NEOfo High Efficiency Condensing Stainless Steel Storage Water Heater

SC25/200 SC25/300



Please read and understand these instruction before commencing installation and leave this manual with the customer for future reference



NEOflo Technical Data					
Technical Parameter Sheet				SC25/200	SC25/300
Daily electricity consumption		Q _{elec}	kWh	0.109	0.108
Declared load profile				XXL	XXL
Sound power level, indoors		L _{WA}	dB	46	46
Daily fuel consumption		Q _{fuel}	kWh	30.648	31.112
Emissions of nitrogen oxides		NO _X	mg/kWh	44	44
Weekly fuel consumption with smart co	ontrols	Q _{fuel, week, smart}	kWh	-	-
Weekly electricity consumption with sm	nart controls	Q _{elec, week, smart}	kWh	-	-
Weekly fuel consumption without smar	t controls	Q _{fuel, week}	kWh	-	-
Weekly electricity consumtion without s	smart controls	Q elec, week	kWh	-	-
Storage volume		V	I	-	-
Mixed water at 40 °C		V40	I	335	446
Harmonised standards applied Specific precautions that shall be taker heater is assembled, installed or maint			ssembly, ins operation m and to l	anual has to be followed	aintenance the be read attentively
Gas Data		Flue system			
Appliance category	I _{2H}	Flue types permitted		B13, C13 & C33	
Nominal (Net) Heat Input	23.7 kW		Connection		80 mm
Gross Heat Input	26.3 kW	FEL - Concentric			20 m
Nominal (Net) Output	25 kW	FEL - Twin Pipe			40 m
Gas Consumption	2.4 m³/h	Max Flue Tempera			75 °C
CO ² Setting	9.2 - 9.5 %		Coni	nections	
CO	10 - 50	Gas (copper)			22 mm
Nox Class	5	DHW Water (Cold)		G ³ ⁄ ₄ " M
Electricity Data		DHW Water (Hot)			G ¾" M
Electicity Supply Power Consumption (Max)	230V / 50Hz 50 - 130 W			22 mm 40 mm	
Power Consumption (Standby)	10 W	Condensate rate			2 l/h
External Fuse Rating	3 A	Condensale rale		l Fank	2 1/11
Protection Rating	IP20	Minimum Working			0.2 bar
Performance	1 1 20	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		5.5 bar	
Net Efficiency	105.0%	Construction (Stair		vpe)	<u> </u>
Recovery Rate through 50°C	430 l/h			Jr"~/	~
Draw off rate at operating pressure	0.61 l/s	1			
Model		SC25/200	SC	25/300	
Nominal Capacity		200		300	litres
	°C	29		44	minutes
Time to recover tank contents through 50				127	
*		103			kg
Weight (empty)		103 303		427	kg kg
Weight (empty) Weight (full)					
Weight (empty) Weight (full) Height		303	1	427	kg
Time to recover tank contents through 50° Weight (empty) Weight (full) Height Width Depth		303 1570	1	427 575	kg mm
Weight (empty) Weight (full) Height Width		303 1570 600		427 575 730	kg mm mm
Weight (empty) Weight (full) Height Width Depth		303 1570 600 600		427 575 730 730	kg mm mm mm



IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Reproduction of any information in this publication by any method is not permitted unless prior written approval has been obtained from Andrews Water Heaters.

Andrews Storage Water Heaters have been designed and manufactured to comply with current International standards of safety. In the interests of the health and safety of personnel and the continued safe, reliable operation of the equipment, safe working practices must be employed at all times. The attention of U.K. users is drawn to their responsibilities under current Health and Safety Regulations.

This Heater is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they are given supervision or instruction concerning the use of it by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure they do not play with the appliance.

These instructions apply in the UK and must be followed except for any statutory obligation.

All installation and service work on the Andrews Water Heater must be carried out by a competent person, failure to install correctly could lead to prosecution.

The Andrews Water Heaters policy is one of continuous product improvement, and therefore the information in this manual, whilst completely up to date at the time of publication, may be subject to revision without prior notice.

Further information and assistance can be obtained from:

Andrews Water Heaters 3, Innovation House Oaklands Business Centre Oaklands Park Wokingham Berkshire, RG41 2FD

Sales:	0345 070 1055
Technical:	0345 070 1057
Website:	www.andrewswaterheaters.co.uk
Twitter:	@AndrewsWH

Check List

Item	Qty
Andrews SC 25/200 or SC 25/300	1
Installation Guide, Operation and Service Manual	1
Condensate pipe, 385 x 40 mm	1
Condensate 40 mm Elbow	1

CONTENTS

CONTENTS	
Section	Page
TECHNICAL DATA Ir	nside cover
User Instructions	3
GENERAL & SAFETY INFORMAT	ION 5
Gas Safety Standards Health & Safety Regulations Combatting Legionella Decommissioning, disposal & recycl	5 5 6 ing 6
INSTALLATION OF HEATER	8
Heater Location Water Quality & Treatment Water Connections Unvented Water Supply Condensate Drain Flue Systems Flue Equivalent Length Calculation Ventilation Requirements Gas Supply Electrical Connections	8 8 10 10 12 12 12 17 17 17
COMMISSIONING	20
Filling Starting Commisioning the Burner	20 20 20
FAULT FINDING	21
Operation Controls & Lockouts Diagnostics	21 21 22
SERVICING	23
Routine Service Burner & Combustion Chamber Spark & Sense Electrode Air & Flue Duct Seals Condensate Syphon Gas Rate & Combustion	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23
CHANGING COMPONENTS	23
Pressure Temperature Safety Valve LCD Display High Limit Sensor Control Sensor Flue Thermostat Ignition Control Electrode & Gasket Gas Valve	24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 25

