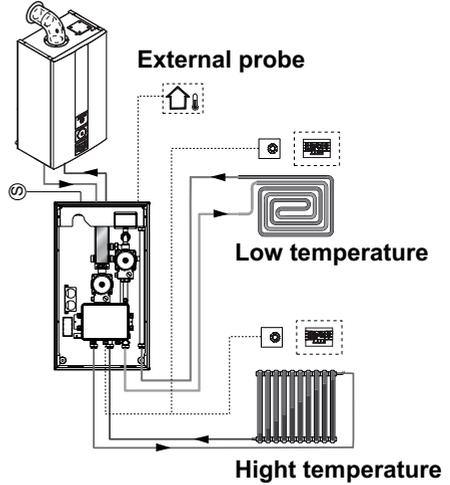


Fig. 6.30

Top zone + 2 low temperature zones.

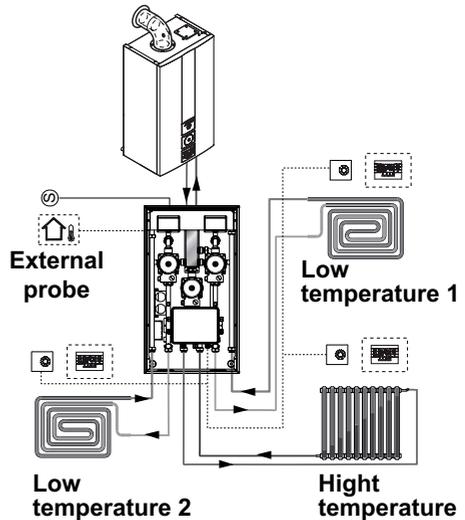


Fig. 6.31

COMMISSIONING

7 COMMISSIONING

7.1 Warnings

The commissioning of this boiler and system must only be undertaken by a Gas Safe Registered Engineer in accordance with the requirements of the Gas Safe Installation and Use Regulations and be approved by Gas Safe.

Ensure that the Benchmark Checklist is satisfactorily completed during the commissioning process. The Checklist is located at the end of this manual. This manual should be handed to the user following completion of the installation and commissioning process. Failure to comply with these requirements may invalidate the manufacturers guarantee.

For Ireland (IE), it is necessary to complete a "Declaration of Conformity" to indicate compliance to I.S.813.2002.

7.2 Electrical installation

Preliminary electrical system checks to ensure electrical safety shall be carried out by a competent person. i.e. polarity, earth continuity, resistance to earth and short circuit. If a fault has occurred on the appliance the fault finding procedure should be followed as specified in the service manual.

7.3 Gas supply installation

- Inspect the entire installation including the gas meter, test for tightness and purge, all as described in BS 6891;
For Ireland (IE), refer to I.S.813.2002.
- Open the gas cock 6 (Fig. 7.1) on the appliance and check the gas connector on the appliance for leaks.

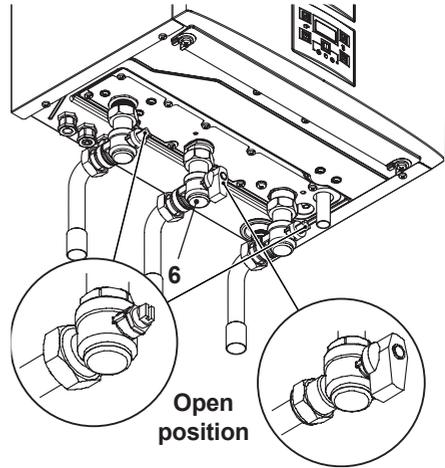


Fig. 7.1

7.4 Initial filling of the system

- Open the C.H. flow and return valves.
- Remove the front and side panels of the case (section "Dismantling the external panels" on page 68) and the sealed chamber lid.
- Loosen the cap on the automatic air purger valve 22 in Fig. 7.2 and leave open permanently.

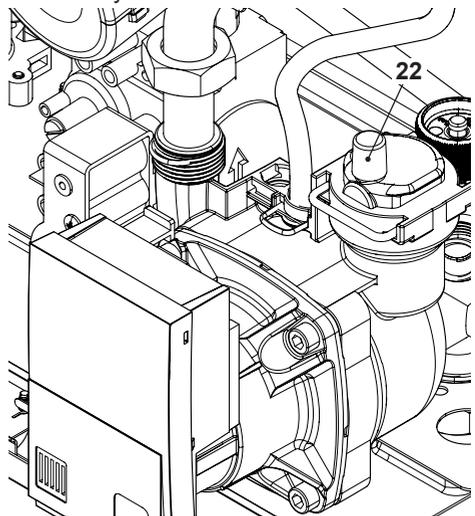


Fig. 7.2

COMMISSIONING

- Gradually open stopcock at the filling point connection to the C.H. system until water is heard to flow; do not open fully.
- Open each radiator air vent starting at the lowest point of the system and close it only when clear water, free of bubbles, flows out.
- Continue filling the system. The actual reading should ideally be 1,3 bar and not less than 0,3 bar.
- Close all air release valves on the C.H. system.
- Inspect the boiler and the system for water tightness and remedy any leaks discovered.
- Cold flush the system to remove any loose particles and any system debris before starting the boiler for the first time.

The flushing procedure must be in line with BS7593:2006 Treatment of Water in D.H.W. & C.H. Systems.

When the installation and second filling are completed turn on the C.H. system and run it until the temperature has reached the boiler operating temperature. The system must then be immediately flushed through.

This procedure must be repeated twice more.

During this operation a C.H. flushing detergent must be used in the quantities as specified by the appropriate manufacturer, whose function it is to dissolve any foreign matter which may be in the system.

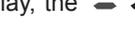
INHIBITION (Primary Heating Circuit)

On the final refilling of the heating system it is important to ensure the system water is treated with a suitable scale and corrosion inhibitor in accordance with the manufacturers instructions.

Only inhibitors that carry the Buildcert approved label should be used.

Check pump operation/pump release

The pump electronic control circuit automatically releases the pump.

- Electrically power the boiler by switching on the double pole isolation switch. The LCD will display, the  symbol (Fig. 7.3).

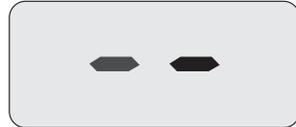


Fig. 7.3

- Press the 12 key for 2 seconds until both  symbol appear on the display (Fig. 7.4).

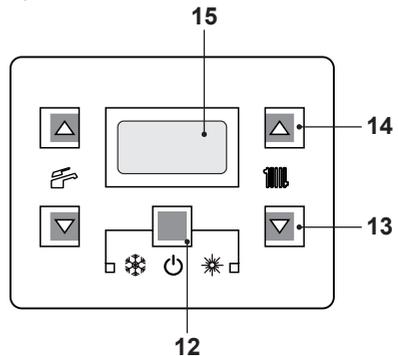


Fig. 7.4

The LCD display displays the boiler temperature (primary circuit) and the  symbol; the °C symbol slowly flashes (Fig. 7.5).



Fig. 7.5

- Make sure that the ambient thermostat is in the “heat demand” position.
- Check that the boiler with the gas cock shut-off goes into ignition lockout (Er01)

COMMISSIONING

and, in the meantime, check the pump release.

- The pump release can be verified by checking that the pump motor vibrates.
- If the pump motor does not vibrate, release the boiler from its lockout due to gas failure by pressing the reset button on the control panel and repeat the sequence a maximum of 10 times.
- If the pump does not release, contact technical support.
- Once the pump has been released, open the gas cock and check that the boiler operates correctly both in domestic hot water and heating modes.
- Check the gas pressures and flow rates as shown in section "GAS CONVERSION" on page 66 of this booklet.
- Check that the condensate produced during functioning fills the syphon and is regularly drained in the draining pipe.
- Switch off the boiler by pressing the 12 (Fig. 7.4) key for 2 seconds until the  symbol appears on the LCD display (Fig. 7.3).

7.5 Condensate pipe and traps

The full length of the condensate pipe should be checked for leaks.

Before running the boiler, ensure that the built-in condensate trap and any other trap in the drain system is correctly filled with water.



Fill the built-in condensate trap by removing the flue elbow and pouring a cupful of water into the flue outlet (Fig. 7.6).

Warning do not allow water to enter the outer air intake

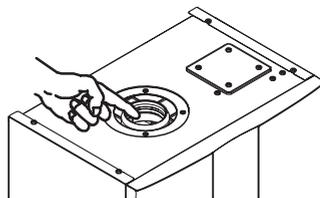


Fig. 7.6

An alternative, to the removal of the flue elbow, pour the water through the flue sampling point (Fig. 7.7).

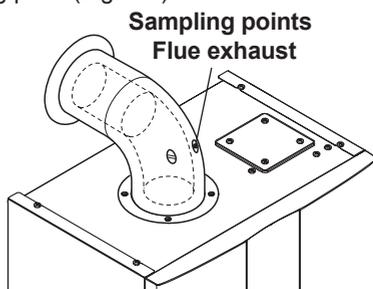


Fig. 7.7

7.6 Checking the gas supply pressure

This boiler has been factory tested to the highest quality control standards and set for the minimum and maximum gas working pressures, connected to a 1 m flue and a gas supply pressure of 20 mbar.