List of Figures & Tables

Page

Fig 1.1	User Control	3
Fig 2.1	General Dimensions	7
Fig 3.1	Open Vent Example	9
Fig 3.2	Re-Circulation Design	9
Fig 3.3	De-Stratification Design	9
Fig 4.1	Unvented Design	11
Fig 5.1	Condensate Soakaway	11
Fig 5.2	Condensate Soil Stack	11
Fig 5.3	Condensate Internal Sink	11
Fig 5.4	Condensate Gully	11
Fig 6.1	Flue Parts	13
Fig 6.2	Open Flue Systems	14
Fig 6.3	Horizontal Flue Systems	14
Fig 6.4	Vertical Flue Systems	15
Fig 6.5	Flue Terminal Dimensions	15
Fig 6.6	Terminal Locations	16
Fig 7.1	Electrical Connections	18
Fig 7.2	Wiring Diagram	19
Fig 8.1	Throttle Adjustment	20
Fig 8.2	User Control	20
Fig 9.1	Throttle Adjustment	24
Fig 9.2	LCD Display	25
Fig 9.3	Heater Components External	26
Fig 9.4	Heater Components Internal	27
Fig 9.5	Spares Components	28
Table 1.0	Lockout Codes	21

Fan

Venturi

SPARES COMPONENTS

4

25

25

25

NEOflo USER'S OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

FOR YOUR SAFETY - READ BEFORE OPERATING

This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner.

BEFORE OPERATING after a prolonged time off, smell all around the appliance area for gas.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance
- Do not touch any electric switch
- Do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbour's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire service.
- Isolate the appliance with the Service Cock inside. If this is not accessible, isolate at the gas meter.

WARNING

- Do not remove or adjust any component part of this water heater; contact the installer.
- If this heater developes a fault, such as hot water from a discharge pipe, contact the installer.
- Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service engineer to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been damaged.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Incorrect water balance will cause premature failure of this heater. Such damage is not covered under warranty.



Fig 1.1

Keep the Heater area clear and free from combustibles, flammable liquids and chemicals.

Ensure that the system is filled with water and the water supply is turned on.

QUICK START

BEFORE START UP

Check that the Electricity and Gas Supplies are on. Turn on the Heater with the switch on the Front Panel and set the desired water temperature with the + / - buttons. In a few seconds the Heater will light. Summary of Controls (See Fig. 1.1)

ON/OFF SWITCH

Turns the Heater On and Off and when illuminated indicates the Heater is powered.

DISPLAY

Standby

The display shows the current temperature of the water in the tank and the standby () symbol.

DEMAND

The Heater will be running and the display will show the tank temperature, and a tap symbol. If the burner is on, a flame symbol will also be shown.

SET TEMPERATURE

To set a new set temperatures press the + and - buttons. The temperature can be altered between 45 and 70 °C.

RESET

If 'RESET' is displayed it means the Gas Control has been unable to light the Heater. To reset, press the RESET button below the indication \checkmark on the display or, the Reset button on the Burner Control behind the lower front panel.

If this requires repeated use, there is a fault that will require the attention of a qualified Engineer

De-Stratification

If your installation has been equipped with a de-stratification pump wired from the heater, a pump symbol

will show on the display when it is running.

Other symbols

If the wrong buttons are pressed it is possible that an engineering mode might be accidentally entered and different symbols will be displayed. In this instance, do not press any buttons for at least 60 seconds and the control will revert back to a normal display.

Anti Legionella - Default Off

The heater has the option to automatically run a high temperature Anti-Legionella programme. The period between these runs and the temperature can be selected by the commissioning engineer.

Frost Protection

This Heater is provided with frost protection and will run if the temperature of the water in the tank drops below 6°C and run until it is 16°C. It uses the de-Stratification pump if fitted. Note: The heater must be connected to gas and mains electricity for this function to operate.

Cleaning

The casing is finished with a painted epoxy paint and will mark if abrasive cleaners are used. It should be cleaned using standard non-abrasive proprietary products.

Service & Maintenance

It is a mandatory requirement that any gas work carried out must be by a registered engineer with an appropriate accreditation.

It is recommended that the Heater is serviced at least every twelve months.

GENERAL & SAFETY INFORMATION

The NEOflo range features a stainless steel tank with a stainless steel integrated heat exchanger and a fully automatic electronic control. It also provides mains outputs for Standby, Running and Lockout, for remote use.

The appliance has been designed for use with NATURAL GAS only and is manufactured to give an efficient, reliable and long service life.

To ensure the continued, trouble-free operation of the Heater at maximum efficiency, it is essential that correct installation, commissioning, operation and service procedures are carried out strictly in accordance with the instructions given in this manual.

By law, installation and commissioning of the heater must be carried out by a competent person.

GAS SAFETY STANDARDS

The heater(s) must be installed in accordance with the following requirements;

- GAS SAFETY (INSTALLATION AND USE) REGULATIONS
- BUILDING REGULATIONS
- THE WATER SUPPLY (WATER FITTINGS) REGULATIONS

Additionally, installation should be performed in accordance with all relevant requirements of the Gas Supplier, Local Authority and recommendations of the British Standards and Codes of Practice which should include the following:

BS EN 806: (Parts 1 - 5) Specifications for installations inside buildings conveying water for human consumption. General design, pipe sizing, operation and maintenance.

BS EN 12897: Water supply. Specification for indirectly heated unvented (closed) storage water heaters.

BS 5440: Flueing and ventilation for gas appliances of rated output not exceeding 70kW net. Part 1 Specification for installation of gas appliances to chimneys and for maintenance of chimneys. Part 2 Specification for installation and maintenance of ventilation provision for gas appliances.

BS 5546: Specification for installation of gas hot water supplies for domestic purposes.

BS 6891: Installation of low pressure gas pipework of up to 35mm in domestic premises.

IGE/UP/1A, 1B: Strength/tightness testing and direct purging

IGE/UP/2: Installation pipework.

IGE/UP/10 Pt.1: (Edition 4): Installation of Gas Appliances in Industrial and Commercial Premises

NOTE: Consideration should be given to amendments or updates to the above standards.

HEALTH AND SAFETY REGULATIONS

It is the duty of manufacturers and suppliers of products to ensure, so far as is practicable, that such products are safe and without risk to health when properly used and to make available to users, adequate information about their safe and proper operation.

This Water Heater should only be used in the manner and purpose for which it was intended and in accordance with the instructions in this manual. Although the Heater has been manufactured with paramount consideration to safety, certain basic precautions specified in this manual must be taken by the user. It is imperative that all users of the Heater must be provided with all the information and instruction necessary to ensure correct and safe operation.

COLD WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM (SEE PAGE 9)

The appliance may be connected to an open vent or sealed system supply. When connected to a sealed system an unvented water kit must be installed with a minimum water pressure of 1 bar. The heaters are factory fitted with temperature and pressure relief valve.

FLUE SYSTEMS (SEE PAGE 12)

The appliance is fitted with two 80mm ducts for the connection of air inlet and flue discharge. A number of different flue and air supply configurations can be used depending on the accessories that are chosen.

COMBATING LEGIONELLA

All Codes of Practice draw attention to the design and operation of water systems with reference to avoidance of factors that favour colonisation by Legionella bacteria. These factors include stagnation, lukewarm conditions (20°C to 45°C) and the accumulation of debris, scale and corrosion in the base of tanks and calorifiers.

Andrews Water Heaters has commissioned an independent evaluation of their products to investigate their resistance to build-up of Legionella bacteria. Experiments were conducted to determine whether, following a substantial challenge by Legionella Pneumophilia, after overnight and stagnation conditions, the system was rendered free from viable recoverable Legionella. It was found that at 61°C, following a challenge of approximately 107 organisms per litre, within one hour, more than 99.999% of organisms had been killed. After a subsequent stagnation period, sampling did not reveal any residual contamination. The design of the base of the Water Heater precludes Legionella colonisation, even after build-up of debris. The burner positioning ensures that the water at the bottom of the heater reaches the same, or higher temperature as in the rest of the heater.

Based on data obtained through experiment, this Water Heater can be described as Legionella resistant as it is considered unlikely that, at the temperature tested, the organism would colonise the water heater and present a possible health risk.

Water systems in buildings have been associated with outbreaks of Legionnaires' Disease, particularly in health care facilities where occupants are significantly more susceptible to infection.

In recognition of the risks in hospitals, a Code of Practice for the Control of Legionella in Health Care premises has been issued by the Department of Health.

Codes of Practice applicable to other premises have been published by other organisations, principally the Health and Safety Executive (HS) (G70) and the Chartered Institute of Building Services Engineers (CIBSE, TM13).

DECOMISSIONING, DISPOSAL AND RECYCLING

Only qualified competent persons should decommission and dismantle the appliance.

Before dismantling and removing please ensure you safely remove the power supply and isolated the appliance from the water and gas connections.

Dispose of the appliance correctly according to the laws and regulations in force. The appliance and accessories cannot be discarded along with normal household waste and should be recycled where appropriate.

More than 90% of the materials that make up the appliance are recyclable.

GENERAL DIMENSIONS

Fig 2.1



INSTALLATION OF HEATER

HEATER LOCATION

The location selected for installation of the heater must allow the provision of a satisfactory flue, and adequate air supply (for type B_{23}) A purpose built water heater room or compartment is strongly recommended.

A manual valve for isolation of the gas supply to the heater should be installed nearby and it should be clearly identified and readily accessible for use at all times. If a purpose built water heater room is not available, measures should be taken to protect the heater from damage and prevent any extraneous matter from being stored on or around the Heater. See BS 6644 Clauses 4, 5 and 6 for details.

There must be easy access to the water heater room and Heater at all times. The heater must be located in an area where leakage from the tank, water connections or the combination temperature and safety valve will not result in damage to the area adjacent to it. When such locations cannot be avoided, a suitable drain tray must be installed under the heater. The drain tray must be no deeper than 38mm and must be 100mm wider and longer than the heater. It should be piped to an adequate drain using 20mm (0.75in) diameter pipe, angled for proper drainage.

Access must be provided to the front of the water heater with adequate clearance for servicing and operation. (Fig 2.1)

The floor on which the heater is installed must be flat, level and of sufficient strength to withstand the weight of the heater when filled with water, and should satisfy the requirements of the Local Authority & Building Regulations. Any combustible material adjacent to the heater must be so placed and shielded as to ensure that it's temperature does not exceed $66^{\circ}C$ (150°F).

WATER QUALITY AND TREATMENT

When installing an Andrews Water Heaters in hard water areas we would recommend that a water treatment specialist is consulted. In hard water areas, scale formation can occur in all hot water systems and water heaters. The higher the temperature and volume of water used, the more problematic the scale build-up can be. Water treatment is normally recommended when the hardness reaches 100 - 150 ppm (7 – 10 degrees Clark) and above. This problem can be minimised by reducing the water temperature in, the heater and by fitting suitable water pre-treatment equipment. Andrews strongly recommend water pre-treatment is fitted, the base-exchange type of softener is recommended for a guaranteed method of scale prevetion. The heater is fitted with an inspection point and the tank should be inspected at least annually. (Fig. 2.1 & 9.3)

WATER CONNECTIONS

The cold water inlet and hot water outlet connection nipples are identified on top of the appliance. Connect the cold water feed and hot water outlet to these nipples with union adaptors for ease of servicing. Connect the supplied isolating valve to the drain connection and pipe to a suitable discharge point.

CAUTION!

Do not apply excessive torque to these nipples when making these connections. The use of an appropriate pipe sealing compound is recommended

SECONDARY RETURN (Fig 3.2)

A secondary return may be fitted into the cold water inlet to the storage cylinder down stream from the connection of any unvented system kit or may be coupled into the storage vessel drain point using suitable tee connections. In all cases, for serviceability, the recirculation pipe must be fitted with a stop valve immediately before the reconnection point.