Any variation in gas supply pressure or flue length may result in the customer experiencing a harmonic noise from the boiler. In these circumstances, it may be necessary to reset the burner gas pressures in accordance with section 11 Gas Valve of the Service Manual.

It should be noted that a Flue Gas Analyser is required for this procedure.

COMMISSIONING

7.7 Checking the inlet pressure

- Remove the boiler front panel, see section "Dismantling the external panels" on page 68.
- With the boiler switched on at full rate (maximum output power), check the supply pressure by using the 25 point in Fig. 7.8 and compare the value with that reported on the Gas supply pressure table (minimum inlet pressure) in the "Technical Data" section (page 24 **ADVANCE 25S** and page 27 **ADVANCE 30S**).
- Ensure the test nipple 25 in Fig. 7.8 is firmly closed.

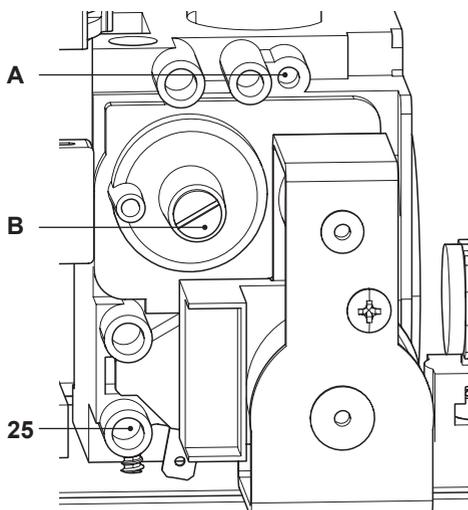


Fig. 7.8

If it does not comply with the required pressure check the gas supply line and governor for faults and/or correct adjustment.

Where the boiler is connected to a gas supply which has a zero set governor then it is necessary under the Gas Safe (Installation and Use) Regulations 26.9. to perform a combustion analysis test for CO/CO₂ (The limits for the boiler is given in "Technical Data" section (page 24 **ADVANCE 25S** and page 27 **AD-**

VANCE 30S: CO₂ contents / other flue gas figures) and complete the Certificate of Exemption section of the Benchmark.

Important: after the checks all of the test points must be sealed and tested for tightness.

7.8 Lighting the boiler

Some products incorporate an anti cycling time delay. It is normal when first switching the boiler on for the boiler to operate on heating for a few seconds then switch off. After 3-4 minutes has elapsed the boiler will then re ignite and operate perfectly normally.

If external controls are fitted (e.g. Timeclock, room thermostat) ensure they "call for heat".

- Electrically power the boiler by switching on the double pole isolation switch. The LCD will display, the   symbol (Fig. 7.9).

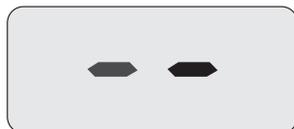


Fig. 7.9

- Press the 12 key for 2 seconds until  symbol appear on the display Fig. 7.10.

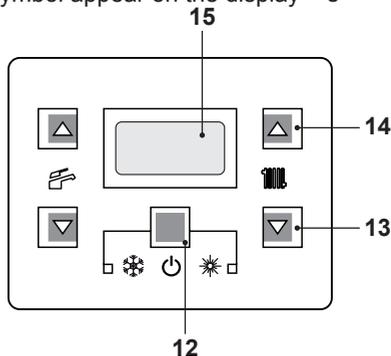


Fig. 7.10

COMMISSIONING

The LCD display displays the boiler temperature (primary circuit) and the  symbol; the °C symbol slowly flashes Fig. 7.11.



Fig. 7.11

- Open the gas cock.
- Make sure that the ambient thermostat is in the "heat request" position".
- Check the correct functioning of the boiler.
- Check the gas pressures and flow rates as shown in section "GAS CONVERSION" on page 66 of this booklet.
- Check that the condensate produced during operation fills the syphon and is regularly drained in the draining pipe.
- Switch off the boiler by pressing the 12 (Fig. 7.10) key for 2 seconds until the  symbol appears on the LCD display (Fig. 7.9).
- Press the 12 key for 2 seconds until  symbol appear on the display Fig. 7.10. The LCD display displays the boiler temperature (primary circuit) and the  symbol; the °C symbol slowly flashes Fig. 7.11.

The boiler will now go through an ignition sequence and the burner will light.

If after four ignition attempts (about four minutes) the boiler does not function and a code that alternates between the letter **Er** and the writing **RESET** appear on the LCD display, it indicates that the safety lock-out has stopped the boiler. The display background flashes (Fig. 7.12).

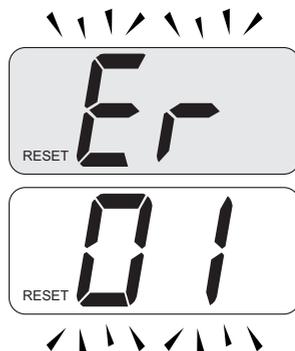


Fig. 7.12

Press the reset key on the boiler control panel 12 (Fig. 7.10) to reset its functioning.

For the first lighting up and following maintenance procedures for the gas supply, it may be necessary to repeat the resetting operation several times so as to remove the air present in the pipework.

After five consecutive resetting attempts the reset button is inhibited. To restore its function it is necessary to switch the boiler off and on from the electrical mains, using the fused spur isolation switch fitted adjacent to the appliance.

7.9 Checking the ignition device

With the burner on high flame close the gas cock.

After four ignition attempts (about four minutes) the boiler does not function and a code that alternates between the letter **Er** and the writing **RESET** appear on the LCD display, it indicates that the safety lock-out has stopped the boiler. The display background flashes (Fig. 7.13).

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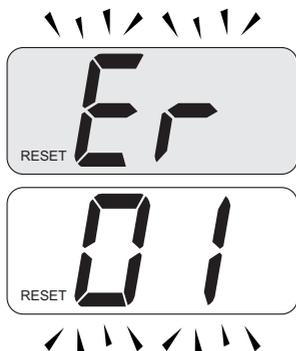


Fig. 7.13

Press the reset key 12 on the boiler control panel to reset its functioning.

7.10 Checking the flue system

The flue system should be visually checked for soundness. Check all clamps, gaskets and fixing are secure and tight.

Ensure that the flue terminal is sited correctly in accordance with the flue fitting instructions and Fig. 5.1 on page 31 of this manual.

To carry out a combustion check refer to the instructions given in the section "Combustion analysis check" on page 72 of this manual.

Reference figures are given in the "Technical Data" section, page 24 **ADVANCE 25S** and page 27 **ADVANCE 30S** (Flue gas figures).

7.11 Checking the condensate drain pipe

Check the soundness and integrity of the condensate drain pipe.

Verify the cleanness and correct filling of the condensate traps.

7.12 Instructing the user

Hand over this combined User & Installation manual and the Service manual to the end user and explain how to use the unit.

Take the User step by step through the lighting instructions.

Show the User how to switch off the appliance quickly and indicate the position of the electric supply isolator.

Explain the proper use and adjustment of all system controls; this will ensure the greatest possible fuel economy.

Explain the function and use of the function selector.

Explain and demonstrate the function of time and temperature controls (if fitted).

Explain how to turn off the appliance for both short and long periods and advise on the precautions necessary to prevent damage should the appliance be inoperative when freezing conditions may occur.

Fill in the details required on the Boiler Guarantee Certificate and hand to the User advising them to return the correct section for boiler Guarantee registration.

Finally, advise the User that, for continued safe and efficient operation, the appliance must be serviced by a competent person at least once a year.

The user is responsible for keeping the documentation integral and within reach for consultation.

ADVANCED COMMISSIONING

8 ADVANCED COMMISSIONING

8.1 Enabling functioning of the external temperature probe by the remote control

Functioning with the external probe in the boiler must be enabled if the remote control (optional) is used.

Act on the programming of the REMOTE control to enable its functioning if the remote control (optional) is used.

- Press button **P** for more than 3 seconds to enter in **INFO** mode.

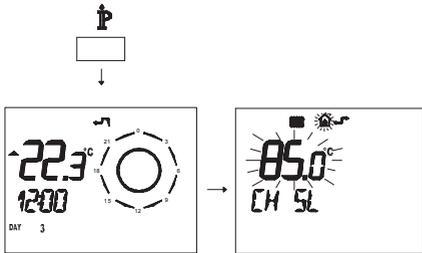


Fig. 8.1

Press buttons **DAY** and **ON/OFF** at the same time to enter the transparent programming (Fig. 8.2).