DE-STRATIFICATION PUMP (Fig 3.3)

A de-stratification pump can be controlled by the heater. It will operate automatically dependant upon the temperatures in the tank. It is connected into the heaters main wiring centre. The default condition for the pump is 'Off'. (See P22 for setting)

OPEN VENTED DESIGN (Fig 3.1)

The Heater must be supplied from a cold water feed cistern and the hot water supply pipe must be fitted with an open vent pipe in accordance with BS 5546 and BS 6644.The Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations must be observed when installing the system.

The cold water feed cistern must have an actual capacity greater than the hourly recovery rate of the heater or heaters to which it is fitted, the minimum actual capacity allowed for a feed cistern being 227 litres (50 gallons).

The actual cistern capacity is the capacity to the normal water level of the cistern. All cisterns should be manufactured to the relevant British Standard.

The distance from the normal water level to the top of the cistern should comply with that specified by the Water Authorities.



Unvented Systems should only be fitted by an Approved Installer

When using the Heater on an unvented hot water storage system, the Unvented System Kit, part number B314, available from Andrews Water Heaters **must** be fitted. See Parts List Page 25.

When used in an unvented system, the heater will supply hot water at 3½ bar or the pressure available at the mains feed if this is lower. During conditions of no-flow, system pressure may rise to a maximum of 6 bar, whilst the burner is operating. When testing the system, it is recommended that a maximum test pressure of 7bar is employed.

A 25 litre expansion vessel is suitable for the stored volume of all models of the heater and an average pipework system.

FOR SYSTEMS WITH LARGER PIPE VOLUMES OR ADDI-TIONAL STORAGE, EXPANSION VESSELS WITH GREATER CAPACITY ARE AVAILABLE.

Assemble the components of the unvented system kit as shown in Fig. 4.1.

IMPORTANT

When assembling the Pressure Reducing Valve and Double Non-return Valve, ensure that the flow arrows marked on the components are pointing in the direction of flow i.e. towards the heater.

The relief valves fitted to this appliance must not be used for any other purpose.

No fitting should be installed between the expansion valve and the cylinder.

The cold water for services may be drawn from the 22mm compression port on Pressure Reducing Valve. The water pressure at this point will be similar to that available at the hot water outlet of the water heater. If this port is not used, it should be sealed with the blanking plug supplied. If higher flow rates are required for the cold water services, a suitable tee fitting should be fitted to the pipework, upstream of the Pressure Reducing Valve.

The pipework fitted to the tundish outlet should be at least 28mm diameter and made of metal it should be terminated at a suitable drain (see Building Regulations Approved Document G3).

All fittings and materials supplying water to the storage vessel must be suitable for use with drinking water and listed in the current Water Research Centre "Materials and Fittings Directory".

Installation of unvented hot storage water systems must comply with Part G of Schedule 1 of the Building Regulations.

CONDENSATE DRAIN

Condensation is formed in the heater and this must be continuously discharged into a drain. This can be acomplished by a drop of around 5 mm for every 100 mm of pipework. A trap is supplied which should be connected into a drain via a tundish or air break. (Figs.5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4)

The condensate flow must not be allowed to block otherwise the heater will fail to work correctly.

NOTE

An air break is required downstream of the trap to protect the Heater from blockages and subsequent damage. The appliance can produce up to 2 litres of condensate per hour.

Never discharge the condensate into a sink, bath, bidet or toilet etc.

The condensate trap must be connected in a minimum diameter of 19 mm plastic pipe inside a building. External pipework and that passing through a wall to the outside should be run in a min of 32mm diameter. All external pipework should be insulated to protect against frost. The length of external drain pipe should be kept as short as possible and not more than 3m.



FLUE SYSTEMS

The appliance can be installed using a number of alternative arrangements depending upon the installation requirements It is delivered with its two 80 mm connection points combined into a 80/125 concentric outlet on the left. Flue components are ordered separately as required.

Available Flue Types Open Flue (Type B₂₃)

This is an open flued arrangement where the air for combustion is drawn from the Water Heater room and because of this the room must be ventilated. If the Heater is installed in a compartment then it will require both a high level and a low level vent. See Page 17.

The flue products are discharged either horizontally or vertically using any of the supplied separate duct components.

Room Sealed (Type C_{xy})

There are a two approved room sealed arrangements where both the air inlet and flue discharge terminate outside the building.

Type $\mathbf{C}_{_{13}}\mathbf{Flue}$ and air ducts terminate horizontally in the same position

Type ${\rm C}_{_{33}}$ Flue and air ducts terminate vertically in the same position

Flue and air ducts are supplied to a concentric design (80/125). See Fig. 6.1 for component choices. Flues should slope back to the Heater by 3 degrees. Terminal positions must comply with the requirements detailed in Fig. 6.6.

FLUE EQUIVALENT LENGTH CALCULATION

The combustion fan fitted to the appliance moves the air and flue products through the system and can provide sufficient capacity for a **Flue Equivalent Length** (**FEL**) of 20 metres for type C_{13} and C_{33} systems and 40 metres for type B_{23} system.

Each flue accessory such as bends and straight lengths restrict the flue system and have a **FEL** which must be added together to determine the total.

NB: For C_{13} and C_{33} systems the Terminal and the Twin Flue to Concentric Adapter do not have to be included, they have already been taken into account. Referring to the diagrams Fig. 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 select a suitable flue system for the particular installation requirement and then calculate the **FEL** of the system, this must not be greater than that stated above.

Examples:

A $\mathbf{C}_{_{33}}$ Concentric flue system that uses one straight length and one 90° bend.

1 x 1m straight length	1.0
1 x 90° bend	1.5
Total (within 20m limit)	2.5

A C_{13} or C_{33} Concentric system that rises from the Heater and uses eight straight lengths and seven 90° bends.

8 x 1m straight lengths	8.0
7 x 90° bends	10.5
Concentric Adapter	0.0
Terminal	0.0
Total (within 20m limit)	18.5

Open Flue Type B₂₃

The maximum **FEL** of flue in this configuration is 40 metres.

The air inlet connection to the appliance must be fitted with a Debris Guard. Air is drawn from the room or compartment in which the heater is installed and therefore the room or compartment **must be ventilated.** See Page 17.

The flue duct can discharge either vertically or horizontally by selection of the correct flue terminal. The flue pipe can be fitted with 90 and 45 degree bends as well as extensions.

Example:

A \mathbf{B}_{23} system with air collected from the plant room and the flue exiting via four straight length and four 90° bends to a roof terminal.

4 x 1 m straight lengths of FLUE.	4.0
4 x 90° bends of FLUE	14.0
1 x Roof Terminal	6.6
Total (within 40m limit)	24.6

Flue support

All installed flues, vertical or horizontal, should be supported every 1m using the appropriate brackets.

Fixing the Wall Terminal

A hole size of 175mm is recommended. The terminal should be installed with a three degree slope back to the Heater and the gap around it filled with mortar, both on the inside and outside. (See Fig 6.5). Wall plates can then fixed inside and out to present a clean finish.

Fixing a Vertical Terminal

A suitable flashing for the roof angle should be selected and fitted to the vertical terminal. The Terminal should then be fitted to the roof, securing it from below with the appropriate bracket. (See Fig 6.5)

Flue Parts	Part Number
Horizontal Terminal	5136146
Vertical Terminal	5136147
1m Concentric Length	5136148
Concentric 45° Bend	5136150
Concentric 90° Bend	5136151
Flue Wall Bracket 125 mm	5136152
Condensate Trap Kit	5136153
Flue Clamp, 125 mm	5136154
Debris Guard	5136900
Flat Roof Plate	E065
Angle Roof Plate	E066
Terminal Guard	E105
Condensate Bottle Trap	E211
Twin to Concentic Kit, 200/300	G101

Balanced Flue.	FEL
1m length 45° bend 90° bend Horizontal Terminal Vertical Terminal Debris Guard	1.0 0.8 1.5 5.5 6.6 0.0
Condensate Trap Kit	0.0

NB: Over 1.5M use flue Condensate Trap Kit 5136153













The flue discharge position for any flue type must conform to the following requirements



Minimum Distance	mm
A Directly below an opening, air brick, opening window etc.	300
B Above an opening, air brick, opening window etc.	300
C Horizontally to an opening, air brick, opening window etc.	300
D Below a gutter or sanitary pipework	75
E Below the eaves	200
F Below a balcony or carport roof	200
G From vertical drain/soil pipework	150
H From an internal or external corner	300
I Above ground, roof or balcony level	300
J From a surface facing terminal	600
K From a terminal facing the terminal	1200
L From a opening in a carport (e.g. door, windows) into the building	1200
M Vertically from a terminal on the same wall	1500
N Horizontally from a terminal on the same wall	300

VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS

Refer to BS 6798 and BS 5440:2 for additional information

Open Flue Type B₂₃

The room in which an appliance is installed must have a permanent air vent to outside air or to a room which itself has direct access to outside air.

Installations in compartments require permanent vents for cooling purposes, one at high level and one at low level, either direct to outside air or to a ventilated room. Both vents must pass to the same room or be on the same wall to outside air. The minimum free areas required are given below.

In a room to outside	85 cm ²
In a compartment	85 cm ² high level
to outside	170 cm ² low level
In a compartment	170 cm ² high level
to inside	340 cm ² low level

A compartment containing an open-flued appliance shall be labelled as follows:

IMPORTANT: Do not block the vents. Do not use the compartment for storage.

There must be sufficient clearance around the appliance to allow proper circulation of ventilation air. The clearances required for Installation and Servicing will normally be adequate. Fig. 2.1.

The effect of any type of extract fan in the premises must be considered and an additional air inlet may be needed from outside to counter the effect of the fan.

Room Sealed (Type C)

Where the appliance is installed in a **ROOM** or **COM-PARTMENT** no ventilation is required.

GAS SUPPLY

The installation of the gas supply must conform, to the British Standards and Codes of Practice listed in Section 1 of this manual.

The appliance is fitted with a gas isolating cock and supply pipe of 22mm copper and can be supplied from the rear, left or right.

The gas supply pipework must be fitted with suitable unions so the Heater can be safely removed for major service or repair.

Natural Gas

The gas meter, regulator and supply pipework must be sized so as to provide an adequate supply to the Heater in addition to any other appliances connected to the supply. (See Technical Data on the inside cover for Pressure and Flow Rate requirements.) Where the Heater is installed in a plant room or purpose built compartment, a manually operated valve must be fitted in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations. The valve must be easily identified and readily accessible.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

IMPORTANT, this appliance must be earthed

CAUTION: Isolate the mains electrical supply before starting any work and observe all relevant safety precautions

External wiring to the Heater must be installed in accordance with current I.E.E. Regulations for the wiring of buildings and to any Local Regulations that may apply.

The appliance is designed to operate from a 230V, single phase supply fused at 3 amps. Mains input cable should be 0.75 mm², 3 core

The method of connection to the mains electricity supply should facilitate complete electrical isolation of the appliance, preferably by use of an un-switched shuttered socket outlet in conjunction with a fused three pin plug, both complying with the requirements of BS 1363.

Alternatively, a fused double pole switch or fused spur box serving only the heater may be used.

The point of connection to the mains electricity supply should be readily accessible and adjacent to the appliance, and should be connected to the mains supply as detailed above.

Access to the terminal connections (Fig. 7.1) Remove the Lower Front Panel, the Connection Box is facing you on the left hand side. The Connection Box can be completely removed by loosening its fixing screws in its keyhole slots.

Cable supports are provided from the Connection Box to the rear of the appliance.