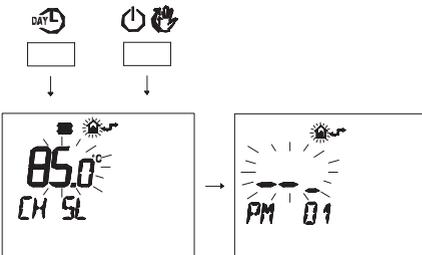


Fig. 8.2

- Press buttons **F** ▼ or **F** ▲ to display the "PM15" program that enables the external probe (Fig. 8.3).

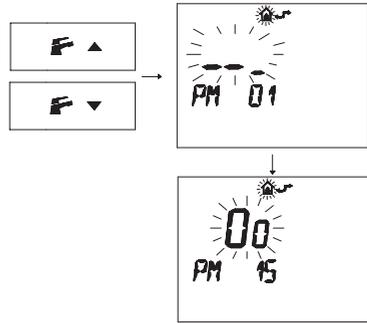


Fig. 8.3

- Modify the programmed SET by pressing buttons ▲ ⏮ or ▼ ⏮ until a **setting of 60** is displayed, wait for the number programmed to flash (Fig. 8.4).

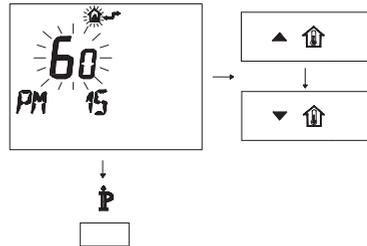


Fig. 8.4

- To exit programming, press button **P**.

8.2 Setting the K coefficient of the external temperature probe

The boiler is set with a K coefficient equal to zero for boiler functioning without the probe connected.

If the boiler is **NOT EQUIPPED** with the remote control (optional) refer to Fig. 8.5.

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C.H. flow temperature °C

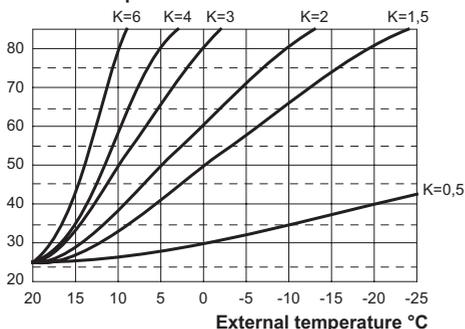


Fig. 8.5

If the boiler is **EQUIPED** with the remote control (optional) refer to Fig. 8.6. In this case K setting must be done from the remote control.

C.H. flow temperature °C

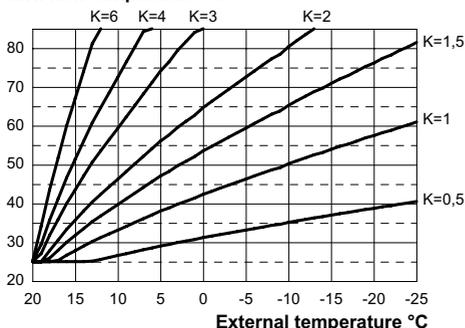


Fig. 8.6

The K coefficients is a parameter that increases or reduces the boiler flow temperature when the outside temperature changes. When installing the external probe it is necessary to set this parameter based on the efficiency of the heating system in order to optimise the flow temperature (Fig. 8.6).

E.g. In order to have a flow temperature at the heating system of 60°C with an external temperature of -5°C, set a K at 1.5 (sectioned line in Fig. 8.6).

Sequence for setting the K coefficient

- Enter in "programming mode" by sequentially pressing and holding keys 12 - 13 - 14 (Fig. 8.7) for 10 seconds at the same time until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code 01 are displayed on the LCD display, indicating that "parameter 01", has been activated (Fig. 8.8).

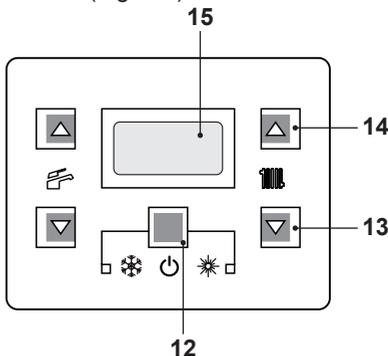


Fig. 8.7

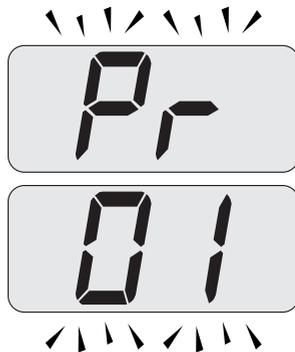


Fig. 8.8

- Scroll the various parameters using keys 13 or 14 until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code 15 are displayed on the LCD display, indicating that "parameter 15" (Fig. 8.9) has been activated.

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Fig. 8.9

- Press keys 12 and 14 (Fig. 8.7) at the same time until the value of parameter 15 (Fig. 8.10) is displayed on the LCD display.



Fig. 8.10

- Using keys 13 or 14 it is possible to change the value of parameter 15 from a minimum of **01** to a maximum of **60** based on the selected bend of the K coefficient in Fig. 8.6 (the value read on the display corresponds to K coefficients decimal values).
- By pressing key 12 (Fig. 8.7) confirmation of the inserted value is obtained.
- Press keys 12 and 13 (Fig. 8.7) at the same time to exit without changing the value (return to the parameters list Fig. 8.9).
- Press sequentially keys, 12 - 13 and then 14 (Fig. 8.7) and hold in for 10 seconds to exit the "programming mode".

At this point the system flow temperature will follow the trend in relation to the K coef-

ficient set.

However, if the ambient temperature is not comfortable, the flow temperature of the heating system can be increased or reduced by $\pm 15^\circ\text{C}$ by pressing keys 13 (re-duce) and 14 (increase) (Fig. 8.7).

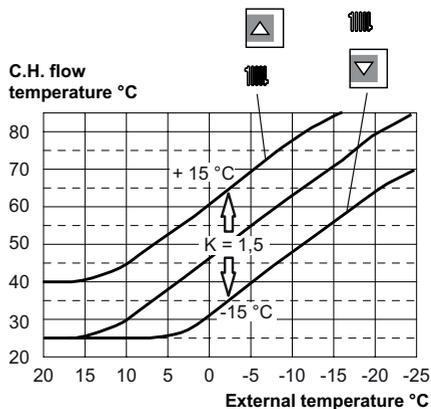


Fig. 8.11

The temperature trend when changing the setting made with keys 13 and 14 for a K 1,5 is shown in Fig. 8.11.

Sequence for setting the K coefficient with the remote control connected

Act on the programming of the REMOTE control to select the setting of the K coefficient.

- Electrically feed the boiler by activating the bipolar switch envisioned during installation.
- Press button  for more than 3 seconds to enter in *INFO* (Fig. 8.12) mode.

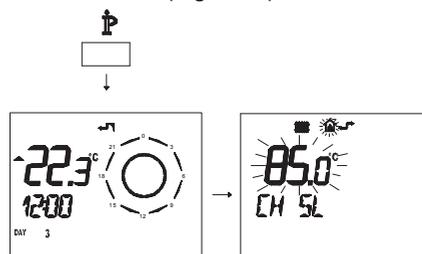


Fig. 8.12

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Press button **OK**  to display the **K REG** window (Fig. 8.13).

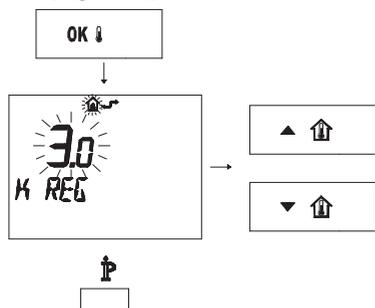


Fig. 8.13

It is possible to change the value using buttons  and .

Press button  to exit from mode **INFO** (Fig. 8.13).

8.3 Setting the pump post-circulation

The pump, in heating function, is set for a post-circulation of about one minute at the end of each heat request.

This time can be changed by a minimum of zero to a maximum of four minutes.

- Enter in "programming mode" by sequentially pressing keys 12 - 13 - 14 (Fig. 8.14) for 10 seconds at the same time until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code **01** are displayed on the LCD display, indicating that "parameter 01" (Fig. 8.15) has been activated.

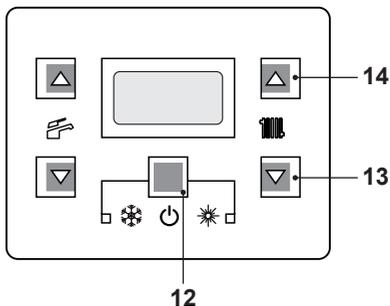


Fig. 8.14

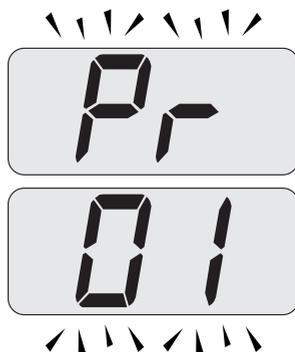


Fig. 8.15

- Scroll the various parameters using keys 13 or 14 until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code **11** are displayed on the LCD display, indicating that "parameter 11" (Fig. 8.16) has been activated.