A permanent live supply must be connected to the appliance. Automatic timed or remote operation of the appliance can be achieved by connecting a switched live to terminal "**Remote Enable**" and removing the link wire. The connector can be unplugged for ease of wiring. (see fig. 7.1)

Lockout

If the appliance goes into a safety shutdown condition (Lockout) terminal "Lockout" is energised with a 230V AC supply and can be connected to a suitable warning system with a current limit as detailed in the Technical Data.

Running

When the burner is in operation terminal "Running" is energised with a 230V AC supply and can be connected to a suitable warning system with a current limit as detailed in the Technical Data.

De-Stratification Pump

Live Neutral and Earth connections are provided for the connection of a De-Stratification pump which will be automatically controlled by the Heater.



Fig 7.1



COMMISSIONING

After installation of the water system, open the main water supply valve, flush the system and fill the heater.

FILLING

- 1. Check that the tank drain connection is fitted and closed.
- 2. If the appliance is connected to a hot water recirculation system, open the isolation valve immediately before the connection point to the tank.
- 3. Turn on all the hot water draw off taps.
- 4. Turn on the cold water supply and fill the heater.
- 5. Close each hot water draw off tap when water is discharged.
- After initial filling open each hot water draw off tap in succession and check that all the air is vented from the system.
- 7. Check for leaks

STARTING THE APPLIANCE

Plug the appliance in at the wall socket or turn on the switched spur supplying the appliance. The appliance is fitted with a fully automatic ignition and temperature control system. Once set in operation the appliance will require minimal attention.

On/Off switch

Turns the appliance on. The appliance will start if tere is an external demand, if the link wire has been replaced by a remote switch, and the temperature of the water in the tank is lower than the setpoint. When the Heater is in standby mode a by symbol is shown on the display.

When the Heater has ignited a flame 🧳 is shown on the display.



Fig 8.1



Set the Tank Temperature

In standby the display shows the temperature of the water in the tank. Press the + or - button and the setpoint temperature is shown and can be altered to the desired figure between 45 and 70°C

The burner will ignite automatically after a short initiation period, indicated by Flame graphic on the display.

If the burner does not light, a Lockout error number, and RESET will be displayed. If the Error is "1", it is possible that the gas supply has not been purged sufficiently. Reset the lockout condition by using the reset button (Fig.8.2) and repeat the operation.

Once the main burner has ignited it will operate continuously until the required water temperature has been obtained.

COMMISSIONING THE BURNER

The Heater gas rate is factory set however it is an important part of comissioning that the combustion settings are checked.

- 1. Remove the Lower Front Panel.
- 2. Switch on the Heater and allow three or four minutes for the Heater to warm up before checking the combustion.
- 3. Remove the Access Plug in the Sump and push the probe of a combustion analyser fully in.
- 4. The CO₂ figure should be as shown in the data table on inside of the cover of this manual. If adjustment is required, pull off the cover from the Throttle Screw and adjust. Screw clockwise to reduce CO₂, anticlockwise to increase the CO₂. Fig. 8.1
- 5. When correct replace the cover over the Throttle Screw and replace the lower front panel.

Burner Lockouts

If the Heater is unable to light or detects a safety condition the control will lockout and the Heater will stop firing. The display will show RESET and a number referring to the type of error. See the table above.

To clear a Lockout press the RESET button and provided the condition has been corrected the Heater will try to light. There is a second reset button and indicator on the Burner Control behind the lower front panel.

The Lockout condition should not be repeatedly reset. If the condition persists then a qualified repair engineer should be called.

Handover

When commissioning is satisfactorily completed the operation of the heater and its controls should be explained to the user and the installation details should be completed in the back of these Instructions and on the appliance label.

Finally these instructions should be handed over to the user.

FAULT FINDING

WARNING: Before commencing or completing any electrical work on the appliance, it is recommended that the basic safety checks for earth continuity, short circuit, polarity and resistance to earth are made. All work carried out should follow guidelines laid down by the I.E.E.

OPERATION

The Heater requires Mains on both the Live (L) and Remote Enable connection to be able to run. It is delivered with a link between them which can be removed if a Timer or Remote Switch is used. To run the Heater you must have a Mains supply, Gas, the Flue Thermostat closed and a Tank temperature below the setpoint.

If all the above are correct then the Gas Ignition Control starts the Ignition sequence:

- 1. The Fan runs as a pre-purge of the Heat Exchanger.
- 2. After a few seconds a spark is created at the electrode and the burner is lit.
- 3. The burner flame is sensed and the spark is removed.
- 4. The Fan speed is then raised to maximum.
- 5. If it fails to light the burner the spark will stop and the Fan will run on as a postpurge of the Heat Exchanger.
- 6. The ignition sequence will be repeated up to five times, then the control will lockout and will require a reset to start again.

In all cases, before work commences turn off the Mains Electricity and Gas Supply.

	1	No Flame established.
	2	False Flame detected
	3	Overheat sensor > 95C or short circuit.
	5	Incorrect Fan speed detected
	7	Flue Thermostat tripped
	8	Flame circuit error
	9	Gas Valve not detected
	13	Reset used more than 5 times in 15 mins
	21	Control Internal error.
	23	Overheat Sensor mismatch
	25	Control/Display software mismatch
	31	Overheat Sensor1 open circuit.
	32	Control Sensor short or open circuit.
	33	Overheat Sensor2 open circuit.
	34	Low Mains Voltage detected.
	99	Communication error between controls.
- 1		

Table 1.0

CONTROLS AND LOCKOUTS (Table 1.0)

The Display indicates the actual and set temperature of the tank and also displays all the lockouts.

Frost Protection

The Heater is fitted with automatic Frost Protection. Provided there is Mains and Gas, if the High Limit sensor reads less than 6°C the De-Stratification pump, if fitted, will run and the burner will fire at ignition rate until the sensor reads 16°C.

Anti-Legionella

The Heater is provided with an automatic Anti-Legionella programme. It set by default to be off but can be set using in the Installer+ Mode (*See Page 22*). This mode allows the temperature and frequency to be set between 72 and 168 hours.