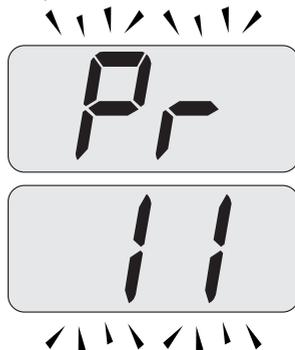


Fig. 8.16

- Press keys 12 and 14 (Fig. 8.14) at the

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same time until the value of parameter 11 (10=60 seconds) (Fig. 8.17) is displayed on the LCD display .

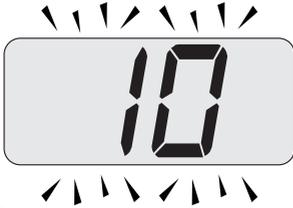


Fig. 8.17

- It is possible to modify parameter 11 by **00=0s** to **99=600s** using keys 13 or 14 (each increase or reduction by a unit on the display corresponds to 6 seconds).
- By pressing key 12 (Fig. 8.14) confirmation of the inserted value is obtained.
- Press keys 12 and 13 (Fig. 8.14) at the same time to exit without changing the value (return to the parameters list Fig. 8.16).
- Press sequentially keys, 12 - 13 and then 14 (Fig. 8.14) and hold in for 10 seconds to exit the "programming mode".

Programming using the REMOTE control

- Press button **P** for more than 3 seconds to enter in **INFO** mode (Fig. 8.18).

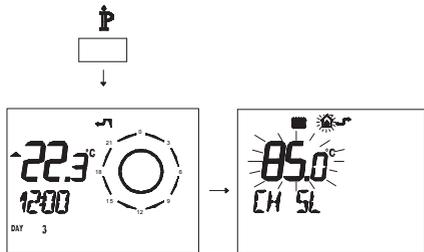


Fig. 8.18

- Press buttons **DAY** and **POWER** at the same time to enter transparent programming (Fig. 8.19).

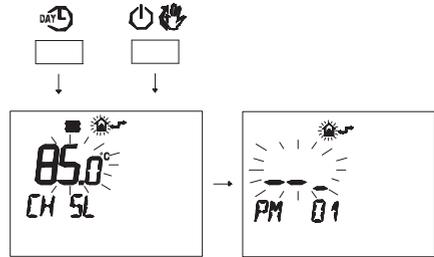


Fig. 8.19

- Press buttons **F**▲ or **F**▲ to display the "PM11" program of the pump post-circulation (Fig. 8.20).

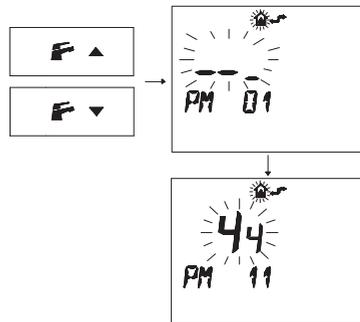


Fig. 8.20

- To modify the programmed SET, act on buttons ▲⏠ or ▼⏠ and wait for the programmed number to flash (Fig. 8.21). Each step increased or decreased corresponds to 1 second.

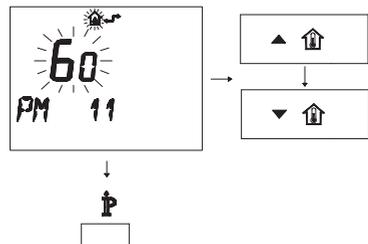


Fig. 8.21

- To exit programming, press button **P**.

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8.4 Selecting the reignition frequency

When the boiler functions in normal on/off heating mode, the minimum time between two ignitions is set at three minutes (re-ignition frequency).

This time can be changed by a minimum of zero to a maximum of eight and a half minutes.

- Enter the "programming mode" by sequentially pressing keys 12 - 13 - 14 (Fig. 8.22) for 10 seconds at the same time until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code **01** are displayed on the LCD display, indicating that "parameter 01" (Fig. 8.23) has been activated.

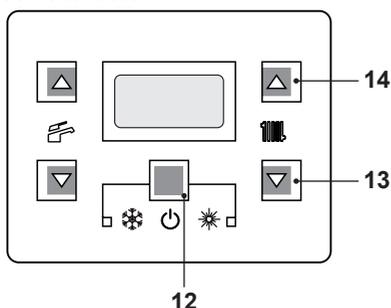


Fig. 8.22

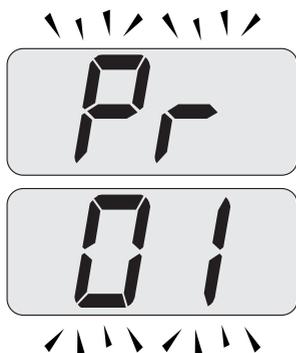


Fig. 8.23

- Scroll the various parameters using keys 13 or 14 until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code **10** are displayed on the LCD

display, indicating that "parameter 10" (Fig. 8.24) has been activated.

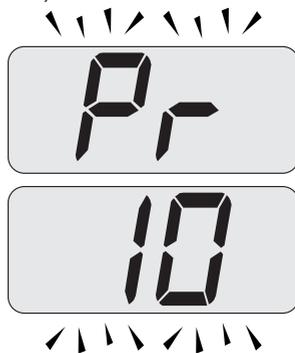


Fig. 8.24

- Press keys 12 and 14 (Fig. 8.22) at the same time until the value of parameter 10 (30=180 seconds) is displayed on the LCD display (Fig. 8.25).



Fig. 8.25

- It is possible to modify parameter 10 by **00=0s** to **99=600s** using keys 13 or 14 (each increase or reduction by a unit on the display corresponds to 6 seconds).
- By pressing key 12 (Fig. 8.22) confirmation of the inserted value is obtained.
- Press keys 12 and 13 (Fig. 8.22) at the same time to exit without changing the value (return to the parameters list Fig. 8.24).
- Press sequentially keys, 12 - 13 and then 14 (Fig. 8.22) and hold in for 10 seconds to exit the "programming mode".

Programming using the REMOTE control
Act on the programming of the REMOTE control to select a minimum time between

ADVANCED COMMISSIONING

two ignitions when the boiler functions in normal on/off heating mode.

- Press button **IP** for more than 3 seconds to enter in **INFO** mode (Fig. 8.26).

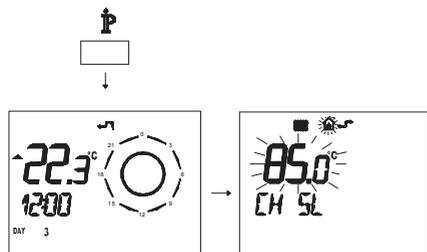


Fig. 8.26

- Press buttons **DAY** and **ON/OFF** at the same time to enter transparent programming (Fig. 8.27).

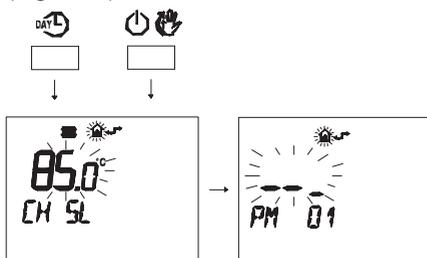


Fig. 8.27

- Press buttons **F** and **▲** or **F** and **▼** to display the "PM10" program for selecting the ignition frequency (Fig. 8.28).

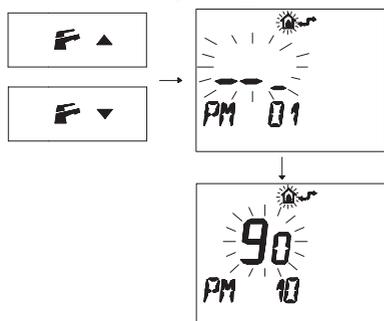


Fig. 8.28

In Fig. 8.28 a SET programmed at 90 is dis-

played corresponding to a re-ignition time of about 3 minutes.

The adjustment field is from 0 to 8 and half minutes.

Each step increased or decreased corresponds to 2 seconds.

- To modify the programmed SET, act on buttons **▲** and **UP** or **▼** and **UP** and wait for the number programmed to flash (Fig. 8.29).

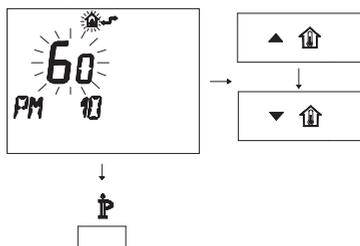


Fig. 8.29

- To exit programming, press button **IP**.

8.5 Boiler adjustment record

Important: at the end of the settings operation it is important to update the table with new settings (Fig. 8.30).

This is to allow the correct setting of this boiler in case of replacement of the main control p.c.b.

PARAMETER	DIGIT	VALUES
Boiler type (to be updated with the complete range)	Pr 01	
Type of water sensors (C.H.)	Pr 02	
Pump speed	Pr 03	
Zone valve setting Room Thermostat / Remote Control	Pr 04	
Gas type	Pr 05	
D.H.W. maximum temperature °C	Pr 06	-----

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PARAMETER	DIGIT	VALUES
C.H. flow max temperature °C	Pr 07	
Factory parameters reset	Pr 08	
Flue sweep function	Pr 09	
C.H. reignition frequency	Pr 10	
C.H. pump post-circulation	Pr 11	
Max. useful output in C.H. mode	Pr 12	
C.H. pump working type	Pr 13	
Ignition power	Pr 14	
K value (external probe diagram)	Pr 15	
Not used	Pr 16	
D.H.W. burner turn off function	Pr 17	-----
NTC on the C.H. return	Pr 18	
LCD type	Pr 19	
Not used	Pr 20	-----
Not used	Pr 21	-----
D.H.W. flow minimum	Pr 22	-----
Not used	Pr 23	-----
Duty Cycle Zone	Pr 24	
C.H. flow temperature in antifreeze protection mode °C	Pr 25	
Maximum temperature at main exchanger outlet in D.H.W. pre-heating mode °C	Pr 26	-----
C.H. minimum setpoint	Pr 27	
Maintenance intervals	Pr 28	
NTC inlet probe	Pr 29	-----
Correct pressure C.H. system	Pr 30	

Fig. 8.30

- Enter the "programming mode" by sequentially pressing and holding in keys, 12 - 13 and then 14 (Fig. 8.31) for 10 seconds until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code **01** are displayed on the LCD display, indicating that "parameter 01" (Fig. 8.32) has been activated.

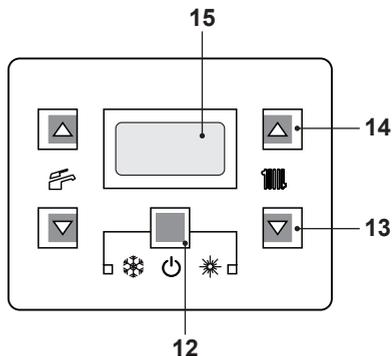


Fig. 8.31

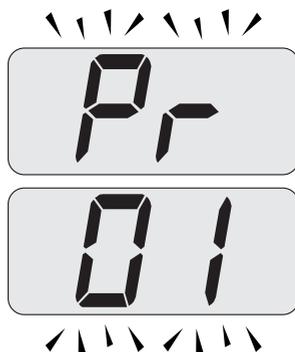


Fig. 8.32

- Press keys 12 and 14 (Fig. 8.31) at the same time until the value of parameter 01 (73=**ADVANCE 25S** or 96=**ADVANCE 30S**) is displayed on the LCD display (Fig. 8.33).

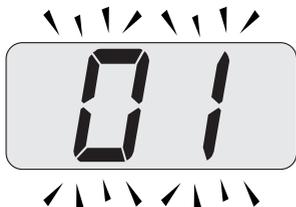


Fig. 8.33

- Press keys 12 and 13 (Fig. 8.31) at the same time to exit without changing the value (return to the parameters list Fig. 8.32).
- Scroll the various parameters using keys 13 or 14 until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code **02** are displayed on the LCD display, indicating that "parameter 02" has been activated.
- Repeat all the above setting sequences in order to visualize the parameters and their values.
- Set the following parameter:

PARAMETER	LCD	VALUE
Type of water sensors (C.H.)	Pr 02	03
Pump speed	Pr 03	00
Zone valve setting Room Thermostat / Remote Control	Pr 04	00
NTC on the C.H. return	Pr 18	00
LCD type	Pr 19	02
NTC inlet probe	Pr 29	00

- Press sequentially keys, 12 - 13 and then 14 (Fig. 8.31) and hold in for 10 seconds to exit the "programming mode".

GAS CONVERSION

9 GAS CONVERSION

9.1 Warnings

The commissioning of this boiler and system must only be undertaken by a Gas Safe Registered Engineer, qualified to work on Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) in accordance with the requirements of the Gas Safe Installation and Use Regulations.

Components used to adapt it to the type of gas available must be genuine parts only.

Factory setting = Natural gas.

9.2 Operations and gas setting



Check that the gas cock mounted on the gas piping to the boiler is closed and that the appliance is not powered.

- Remove the body's front panel and turn the control panel as shown in section "MAINTENANCE" on page 68.
- Unscrew the connector "C", remove the fixing fork "A" and remove the pipe "B" (Fig. 9.1).

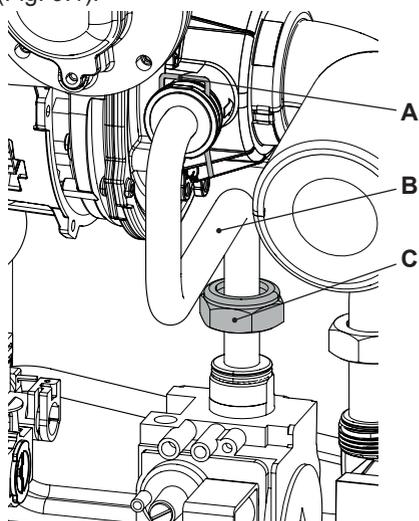


Fig. 9.1

- Carry out gas conversion by correctly replacing the gas restrictor (Fig. 9.2), referring to the "Technical Data" section (page 24 **ADVANCE 25S** and page 27 **ADVANCE 30S**).

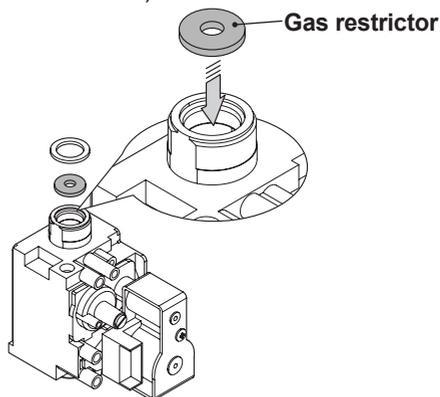


Fig. 9.2



Attention, to reassemble repeat the operations carried out in reverse order. Be careful not to damage the OR gasket of the gas pipe when inserting the pipe in the air/gas mixer. After any service operation on the components of the gas circuit check all the connections for gas tightness.

The factory boiler is set for functioning with Natural gas (G20).

To set the functioning of the boiler with **LPG (G31)** gas, carry out the following settings:

- Enter in "programming mode" by sequentially pressing and holding in keys 12 - 13 - 14 (Fig. 9.3) for 10 seconds until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code **01** are displayed on the LCD display, indicating that "parameter 01" (Fig. 9.4) has been activated.

GAS CONVERSION

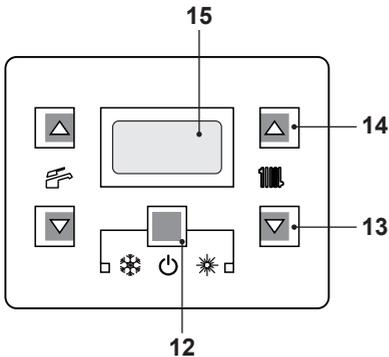


Fig. 9.3

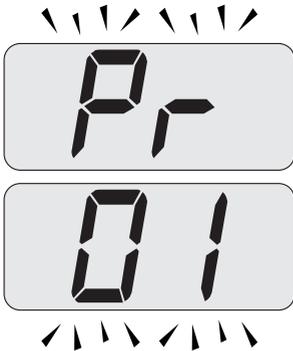


Fig. 9.4

- Scroll the various parameters using keys 13 or 14 until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code **05** are displayed on the LCD display, indicating that "parameter 05" (Fig. 9.5) has been activated.

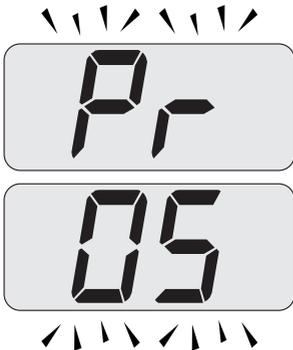


Fig. 9.5

- Press keys 12 and 14 (Fig. 9.3) at the same time until the value of parameter 05 (00=G20) is displayed on the LCD display (Fig. 9.6).



Fig. 9.6

- By pressing key 14 three times, it is possible to change the value of parameter 05 from **00**=G20 to **05**=G31, which is ok for LPG gas.
- By pressing key 12 (Fig. 9.3) confirmation of the inserted value is obtained.
- Press keys 12 and 13 (Fig. 9.3) at the same time to exit without changing the value (return to the parameters list Fig. 9.5).
- Press sequentially keys, 12 - 13 and then 14 (Fig. 9.3) and hold in for 10 seconds to exit the "programming mode".
- Calibrate the gas valve according to the instructions given in the Service manual, section Gas valve - Adjustment.
- Reposition the controls panel and re-mount the front panel of the body.
- Apply the label indicating the gas nature and pressure value for which the appliance is regulated. The self adhesive label is contained in the transformation kit.



"Warning if during any PCB re programming you disengage the power supply to the boiler you may corrupt the software setup, ensure you wait at least 10 seconds after any re programming before any power isolation event takes place".