DIAGNOSTICS

The Display can provide additional information whilst Running, In Standby and In Error, when the buttons are pressed. The table below details the sub-sections available.

Pressing Service A, Service B and Reset together will, test all the segments of the LCD display.

	Buttons				
MODE	+	-	Service A	Service B	Reset
Standby	Increase setpoint	Decrease setpoint		< 1 sec Installer > 3 secs Installer +	
Running	Increase setpoint	Decrease setpoint		< 1 sec, Installer > 3 secs, Installer +	> 3 secs, Error History
In Error					< 1 sec, Resets Error > 3 secs, Error History



Installer Mode (Service B pressed < 1 second) The **s**ymbol appears on the Display.

Press Service B to step through the information. The Display will step out of this mode if untouched for 60 seconds or the Reset button is pressed.

		Default
01	Flame current, mA	
02	High Limit Sensor 1, °C	
03	High Limit Sensor 2, °C	
04	Tank Temperature, °C	
05	Not used	
06	Esys type	7
07	Flue Switch	Off
08	DHW Kp	60
09	DHW Ki	245
10	Fan Kp Up	25
11	Fan Ki Up	220
12	Fan Kp Down	30
13	Fan Ki Down	244

Error History (Reset pressed > 3 seconds) The last eight errors can now be recalled by pressing button Service B. The format of the Display is Hn.## Where n is error record 1 to 8, one being the most recent, and ## is the error number. The Display will step out of this mode if untouched for

30 seconds or the Reset button is pressed.

The Error History can be cleared in Installer+ mode.

- 1 No Flame established.
- 2 False Flame detected
- 3 Overheat sensor > 95C or short circuit.
- 5 Incorrect Fan speed detected
- 7 Flue Thermostat tripped
- 8 Flame circuit error
- 9 Gas Valve not detected
- 13 Reset used more than 5 times in 15 mins
- 21 Control Internal error.
- 23 Overheat Sensor mismatch
- 25 Control/Display software mismatch
- 31 Overheat Sensor1 open circuit.
- 32 Control Sensor short or open circuit.
- 33 Overheat Sensor2 open circuit.
- 34 Low Mains Voltage detected.
- 99 Communication error between controls.

Installer+ Mode (Service B pressed > 3 seconds)

symbols appear on the display.

Press Service B to step through the information. Press Buttons + or - to alter the setting. The Display will step out of this mode if untouched for 60 seconds or the Reset button is pressed.

		Default
P 01	Ignition Level, %	50
P 02	DHW Setpoint, °C	60
P 03	DHW Hysteresis	5
P 04	DHW Maximum fan speed %	100
P 05	Anti-Legionella enabled	0
P 06	Anti-Legionella timer	168
P 07	Anti-Legionella temperature °C	75
P 08	Clear Error History	

The

SERVICING

Health and Safety Statement :

This Heater contains no asbestos.

In all cases, before work commences turn off the Mains Electricity and Gas Supply.

Routine Service

To ensure continued efficient operation of the Heater it is recommended that it is checked and serviced at regular intervals.

The frequency of servicing will depend upon the particular installation and usage but in general every twelve months should be the maximum.

It is law that any service work should be carried out by Registered personnel.

- 1. Clean the burner and check the combustion chamber.
- 2. Check condition of ignition spark and sensing probe.
- 3. Check the air duct and flue seals.
- 4. Check condensate syphon and pipework for leaks.
- 5. Check the combustion CO, CO₂ and Gas Rate.

Follow the procedures given in Changing Components for parts removal in addition to the following notes.

In all cases, before work commences turn off the mains electricity and gas supply

Burner & Combustion Chamber

To clean the burner and view the inside of the Combustion Chamber it is necessary to remove the Fan and Gas Valve:

- Remove lower front panel.
- Disconnect the gas cock flange from gas valve.
- Unplug fan electrical connector.
- Remove air tube from venturi.
- Undo the cover over ignition control connections and remove the three connectors.
- Pull off the ignition and earth lead connection on the valve and heat exchanger.
- Undo the two screws holding the venturi and gas valve to the fan and remove.
- Undo the four screws holding the fan mounting spacer to the sump and remove.
- Inspect the rubber burner gasket fitted between the burner and the fan mounting spacer and replace if damaged.
- The burner should withdraw with the spacer and expose the inside of the combustion chamber. Note: The burner is marked with a line which should be used to position it. It should align with fixing hole for the spacer to the left of the electrode assembly.
- Assembly is the reverse.

Spark & Sense Electrode

- Turn off the Heater.
- Pull off the HT and Earth leads.
- Remove the cover over the Ignition Control connections and pull it off the Gas Valve.
- Undo the two screws retaining the electrode assembly and carefully withdraw. The spark gap should be 3.0 mm ± 0.5.
- Assembly is the reverse, ensuring the gasket is correctly placed.

Air Duct & Flue Seals

A visual inspection should establish there are no leaks around any of the seals, including the flexible Air Duct to the Venturi.

Condensate Syphon

The lower bowl of the Syphon can be unscrewed, examined and cleaned. Check its connection to the Heat Exchanger and pipework for leaks.

Gas Rate & Combustion

See the Datatable on the inside of the cover for the correct values.

A Combustion sample point is provided at the front of the Sump. (Fig.9.4)

To check, re-establish gas and electricity and then run the Heater for at least 5 minutes. If adjustment is required remove the cover over the Throttle screw and turn anticlockwise to increase CO_2 , clockwise to decrease.(Fig. 9.1) Allow at least a minute between adjustments to obtain stable readings.The Gas Rate will be correct when the CO and CO_2 figures are to specification.

CHANGING COMPONENTS

NONE OF THE CONTROLS ARE REPAIRABLE IF THEY ARE NOT WORKING THEY MUST BE REPLACED.

In all cases, before work commences turn off the Mains Electricity and Gas Supply.