MAINTENANCE

10 MAINTENANCE

10.1 Warnings

The procedures detailed in this chapter **must be carried out only by a Gas Safe Registered Engineer**. Thus you are advised to contact an Authorised Service Agent.

For Ireland (IE), the servicing work must be carried out by a competent RGII registered Person.

For efficient and continuous operation of the boiler you are advised to have, at least once a year, maintenance and cleaning done by an Approved Service Engineer.

Isolate the appliance from the electricity supply by turning off the fused spur isolation switch adjacent to the appliance.

Turn off the gas cock, before carrying out any procedures, whatsoever, for cleaning, maintenance, opening or dismantling boiler panels.



Other devices i.e. external controls may lead dangerous voltage inside the appliance as well. Ensure they are isolated. In case of doubt turn off the general system switch.

The Engineer should complete the Service Interval Record at the back of the manual.

10.2 Dismantling the external panels

Front panel

- Unscrew screws "A" and remove the front panel "D" by pulling it and pushing it towards the top so that it is freed from the top housings (Fig. 10.1 and Fig. 10.2).

Side panels

Loosen screws "B - F" and "C - H" in Fig. 10.1 and remove the two side panels "E" and "G" by pulling towards the outside.

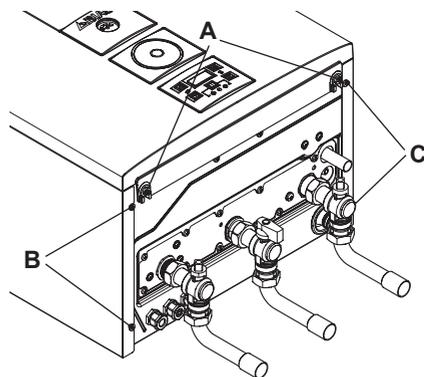


Fig. 10.1

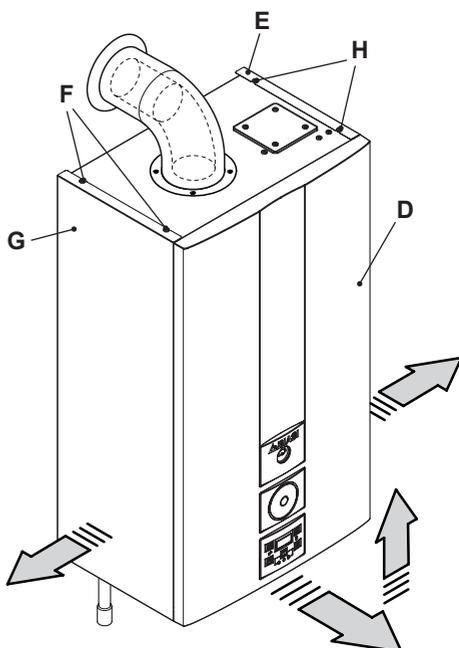


Fig. 10.2

Control panel

Turn the controls panel "I", as shown in figure Fig. 10.3, to access in an optimal manner the components inside the boiler.

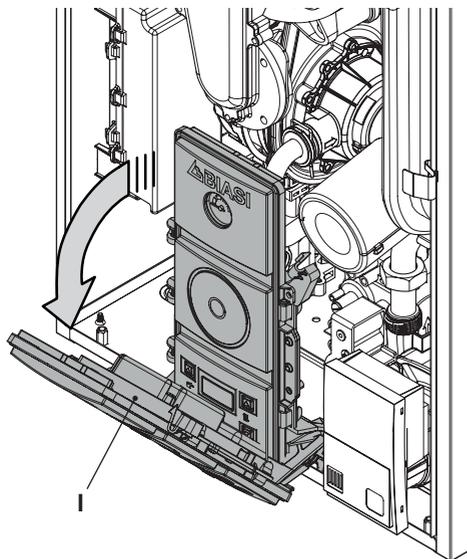


Fig. 10.3

10.3 Reassembly the external panels

Side panels

Fit the external panels "E" and "G" in the reverse order to that described on section "Dismantling the external panels" on page 68.

Front panel

- Fit the front panel "D", hooking it on the upper side.
- Push the case panel "D" down and in until completely held in place (Fig. 10.4) step 1-2.
- Repeat the same operation on the opposite side of the front panel "D", (Fig. 10.4) step 3-4.
- Ensure that the front panel edge is close-fitting to the side panels.
- Lock in place the panel "D" with the appropriate screws "A" (Fig. 10.1).

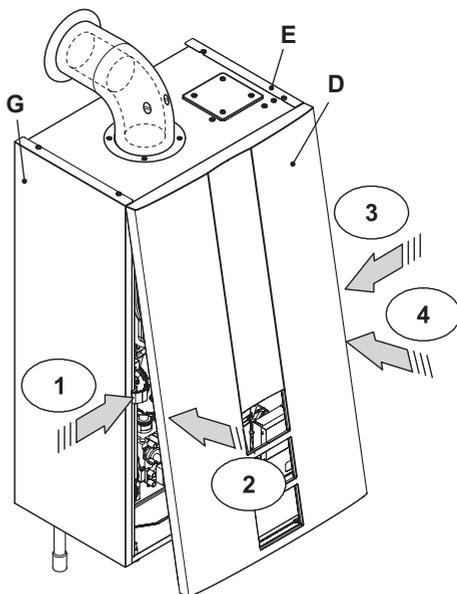


Fig. 10.4

10.4 Emptying the C.H. system

- Close the C.H. isolating valves (5 and 7 in Fig. 10.5).

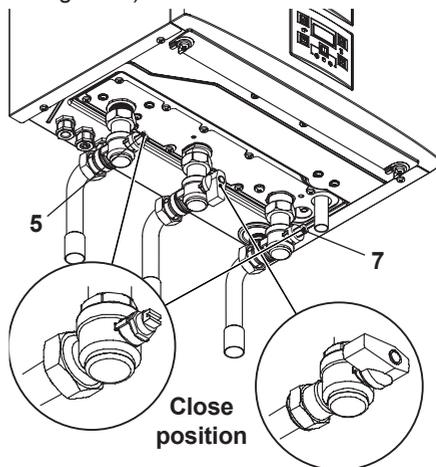


Fig. 10.5

- Loosen the central heating drain cock 10 indicated in Fig. 10.6.

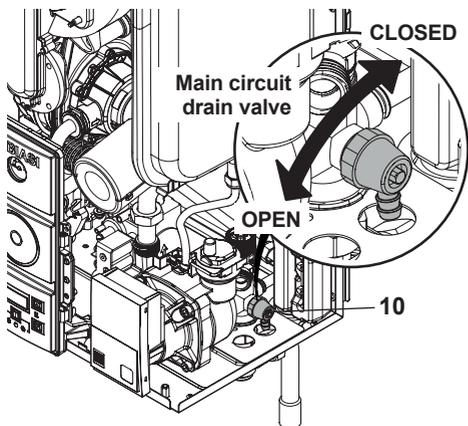


Fig. 10.6

- To make draining easier, lift the plug 22 of the automatic relief valve in Fig. 10.7.

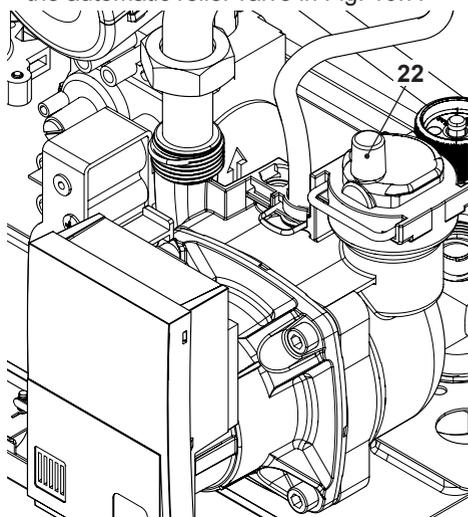


Fig. 10.7

10.5 Cleaning the condensing primary exchanger and the burner

Removing the fan burner unit 32 in Fig. 10.8.

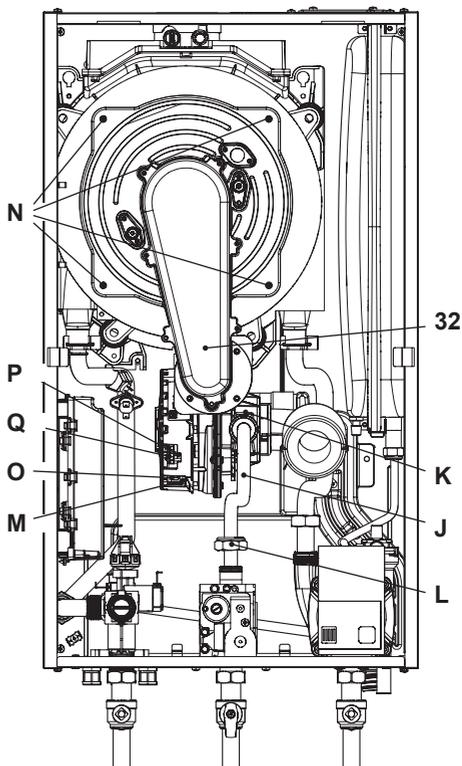


Fig. 10.8

- Remove the front panel and lower the controls panel (see "Dismantling the external panels" on page 68).
- Unscrew the connector **L**, remove the fixing fork **K** and remove the pipe **J**.
- Unhook the silencer pipe.
- Insert a flat screwdriver in the connector recess **M** and lever towards the bottom, disconnect the connector at the same time **O** by pulling towards the front **O** (Fig. 10.8).
- Disconnect the fan connector **P** by pressing the plastic hook **Q** positioned at the bottom part of the connector (Fig. 10.8).
- Unscrew screws **N** and remove the fan burner unit 32 (Fig. 10.8)
- Extract the burner casing by pulling it outwards.

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- The silicon seal on the front wall of the combustion chamber Fig. 10.9 and the seal on the air/gas pipe cover (Fig. 10.10) must be replaced if worn.

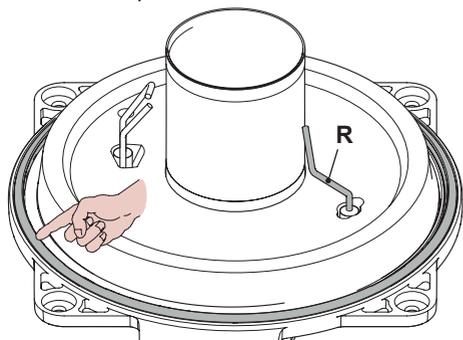


Fig. 10.9

- The detection electrode **R** in Fig. 10.9 also functions as a sensor for the correct drainage of the condensate. Should the mentioned electrode come into contact with the condensate water present within the combustion chamber it sends the boiler into safety lockout. Therefore, should the insulation be wet or deteriorated, provide for the substitution of the same.

! Remove any limescale from the detection electrode and replace it if worn.

Caution: After any periodical servicing or disturbance the combustion chamber silicon seal Fig. 10.9 and the Air-gas duct gasket (Fig. 10.10) must be fully inspected and replaced at the discretion of the service engineer.

After any disturbance to the chamber door seal the appliance must undergo a full analytical combustion performance check.

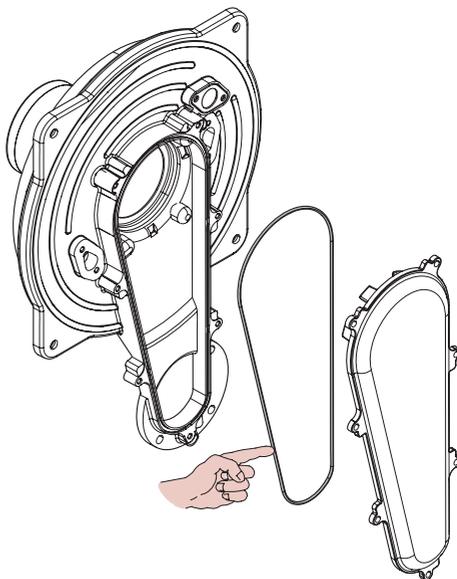


Fig. 10.10

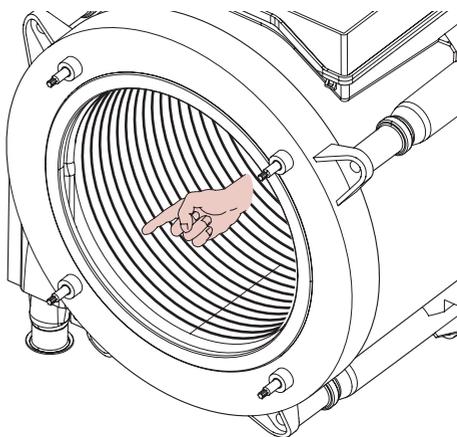


Fig. 10.11

If the condensate primary exchanger elements are dirty (notable only after removing the burner body), brush them using a bristle brush and remove the dirt using a suction device.

The burner does not require any particular maintenance, just remove dust using a bris-

MAINTENANCE

the brush.

More specific maintenance will be valued and carried out by a Gas Safe Registered Engineer.



Attention, to reassemble repeat the operations carried out in reverse order. Be careful not to damage the OR gasket of the gas pipe when inserting the pipe in Air box.

After any service operation on the components of the gas circuit check all the connections for gas leaks.

10.6 Check the pressure of the heating expansion vessel

Drain the heating circuit as described in section "Emptying the C.H. system" on page 69 and check that the expansion vessel pressure is not less than 1 bar.

If the pressure is less, see to correct pressurisation.

10.7 Checking the flue system

Have the integrity of the flue outlet and air intake pipe, checked periodically, at least once a year. For all the above maintenance operations it is advisable to call an approved Service Engineer.

10.8 Combustion analysis check

It is recommended that a combustion analysis check is made. Remove the plug as indicated in Fig. 10.12 and carry out combustion analysis check and adjustment if necessary as described in the section Gas valve - Adjustment of the Service manual.

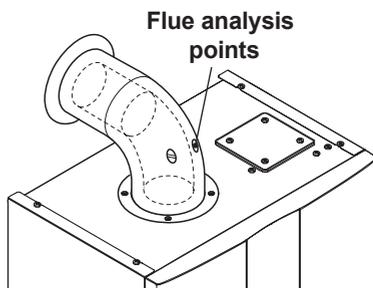


Fig. 10.12

- Make sure that the ambient thermostat is in the position "call for heat".
- Activate the "flue sweep function" at maximum heating power (see "Setting the boiler flue sweep function" on page 74).
- Check the combustion of the boiler using the outlets located on the flue tubes (Fig. 10.12) and compare the data measured with that following.

Model ADVANCE 25S		
Nominal heat input ^{(A) (E)}	kW	25,0
Nominal efficiency	%	97,4
Combustion efficiency	%	98,3
Air index	n	1,3
Flue gas CO ₂ content	%	9,0 - 9,6
Flue gas O ₂ content	%	3,9
Flue gas CO content	ppm	196
Flue gas temperature	°C	73,0

Values refer to tests with a an 80 mm double exhaust split by 1 + 1 m and natural gas G20 and a supply / return heating temperature of 60°/80°C.

Fig. 10.13

MAINTENANCE

Model ADVANCE 30S			
Nominal heat input ^{(A) (E)}	kW		29,0
Nominal efficiency	%		97,4
Combustion efficiency	%		98,4
Air index	n		1,3
Flue gas CO ₂ content	%		9,1 - 9,7
Flue gas O ₂ content	%		4,1
Flue gas CO content	ppm		216
Flue gas temperature	°C		78,0

Values refer to tests with a an 80 mm double exhaust split by 1 + 1 m and natural gas G20 and a supply / return heating temperature of 60°/80°C.

Fig. 10.14

The values in the tables are measured at the nominal useful power with factory calibration.

10.9 Checking the condensate drain pipe

The condensate drain pipe 28 (Fig. 10.15) does not require any particular maintenance but just check:

- That no solid deposits have formed, if so remove them.
- That the condensate drain piping is not clogged.

To clean the inside of the siphon, remove it and turn it upside down to remove any dirt.

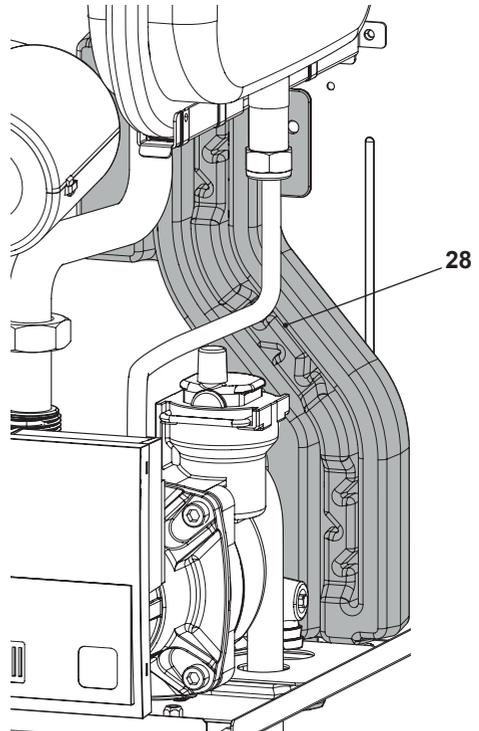


Fig. 10.15

10.10 Visual inspection of appliance

Visually inspect all water joints, seals and connections for any evidence of leakage and retighten, grease or replace them as necessary.

10.11 Checking the gas supply pressure

Check appliance for gas tightness. Re-check operational pressures as described in section "Checking the gas supply pressure" on page 53 of this manual.

MAINTENANCE

10.12 Water inhibitor concentration

Where chemical products are used the level of water treatment should be checked on an annual basis and re treated after full or partial drain down.