The following items can be replaced:

Pressure Temperature Relief Valve The LCD Display. . High Limit Sensor. Tank Sensor. Flue Thermostat Ignition Control. Electrode Gas Valve. Fan.



Fig 9.1

PRESSURE TEMPERATURE RELIEF VALVE (Fig. 2.1)

The removal of this valve will require either the draining or the valving-off of the system that is above tank level.

- Undo the connection to drain and remove the pipe from the valve.
- Unscrew the pressure temperature relief valve.
- Replacement is the reverse.

LCD DISPLAY (See Fig. 9.2)

- Undo the single fixing on the front of the display panel and hinge forward.
- Pull off the two wired electrical connectors and the one dummy connector.
- Undo the four nuts holding the PCB and remove.
- Replacement is the reverse.

HIGH LIMIT SENSOR (Fig. 9.3)

- Undo the single fixing on the front of the display Panel and hinge forward.
- Remove the front top panel of the heater to expose the sensor pocket.
- Move the sensor retainer aside and withdraw the Sensor.
- Through the display panel access, trace the four way in-line cable connector to the high limit sensor, delatch and disconnect.
- Replacement is the reverse.

CONTROL SENSOR (Fig. 9.3)

- Remove the Lower Front Panel.
- Undo the single fixing on the front of the display panel and 'post' it back in to the access hole, using the clip to hold it in position.
- Remove the two retaining screws on the side of the Front Panel of the heater then pull it forward and away. Place safely to one side.
- Unclip the sensor retainer and withdraw the sensor.
- Trace the sensor cable back to its in-line two way connector, de-latch and disconnect.
- Replacement is the reverse.

FLUE THERMOSTAT (Fig. 9.4)

This is located on the sump flue connection.

- Remove the lower front panel.
- Pull off the electrical connector.
- Undo from the flue connection.
- Replacement is the reverse.

IGNITION CONTROL (Fig.9.4)

- Remove the lower front panel.
- Remove the cover over the ignition control connections, then de-latch and remove them.
- Pull the ignition control away from the gas valve.
- Replacement is the reverse.

ELECTRODE & GASKET (Fig.9.4)

- Remove the lower front panel.
- Remove the cover over the ignition control connections, then de-latch and remove them.
- Pull the ignition control away from the gas valve.
- Undo the two screws retaining the elecrode and pull straight out.
- Inspect the gasket and replace if damaged
- Replacement is the reverse.

GAS VALVE (Fig.9.4)

- Remove the ignition control, see above.
- Release the gas cock by undoing the four screws holding it to the gas valve.
- Remove the offset tube from the gas valve, unscrew the offset connector and transfer to the new gas valve.
- Release the gas valve from the venturi by undoing three screws. (See Fig.9.1)
- Replacement is the reverse.

IMPORTANT

Ensure the rubber seal and orifice are transfered from the old Valve and placed between the Venturi and Gas Valve before re-assembly.

- Light the Heater and check for gas leaks.
- After five minutes check the rate and combustion is correct to the data table. (inside Front cover).
- Adjust using the throttle screw on the gas valve clockwise to decrease CO₂, anti-clockwise to increase CO₂. (Fig. 9.1)

FAN (See Fig. 9.4)

- Remove the lower front panel.
- Remove the electrical connector on the fan.
- Remove the two screws holding the venturi to the fan.
- Undo the four screws holding the fan to the fan mounting and remove.
- Ensure the baffle plate and fan gasket is retained on the fan mounting. (Fig. 9.4).
- Transfer the venturi gasket to the new fan.
- Replacement is the reverse.

VENTURI (Fig. 9.4)

- Remove the lower front panel.
- Pull off the air tube (Fig. 9.4).
- Undo the three screws holding the venturi to the gas valve.
- Undo the two screws holding the venturi to the fan and remove.
- Ensure the gasket is transferred to the new venturi or positioned on the fan before positioning the replacement.
- Ensure the rubber gasket between the gas valve and venturi is correctly positioned.
- Replacement is the reverse.
- Allow the heater to ignite and check for gas leaks after the gas valve.
- After five minutes check the rate and combustion is correct to the data table. (inside front cover). Adjust using the throttle screw on the gas valve clockwise to decrease CO₂, anti- clockwise to increase CO₂. (Fig. 9.1)

SPARE PARTS

O ring, gascock Gas Valve Electrode gasket Electrode Burner Insulation Burner Ignition Lead Pressure & Temperature Relief valve	B314 G070 G071 G072 G073 G074 G075 G076 G077	Unvented Kit Fan Gasket Fan User LCD Control Burner Control Flue Thermostat High Limit Sensor Pocket, Thermostat Control Sensor
Venturi	G077	Control Sensor
	Gas Valve Electrode gasket Electrode Burner Insulation Burner Ignition Lead Pressure & Temperature Relief valve	Gas ValveG070Electrode gasketG071ElectrodeG072Burner InsulationG073BurnerG074Ignition LeadG075Pressure & Temperature Relief valveG077



Fig 9.2







NEOflo Product Fiche			
Product name		SC25/200	SC25/300
Declared load profile	-	XXL	XXL
Water heating energy efficiency class	-	В	В
Water heating energy efficiency	%	79	78
Annual energy vonsumption	kWh	24	24
Annual energy vonsumption	Gj	24	25
Other load profiles for which the water heater is suitable to use and the corresponding heating energy efficiency and annual electricity consumption	-	-	-
Thermostat temperature setting	°C	60	60
Sound power level L _{WA} indoors	dB	46	46
Ability to operate only in off-peak hours	-	No	No
Enabled smart control settings	-	-	-
Specific precautions that shall be taken when the water heater is assembled, installed or maintained:	Before any assembly, installation or maintenance the installation and operation manual has to be read attentively and to be followed		





All the technical information you need is easy to find on our website, using your smart phone, tablet or PC:

-BIM files -CAD files -Brochures -Technical specification sheets -Case studies -Installation manuals -User guides -Size-It Tool

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