A conductivity meter can be used to check the correct concentration of inhibitor in the heating water.

10.13 Setting the boiler flue sweep function

With the boiler set in flue sweep mode, it is possible to exclude some boiler automatic functions making check and control operations easier.

- Enter in "programming mode" by sequentially pressing and holding in keys, 12 - 13 and then 14 (Fig. 10.16) for 10 seconds until the letters **Pr** that alternate with code **01** are displayed on the LCD display, indicating that "parameter 01" (Fig. 10.17) has been activated.

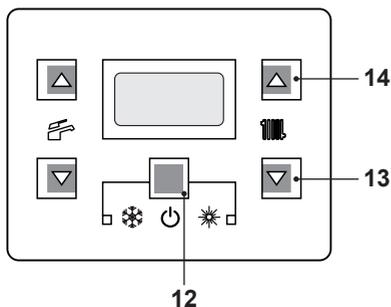


Fig. 10.16

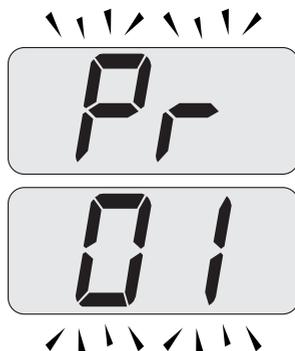


Fig. 10.17

Flue sweep function at minimum output in domestic hot water mode

- Press keys 13 and 14 (Fig. 10.16) at the same time until the LCD display displays the letters **LP** that alternate with the heating water temperature value (e.g. **45**), indicating the activation of the "flue sweep function" at minimum output (Fig. 10.18).

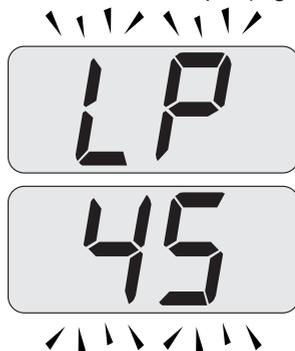


Fig. 10.18

Flue sweep function at minimum output in heating mode

- By pressing 14 (Fig. 10.16) it is possible to change power in flue sweep mode: with the letters **hP** on the LCD display which alternate between the heated water temperature (i.e. **32**), we are in the "flue sweep function" at the minimum power during heating (Fig. 10.19).

MAINTENANCE

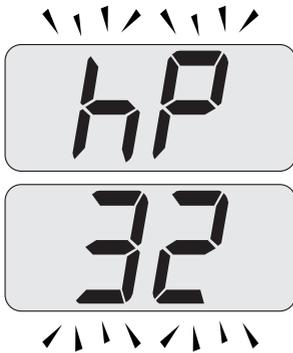


Fig. 10.19

Note to service engineers

It is required that the burner seal lip seal and mixing chamber seal along with the flame detection electrode are inspected every year and replaced if required. Failure to inspect the flame detection probe, seals and replace as required may render the guarantee void.

Flue sweep function at maximum output in heating mode

- Press key 14 to vary the output in chimney sweep mode: when the LCD display displays the letters **cP** that alternate with the heating water temperature value (e.g. **60**), the "flue sweep function" is at maximum (eventually range rated) output in heating mode (Fig. 10.20).

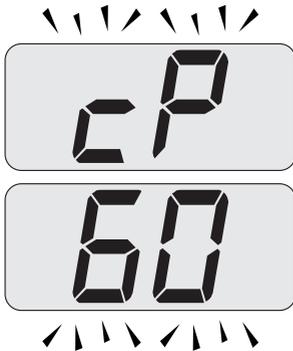


Fig. 10.20

- Press sequentially keys, 12 - 13 and then 14 (Fig. 10.16) and hold in for 10 seconds to exit the "flue sweep mode" and return to the previously set boiler status (Fig. 10.21).



Fig. 10.21

11 BENCHMARK COMMISSIONING AND SERVICING SECTION

It is a requirement that the boiler is installed and commissioned to the manufacturers instructions and the data fields on the commissioning checklist completed in full.

To instigate the boiler guarantee the boiler needs to be registered with the manufacturer within one month of the installation.

To maintain the boiler guarantee it is essential that the boiler is serviced annually by a Gas Safe Registered Engineer who has been trained on the boiler installed. The service details should be recorded on the Benchmark Service Interval Record and left with the householder.



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GAS BOILER SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST

This Commissioning Checklist is to be completed in full by the competent person who commissioned the boiler as a means of demonstrating compliance with the appropriate Building Regulations and then handed to the customer to keep for future reference.

Failure to install and commission according to the manufacturer's instructions and complete this Benchmark Commissioning Checklist will invalidate the warranty. This does not affect the customer's statutory rights.

Customer name:		Telephone number:	
Address:			
Boiler make and model:			
Boiler serial number:			
Commissioned by (PRINT NAME):		Gas Safe register number:	
Company name:		Telephone number:	
Company address:			
		Commissioning date:	
To be completed by the customer on receipt of a Building Regulations Compliance Certificate*			
Building Regulations Notification Number (if applicable):			
CONTROLS (tick the appropriate boxes)			
Time and temperature control to heating	Room thermostat and programmer/timer Load/weather compensation	Programmable room thermostat Optimum start control	
Time and temperature control to hot water	Cylinder thermostat and programmer/timer	Combination Boiler	
Heating zone valves	Fitted	Not required	
Hot water zone valves	Fitted	Not required	
Thermostatic radiator valves	Fitted	Not required	
Automatic bypass to system	Fitted	Not required	
Boiler interlock		Provided	
ALL SYSTEMS			
The system has been flushed and cleaned in accordance with BS7593 and boiler manufacturer's instructions			Yes
What system cleaner was used?			
What inhibitor was used?			Quantity litres
Has a primary water system filter been installed?			Yes No
CENTRAL HEATING MODE measure and record:			
Gas rate	m ³ /hr	OR	ft ³ /hr
Burner operating pressure (if applicable)	mbar	OR Gas inlet pressure	mbar
Central heating flow temperature	°C		
Central heating return temperature	°C		
COMBINATION BOILERS ONLY			
Is the installation in a hard water area (above 200ppm)?			Yes No
If yes, and if required by the manufacturer, has a water scale reducer been fitted?			Yes No
What type of scale reducer has been fitted?			
DOMESTIC HOT WATER MODE Measure and Record:			
Gas rate	m ³ /hr	OR	ft ³ /hr
Burner operating pressure (at maximum rate)	mbar	OR Gas inlet pressure at maximum rate	mbar
Cold water inlet temperature	°C		
Hot water has been checked at all outlets	Yes	Temperature	°C
Water flow rate	l/min		
CONDENSING BOILERS ONLY			
The condensate drain has been installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and/or BS5546/BS6798			Yes
ALL INSTALLATIONS			
Record the following:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND CO/CO ₂ Ratio
	At min. rate: (where possible)	CO ppm	AND CO/CO ₂ Ratio
The heating and hot water system complies with the appropriate Building Regulations			Yes
The boiler and associated products have been installed and commissioned in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions			Yes
The operation of the boiler and system controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the customer			Yes
The manufacturer's literature, including Benchmark Checklist and Service Record, has been explained and left with the customer			Yes
Commissioning Engineer's Signature			
Customer's Signature			
(To confirm satisfactory demonstration and receipt of manufacturer's literature)			

*All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



SERVICE RECORD

It is recommended that your heating system is serviced regularly and that the appropriate Service Interval Record is completed.

Service Provider

Before completing the appropriate Service Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturer's instructions. Always use the manufacturer's specified spare part when replacing controls.

SERVICE 01					Date:
Engineer name:					
Company name:					
Telephone No:					
Gas safe register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
Comments:					
Signature					

SERVICE 02					Date:
Engineer name:					
Company name:					
Telephone No:					
Gas safe register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
Comments:					
Signature					

SERVICE 03					Date:
Engineer name:					
Company name:					
Telephone No:					
Gas safe register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
Comments:					
Signature					

SERVICE 04					Date:
Engineer name:					
Company name:					
Telephone No:					
Gas safe register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
Comments:					
Signature					

SERVICE 05					Date:
Engineer name:					
Company name:					
Telephone No:					
Gas safe register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
Comments:					
Signature					

SERVICE 06					Date:
Engineer name:					
Company name:					
Telephone No:					
Gas safe register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
Comments:					
Signature					

SERVICE 07					Date:
Engineer name:					
Company name:					
Telephone No:					
Gas safe register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
Comments:					
Signature					

SERVICE 08					Date:
Engineer name:					
Company name:					
Telephone No:					
Gas safe register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
Comments:					
Signature					

SERVICE 09					Date:
Engineer name:					
Company name:					
Telephone No:					
Gas safe register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
Comments:					
Signature					

SERVICE 10					Date:
Engineer name:					
Company name:					
Telephone No:					
Gas safe register No:					
Record:	At max. rate:	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO	ppm	AND	CO ₂ %
Comments:					
Signature					

*All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



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